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The Bombay Chron

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XV NO 149 BOMBAY SATURDAY JUNE 25 1927 ONE

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TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK

"JUST OFF BROADWAY"

A Mighty William Fox Picture in 6 parts—showing that there are empty stomachs and empty hearts on Broadway, but the latter predominate. Featuring the lovely

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WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO.

THE GRANDEST SPECTACLE OF ANCIENT ROME!

TO-NIGHT : : : : : : : : : : : THIS WEEK

—NERO—

WILLIAM FOX GIANT—SUPER STAGED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF J. GORDON EDWARDS!

SEE NERO FIDDLE WHILE ROME BURNS!

The World's Wickedest Woman—

No photoplay has ever received such wonderful notices as this gigantic super production.

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AT

MODERATE RATES

A Personal visit to our establishment will satisfy you of facts.

The latest style in suiting for Winter and Summer wear. High Class workmanship. Perfect finish. Expert trained Cutter. Complete Outfitting and Travelling Goods at the most Reliable Prices.

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PURE EUCALYPTUS OIL.

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67, ESPLANADE ROAD,
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of all troubles, even Cataract, Gloucoma, Granular lids etc., cured Without Knife by our nature's remedy Cocoanut Brand, "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4 Postage extra. Ask particulars.

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is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.

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is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruise chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain-troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

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It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:—

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SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. PORT, BOMBAY
Branches:—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.

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INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities
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THE FIRST PURELY INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

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Rs. 20/- per each Rs. 1,000 per year, the Highest Bonus ever declared before by any Indian Company on Endowment Assurances.

Apply for Prospectus and Terms of Agencies to:—

THE GENERAL MANAGER,
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THE SECRETARY,
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TELEGRAMS: ALUMINIUM, BOMBAY.

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The **Leading Firm** for LION BRAND ALUMINIUM and SUPERIOR GERMAN SILVER WARES of all sizes and descriptions, aluminium circles and German Silver wire and sheets.

The **Oldest Dealers** in CAPS OF ALL KINDS and embroidered satin and velvet and other fancy clothes for Children.

Sole Agents for THE WORLD-FAMOUS RAJA-RAVI-VARMA PICTURES and Dealers in pictures frames and other accessories.

The **Cheapest Place** for Satin, Brockade, Cotton and Silk Velvet and Velvetine, Mohair plush, Seal Skin plush, broad Cloth, Melton, etc..

BUSINESS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. TERMS CASH OR V.P.P.
CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

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ORIENTAL

Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Established 1874. Funds Rs. 7,00,00,000

An ORIENTAL Limited Payment Life Policy with Profits is the SAFEST and MOST PROFITABLE FAMILY PROVISION securable.

The results of a 30 Years Limited Payment Participating Policy for Rs. 10,000 payable at death, effected at Age 23 next birthday on the assumption that Bonuses will be maintained at the last declared rate of Rs. 22½ per thousand per annum. Annual Premium Rs. 310.

If Death occur in	Sum payable Including Bonus at assumed rate	Total Premiums paid.	Excess of Sum payable over Premiums paid.
6th year	Rs. 11,350	Rs. 1,860	Rs. 9,490
12th ,,	,, 12,700	,, 3,720	,, 8,980
18th ,,	,, 14,050	,, 5,580	,, 8,470
24th ,,	,, 15,400	,, 7,440	,, 7,960
30th ,	,, 16,750	,, 9,300	,, 7,450
36th ,,	,, 18,100	,, 9,300	,, 8,800
42nd ,,	,, 19,450	,, 9,300	,, 10,150

For Prospectus, etc., apply to H. E. Jones, F. F. A., A. I. A., Manager, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY or to any of the Offices Undernoted:—

AHMEDABAD
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MANDALAY
MANGALORE
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NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED,
HEAD OFFICE:— 7 Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

BONUS TO POLICY HOLDERS.

In the Valuation as at 31st December 1925 a comparison of Assets with Liabilities shows a

Surplus of Rs. 8,40,044

enabling Bonuses to be paid at the following rates in respect of the past four years:—

Rs. 15 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Whole Life Assurance Policies.
Rs 10 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Endowment Assurance Policies.

Provision has been made for *Interim Bonuses.*

PRESENT POSITION OF THE COMPANY.

LIFE FUNDS
at the end of 1925—Rs. 82,70,393, Premium Income for 1925 ..Rs. 16,46,090.
Rate of Interest earned on mean Fund of 1925 .. ..Rs. 6-10-6 % net
Rate anticipated in the Valuation calculation .. .. ..Rs. 4- 0-0 % net
Difference being Interest profit .. .. ..Rs. 2-10-6

Low Premiums. Prompt Claim Settlements. Undoubted Security.

APPLY TO:—**BRANCH SECRETARY,** A[illegible] Building, Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY.

INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.

SPLENDID BONUS 25 % of the premium refunded as Bonus.

Funds above Rs. [illegible] LACS.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor Premium Re. 1 or 8 as. per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA; or to

Messrs. **R. M. DIVADKAR & Co.,** Chief Agents, Esoof Building, [illegible] Street, [illegible]

RD

being Annas Twelve

MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—Advertisemet Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—At ONCE—A duly qualified LADY DOCTOR for the Women's Hospital, Bharatpur, Rajputana. Salary offered Rs. 125-25-200 with free partly furnished quarters. Private practice allowed. Apply stating qualifications, nationality and age with copies of testimonials to THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, BHARATPUR.
A 28716

WANTED—MANAGERS, ASSISTANT MANAGERS and ACCOUNTANTS for a Bank and its Branches to be opened very shortly. Cash security Rs. 3,000/-, 2,000/-, 1,000. Pay Rs. 150/-, 100/-, 75/- Selected candidates will have to join at once. Please apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1991 Adct. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
A R306

APPLICATIONS for admissions into the OVERSEER and SUB-OVERSEER classes of the CIVIL ENGINEERING SCHOOL, LUCKNOW. (managed and maintained by the Hindu Education Society, Registered under Act XXI of 1860) should reach the Principal on or before the 1st of July, 1927. Selected candidates will be informed of the date on which they should join the school. Applications without admission fee will not be considered. Apply for Prospectus to the PRINCIPAL.
A 28639

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS for the Sale of "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions. Only those who are prepared to give Security Deposit need apply for Terms and further particulars to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," 189, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay

EDUCATIONAL.

ISLAMIA HIGH SCHOOL, Etawah. (U. P.)—RE-OPENS after summer vacation on July 16th, 1927. Applications for admission and prospectus should be made to the HEAD MASTER.
M 28630

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

NT.

IST with some knowledge thand is prepared to work in at a moderate salary. Appy Box 1993 Advt. Deptt. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R312

WANTED—A GRADUATE, strong in English for the Modasa High School. Apply stating terms, etc., to the PRESIDENT, Modasa Education Society, MODASA. (Dist. Ahmedabad.)
A 28727

WANTED—A CORRESPONDENCE TYPIST for a spare or day time. Apply personally in writing with lowest salary. RATANLAL HARILAL DALAL & CO. 379/81, Bhindy Bazar, Bombay 9.
A R315

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET

TO LET at Virlaparle, a decent BUNGALOW, having one Hall and 8 rooms with beautiful garden, just two minutes' walk from railway station. Apply to AKBARALLI MOOSABHAI RAJA, Carnac Bunder, Iron Bazar, Phone No. 22634.
C 28735

TO LET in LINDEN HOUSE, Appollo Bunder, one big SHOP and one decent FLAT facing sea. Apply to AKBARALLI MOOSABHAI RAJA, Carnac Bunder, Iron Bazar, Phone No. 22634.
C 28736

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

WANTED—HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE, 250 H.P. new or second hand. Apply with specifications and full particulars to Box No. 1992 Advt., Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
K R307

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.

Corona Four Latest New	Rs. 195
Corona Three fine	Rs. 95
Remington 10 Latest Slightly used	Rs. 150
Remington 10 Brief good	Rs. 110
Remingtons 10 & 11 from	Rs. 75
Gujarati Remington 9	Rs. 125
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Rebuilt Remingtons Nos. 10 & 11 and Olivers 9, F'scap & Brief at specially reduced prices. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO. 321, Hornby Road, Opp. Petit's Institute Fort, Bombay.

MEDICAL.

YOUTH REGAINED.—By using Richter's Special Remedies.—PROTESTIN, SPERMIN, HORMOGLAND-PREPARATIONS. Indications: Sexual Neurasthenia, Impotence, Frigidity, Climacterium. Virile, such as PROTESTIN. Tablets, Indications: Sexual Neurasthenia, Impotence, Hypertrophy of Prostate. Protestin in a compound preparation of extracts of testicles and prostate gland with an additional dose of the alcaloid Yohimbin and a cerebral extract containing specific lipoids. This preparation ensures a more intensified specific effect upon the genitospinal centres and upon the vascularisation of the genital organs. Dosage: Daily 3 to 6 Tablets. For full particulars apply for the literature of the medicinal treatment of sexual neurasthenia. Prices, per bottle of 100 tablets Rs. 5/2 and 50 Rs. 2/12/. CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER, LTD., Budapest. X. Sole agents in the Bombay Presidency and C. P. LAVCHAND VARAJDAS & CO., Princess St., Bombay, No. 2.
R310

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.

(Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS of the Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2. postage As. 5 extra.

LEUCODERMA.—Patients who are suffering from longstanding Leucoderma, other treatments baffled, I shall cure them in a fortnight by LEUCODERMINE. Absolutely no harm. If failure, money refunded. Rs. 5/- per phial nett. Dr. B. K. Chowdhury, 26/2, Grey Street, Calcutta.
P. 28515-A

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

CHEAP BUILDING PLOTS AT BANDRA.—The last eleven plots at Chapel Road are now available at reduced rates in order to close the accounts. For particulars apply.—LAND MANAGER, Development Department, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay.
N 28730

PROFESSION.

FOR ALL PROBLEMS regarding Fortune, consult the original Fort Fortune-Teller, Prof. N. PURSHOTTAM, Empire Bldg. Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Attendance 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS.

PERSIA —BALUCHISTAN —AFGHANISTAN PRODUCTS.—Persian Rose Gulkand 4 lbs. tin Rs. 6/-, Rose Water bottle 4/8/0; Persian Saffron 8/- ounce; Assafoetida, Salabmisri 9/- lbs. Cumins Black 2/- lbs: Assorted Dry Fruits 9 lbs. 7/-; Delivery Free. Quality Special, AFGHANISTAN FRUIT AGENCY, Quetta.
F R224

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CLEARANCE SALE.—FOOTWEAR AN LEATHER GOODS SAMPLES Bangalore pattern sandals made of stout leather strongly stitched. Sale prices As -|11|- to Re. 1|4|- Many other interesting low priced lines. Write for clearance list. THE CHROME LEATHER CO., Chromepet P. O. S. India.
T 28690A

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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The Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay.

GOVERNMENT DIPLOMA IN ACCOUNTANCY COURSE.

ENROLMENTS for the above course and admissions into the College HOSTEL are being made daily. For admission, please apply to the PRINCIPAL immediately.
28729

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY: NO. 345 OF 1927.

Re: (1) ALLIMAHOMED EBRAHIM and (2) HAJI HASAM EBRAHIM, brothers, both of Bombay, Manomedan inhabitants, carrying on business in Bombay in partnership under the name and style of Messrs. Allimahomed Haji Cassam at Chakla, outside the Fort of Bombay: Adjudged Insolvents.

Ex Parte: Messrs. MAHOMED ABDULLA AND CO., a firm: Petitioning Creditors.

WHEREAS the abovenamed (1) Allimahomed Ebrahim and (2) Haji Hasam Ebrahim, have been this day duly adjudged to have committed act of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the office of the said Official Assignee.

Dated this 21st day June, 1927.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Chief Clerk.

28733

LEGAL NOTICES.

ABSTRACT OF THE WRIT OF SUMMONS.

Under 0.37 R.2 of the Code of Civil Procedure

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 869 of 1927.

Messrs. SHA VERSEE PUNJA a firm, doing business as Agents, Shroffs and Brokers at Mandvi, outside the Fort of Bombay .... Plaintiffs

vs.

PATEL JIWANLAL RANCHODDAS JHAVERI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant formerly residing at Gode Bunder Road, Kandivili, Bombay. and whose present whereabouts are not known ....Defendant

GEORGE V. etc.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Order 37 R.2 of the Civil Procedure Code for Rs. 1,478|12 for principal and interest, costs of the suit and interest on judgment * * * due to them by you at the foot of an acknowledgment * * dated 3rd October, 1926, for Rs. 1,478|12 * * you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days of such service, for leave to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 1,478|12 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rupees Two Hundred for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of 0.37 rule 3 of the said Code.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 9th day of May, 1927.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

Sd.) E. J. DAVAR
for Ag. Prothonotary.
E. J. DAVAR.

The 9th day of May, 1927.

Messrs. DHARAMSI DADACHANJI AND CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

28691

NOTICE.

UNDER instructions from our clients Messrs. BHAWANIDAS HARIDAS and JADAVJI THAKERSEY, the Special Commissioners and Joint Receivers appointed by the High Court in Suit No. 288 of 1927 of the firm of Morarji Kanji and Vishnupant Notice is hereby given that all Creditors and other persons having debts, claims or other demands against the said firm in respect of moneys lent, goods supplied or services rendered, etc., or of any nature whatsoever previous to the date of this Notice are to forward their claims to our said clients at their address at Thakersey Govindji's mala, old Hanuman 1st Cross Lane, Bombay No. 2, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 p.m. with full supporting vouchers within fifteen days from the date of this notice, after which date no such debts, claims or demands will be considered and the claims if any not so forwarded will be considered to have been waived.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1927.

DIKSHIT MANEKLAL AND CO.,

Attorneys for Messrs. Bhawanidas Haridas and Jadavji Thakersey, the Special Commissioners and joint Receivers in suit No. 288 of 1927.

28737

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

Re: BAI DOSIBAI widow of Edulji Cowasji Bharucha alias Indawala deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the abovenamed deceased who died on the 12th day of March, 1926, and Probate of whose Will was granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, on the 20th day of August, 1926 to Bai Meherbai, widow of Gustadji Nowroji Suntoke and Shavaksha Edulji Bharucha are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims and demands in writing to Messrs. PAYNE and Co., attorneys for the said executrix at their office at Mercantile Bank Buildings, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned the Solicitors for the said Executor at the undermentioned address on or before the 1st day of August, 1927, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall have then notice.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1927.

PATELL & CO.,

Attorneys for Mr. Shavaksha Edulji Bharucha one of the Executors.
Address:—Cook's Building, Hornby Road. (Fort, Bombay.

N 28730

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY: NO. 105 OF 1926.

Re: VITHALDAS VANMALIDAS DAGA of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Gaiwadi, Girgaum, formerly a speculator in cotton and cloth in the name and style of "Vithaldas Daga" at his residence till the year 1919 and now a Broker in cotton at Marwadi Bazar, Bombay: An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 16th August, 1927, at 11.15 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1927.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Chief Clerk.

28734

AUCTION SALES.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF RAILWAY STORES, ETC., AT THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY CO. SCRAP YARD MAHALAKSHMI.

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 11th and TUESDAY the 12th July 1927 at 1-30 p.m. at the Railway Co.'s Stores Depot (Scrap yard) Mahalakshmi.

A quantity of Railway plants, stores, etc., consisting of bridge tees; Teodolite; wheel tyres: C. I. Miscellaneous: India Rubber Scrap: Drums: Kegs: Files: Lamps: Rails of sorts and sizes: cast and wrought iron and steel scrap of sorts: cast steel scrap: Channels: Angle Iron: Pipes: W. L. Girders: Wood: Locks: Bridge work (Iron Scrap): Cast Iron Chairs: wheels: axles and Miscellaneous other stores.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required when lots are knocked down and the balance must be paid and the goods removed away within one month failing which the Railway Company will not be responsible for their safe custody and the goods will be resold on account and at the risk of the first purchaser.

A monthly rent of rupees 5 per cent. on the value of the materials will be charged by the Company as ground rent on all lots that are not removed within the stipulated time allowed for their removal.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RAJAH, MAHARAJAH AND THOSE REQUIRING ARTISTIC VALUABLE FURNITURE, CRYSTAL GLASS, FULL SIZE BILLIARD TABLE COMPLETE, COTTAGE PIANO, CHANDELIERS, TERRACOTA AND PORCELAIN FIGURES AND BUSTS WITH ELECTRIC LIGHTS, RICH CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, RICH OIL PAINTINGS, ETC. ETC.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 2.30 p.m. (S. T.) and TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 26th instant at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & COY. are instructed to sell by public auction at "Adenwalla's Bungalow," Cumballa Hill, opposite Messrs. Kemp & Coy. and next to "Banoo Mansion," very valuable furniture, consisting of rich tapestry lined settee sofas and chairs, large and small drawing room cabinets by Wimbridge and Benjamin, one cottage piano Scheneider, rich tapestry lined swing, rich oil paintings in gold gilt frames, large dining table for 24 persons with leather lined chairs by Wimbridge, side-boards, single wooden beadsteads with box mattresses, plain and glass door almyrahs and cup-boards, dressing chest of drawers, gas and coal stoves, etc., etc.

The property of a gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT FERGUSSON ROAD, PAREL.

Under instructions of Mr. N. H. Moos the Receiver appointed in suit No. 3347 (Rehmabai, widow and others plaintiffs, vs. Abdul Latiff Ahmed and another Defendants) and pursuant to the order made in the above suit on 3rd February, 1927, the undersigned will sell by public auction on Monday the 18th Proximo at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises, the undermentioned property:—

All that piece of Foras land together with the message tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Fergusson Road, admeasuring about 1,613 square yards registered by the Collector under Old No. 240 New No. CI|12225, Old Survey No. nil New Survey No. 2F|3133 and Cadastral Survey No. 296 Lower Parel Division assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 1104 (10), 1104 (11) Street Nos. 108 AD|108AG and bounded on the North by the said Fergusson Road, on the South by a water passage on the East by the property of Shaik Hamid Shaik Dawood Kabekar and beyond that by the property of Liladhar and on the West by the property of Tokersey Devsey and beyond that by the property of Edward Sassoon Mills.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. JAMSEDJEE RUSTOMJEE AND DEVIDAS, Attorneys for the said Receiver.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 CASES TYPE PRINTERS AND IRON STANDS.

Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will, This Day SATURDAY, the 25th inst., sell by public auction at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.) at their auction rooms by order of the bank concerned:

4 Cases Type Printers and Iron Stands.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

This day SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

On account of the Underwriters: and by order of the Concerned:—
1 Barrel aniline salt.
1 Solid Tyre (36 x 4).

AT 2.30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubbertyred vis a vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber tyred office Shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

BENNETT AND CO.

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AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT and During THIS WEEK. **KRISHNA FILM CO.'S Classical Production.** **Commencing from 25th June 1927.**

Beautiful Social Story—Showing how some of the old customs butcher the lives of young ladies—Choice marriage makes the life easy-going and pleasant, while a marriage without choice and without consideration of ages of the pair ruins the lives of both. Here is the bright example. See it to-day.

HIGH CLASS SOCIAL PICTURE

SHARAD - PURNIMA

FEATURING

Miss GULAB—Well-known Screen Beauty.
And Mr. KESHAVLAL (Keshavkant, B.A.)

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE,
New Charni Rd.

Story — Natvarshyam — Scenerio—"KRISHNA-KUMAR." Direction — Mr. MEHTA — Photographed By Mr. LUHAR.

A High class subject.—All Indians must see this production.

Please see it to-day with your family and friends—**TIME : Saturday, Sunday at 3 P. M.**
Daily : 5—7—9—11 P.M.

Coming Sharda Production
Shortly '**GULZAR**"

Coming ! Coming ! !
Krishna Picture Marodna-Gha
HATIM TAI.

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD.

DAILY at : 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30. Saturday and Sunday at 3-30.

TIME! Right into the fray with

GENE TUNNEY

Pathe Serial star world war veteran and popular Heavyweight Boxer in 10 Episodes of breezy, bang-up action

THE

"FIGHTING MARINE"

First Week, 4 Episodes, 8 parts.

FIRST TIME IN INDIA.

It is said to be a thriller from thrillersville, a story with the action which red blooded ex-soldier would have craved right after the war.

Programme includes **LARRY SIMON COMEDY.**

PRECIOUS CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

AN ENTIRELY NEW—POWERFUL—RAVART SERIAL—NOW FOR THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY!

TO-NIGHT - - - - - - - THIS WEEK.

"The Phantom Police"

A Thrilling Romance of a Police Officer's valiant attempts to track down a gang of internationally famous Scoundrels, featuring the pet idol of the Millions

HERBERT RAWLINSON with **MAX AND MORITZ**

The World's Most famous Man-like Chimpanzees !

The Six further Parts of the Serial Contain real thrills!

THRILLING STUNTS! HAIR-RAISING INCIDENTS!

FURTHER 6 PARTS — EPISODES 4-5 and 6—THIS WEEK

A Sensational Tale of daring deeds!

Prices : Box Rs. 1-2-0; Balcony As. 14; Sofa As. 9; First Class 7 Annas; Second Class 4 Annas; Third Class 3 Annas.

TO-NIGHT :—3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

OWING TO PUBLIC DEMAND

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD

CONTINUES FOR ONE WEEK MORE

Second Instalment (Last 8 Reels) of

SHARDA FILM COMPANY'S SUPER PRODUCTION

JAN-E-ALAM ANJUMANARA

The most interesting and realistic Production.

DAILY Four Shows:—5-15, 7, 8-45, and 10-30 p.m.
Extra Shows on Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3-30 p. m

COMING *Next Week*

The Imperial Film Company's Social Production

THE VILLAGE GIRL Featuring Miss **SULOCHANA.**

Best Picture for this Week.

Kohinoor Film Co.'s Social Picture

WHY HUSBANDS GO ASTRAY?

A Sensational Picture of Present Society

Featuring

Miss GAUHAR the well-known Star.

It is the picture worth seeing. Only picture which can compete with foreign pictures.

CINEMA MAJESTIC,

GIRGAUM

DAILY : At 5—7—9—11. Sat. Sun. Extra Show at 3 P.M.

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WILL STAGE

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GAIETY THEATRE

ON

SATURDAY, 25—6—1927 (Night) at 9-30 P. M.

AND

SUNDAY, 26—6—1927 (Day) at 3-30 P. M.

'Kumali-Kali'

(Composed by Mr. Shila, Author of Sansar Nowkar)

Mr. BAPULAL	**will act as**	**PRANJIWAN**
Mr. JAISHANKAR	**(Sundar)**	**MANGALA.**

BAPULAL B., Proprietor.

The Savage
with
BEN
LYON
MAY
McAVOY
First National Pictures

7 Reels

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE

TIME : 6-15, 8-15, and 10 P.M.
MATINEE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P.M.

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The opportunity to extend your Business will be afforded to you by

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The most popular daily published both in English and Tamil (Vernacular) By advertising in it you will find a

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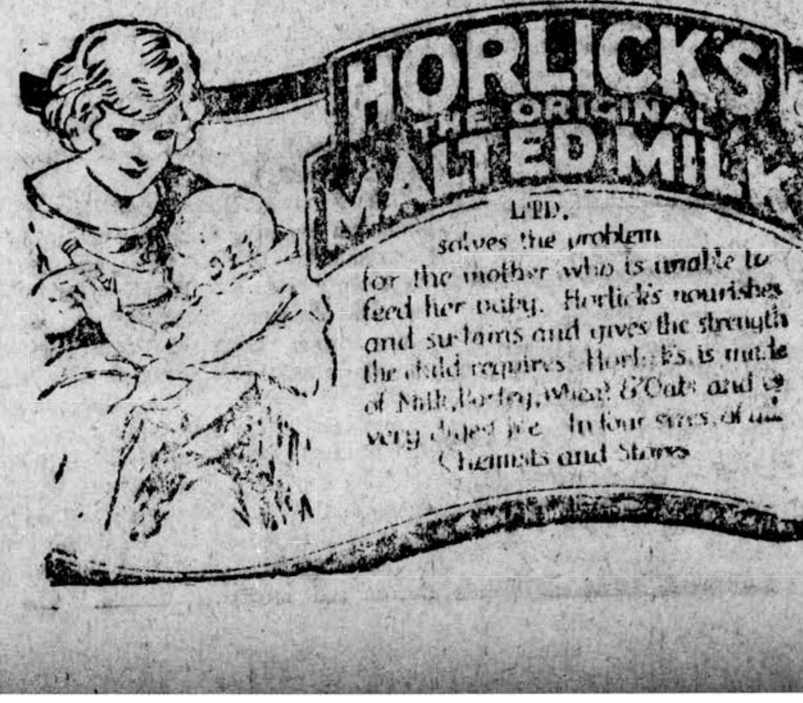


LTD.
solves the problem for the mother who is unable to feed her baby. Horlick's nourishes and sustains and gives the strength the child requires. Horlick's is made of Milk, Barley, Wheat & Oats and is very digestible. In four sizes, of all Chemists and Stores.

"So Healthy & Vigorous"

"And to think that a short time ago he was one of those nervous, plodding men of whom nobody takes much notice."

"Yes, he certainly is a success now. He simply radiates energy and power."

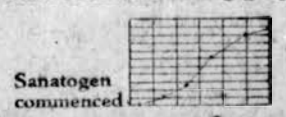
Dr. Claude L. Wheeler, the well-known scientist, writes :

"The user of Sanatogen is richly rewarded in freedom from languor, a gain of strength and activity, alertness of mind and a rapid restoration of the ability to plan and execute.

Sir Gilbert Parker, Bt., the famous novelist, writes :

"I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It feeds the nerves, increasing the energy and giving fresh vigour to the over-worked body and mind."

Sanatogen infuses into the very cells of the blood and nerves those elements—phosphorus and albumin—from which bodily health and nerve-strength are derived. Scientific research has proved beyond doubt that Sanatogen increases the number of red blood cells enormously, viz. 80,000 per c.mm. in one week, or 200,000 in a fortnight (figures supplied by one of the leading hospitals). And in the *Medical Echo*, of March 1924, a physician published the following graph :



Average increase of red blood corpuscles in 80 cases treated with Sanatogen.

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When you feel nervous or run-down, take Sanatogen for a few weeks and feel the difference in your own health.

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The public are warned that bicycles sold as "B.S.A. Pattern" are not the products of B.S.A. Cycles Limited nor are they in any way connected with genuine B.S.A. Bicycles.

Every genuine factory-built B.S.A. Bicycle bears the Company's Trade Mark, as illustrated, on the steering head, and the Three Piled Rifles are stamped on all the important parts, such as the cranks, pedals, hubs, seat pillar, etc. The letters "B.S.A." are also incorporated in the design of the chain wheel. Look for these when purchasing a bicycle advertised or sold as a B.S.A.

B.S.A. Bicycles carry the B.S.A. 50 years' guarantee.

This transfer is clearly marked on the steering head of every genuine B.S.A. Bicycle, and the Three Piled Rifles are stamped on the hubs, pedals, cranks, etc. It is a guarantee of high quality and reliability.

B.S.A. CYCLES LTD. - BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND
(Proprietors—The Birmingham Small Arms Co. Ltd.)

AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

TO-MORROW SUNDAY, the 26th inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public auction at Aimai Villa, Tejpal Road, Gamdevi, rich and selected pieces of dining, drawing and bedroom furniture including dining table and chairs, Chesterfield suites, silk velvet and tapestry lined-drawing room suites, writing table, single and double mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of Drawers, single and double bedsteads, rich crockery and glassware, etc., etc.

Furniture on view.

Property of a private gentleman and others.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 CASES MANGO PULP.

By order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. The Bengal Canning and Condiment Works Ld., of Calcutta, the Consignees, Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 27th June, 1927 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort.—

7 cases mango pulp.

The goods on view.

Terms.—25 per cent deposit and delivery within three days.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

BANKING.

Bank of India, Ld.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad,
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 79,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Union Bank of India, Limited.

APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 39,90,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—

INTEREST allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December. Cheques with Gujerati signatures accepted without verification by an officer of the Bank.

FIXED and SHORT DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK:—

INTEREST allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance Withdrawals allowed twice a week.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted against approved securities.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

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SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time, but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Bank Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Reserve Funds upto 31-12-26	23,82,000
Paid Up Capital upto 31-12-26	30,95,326

HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL
LAHORE.

BRANCHES.

Abohar
Allahabad
Amritsar
Amballa City
Amballa Cant.
Bombay
Cawnpore
Calcutta
Delhi
D. I. Khan
Ferozepore
Gujranwalla
Gojra
Hafizabad
Hoshiarpur

Hyderabad (Sind)
Jullundur
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Jammu
Jhelum City
Jhang (Maghiana)
Karachi
Kasur
Lahore City
Lyallapur
Ludhiana
Meerut City
Multan City

Montegomery
Montgomery)
Okara (Dist.
Peshawar Cant.
Peshawar City
Patiala
Quetta
Rawalpindi
Sangla Hill
Sargodha
Sialkot City
Simla
Srinagar

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS:—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of Business apply to:—

SHIV DATTA,
Manager.

Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON).
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	„ 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 92,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

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Bombay
Buenos Aires
Calcutta
Canton
Changchun
Darien
Fengtien
Hamburg
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kai Yuan

Karachi
Kobe
London
Los Angelos
Lyons
Manila
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Nagoya
Osaka
Peking
Rangoon
Rio de Janeiro
Saigon

Seattle
San Francisco
Samarang
Shanghai
Singapore
Shimonoseki
Sourabaya
Sydney
Tientsin
Tokyo
Tsinan
Tsingtao
Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs.1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

WASHIO,
Manager.

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1927			
25 June	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	16,088
2 July	RAJPUTANA		16,568
9 „	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10,902
16 „	MALWA		10,940
23 „	RAZMAK	MONGOLIA x	16,504
30 „	RANPURA		16,585
6 Aug.	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,120
13 „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,434
20 „	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,820
27 „	CHINA		7 957
3 Sept.	DELTA	RAWALPINDI*	16,619
10 „	MANTUA		10,902
17 „	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,836
24 „	RAJPUTANA		16,575
1 Oct.	RAZMAK@		10,602
8 „	RANPURA		16,585
15 „	NALDERA x		16,088
22 „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
29 „	RAZMAK@		10,602
5 Nov.	RAWALPINDI		16,619
12 „	NARKUNDA x		16,302
19 „	RANCHI		16,650
26 „	RAJPUTANA.	MACEDONIA*	11,120
3 Dec.	RAZMAK		10,602
10 „	RANPURA	MOOLTANx	20,847
17 „	RAJPUTANA.		16,568
24 „	RANPURA	MANTUA*	10,946
31 „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,518
1928			
7 Jan.	RAWALPINDI,	MALOJAx	20,837
14 „	RANPURA		16,601
21 „	RAWALPINDI.	MOREA*	10,953
28 „	RANCHI		16,650
4 Feb.	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	16,088
11 „	RAWALPINDI.		16,619
18 „	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,986
25 „	RAJPUTANA.		16,568

@ To Marseilles only.

X Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China have Limited accommodation for passengers from India

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "KAISAR-I-HIND" on the 4th June 1927 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 23rd September. The accommodation allotted will be the best available in the First Saloon at the time of application.

The fares will be as follows:—

To London and back by sea	£105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train Across France in both directions	£120
To Marseilles and back	£100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
30th June 27	DUMANA	8,427
14th July	MANDALA	8,246
28th July	MERKARA	8,283
18th Aug.	DOMALA	8,441
3rd Nov.	MANDALA	8,246
17th „	DUMANA	8,427
15th Dec.	MANELA	8,303

On most of the P. & O. Mail steamers and on the B.I. Home Line Steamers Cots for Infants are available at a charge of £3 for the voyage. Application for these Cots should be made well in advance.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN & AUSTRALIA

1927		Striats
29th July.	KIDDERPORE	China & Japan
30th Aug.	NYANZA	China & Japan
	MALWA	At Colombo for Australia.
27th Sept.	DELTA	China & Japan
	MACEDONIA	At Colombo for Australia

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO; MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1927		
29th June	BANKURA	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
1st July	VARELA	Busreh via Karachi
6th „	KARAPARA	East & South Africa

There will be sailings for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

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THE WEATHER

UNSETTLED WEATHER

SIMLA, June 24.

The monsoon has been active over North-east India, and the weather is unsettled in North-west Bay, off Vizagapatam. Disturbed conditions in the extreme north have caused wide-spread dust-storms along the Frontier and thunder showers in the Punjab and along the Western Himalayas. The Arabian Sea monsoon remains weak.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Konkan, the Punjab, Kumaon Hills and local in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, United Provinces, the Punjab, South-west Kashmir, Central Provinces, Hyderabad, North Coorg and Madras Deccan. A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the Punjab East and North, North-west Frontier Province, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad South, Madras South-east, and Madras Coast North.

Chief amounts are:—Kyaukpya four inches; Bhamo two; Gauhati one; Dhubri seven; Shillong two; Cherrapunji ten; Barisal and Jessore one; Mymensingh two; Dinajpur one; Jalpaiguri six; Naya Dumka two; Allahabad and Bahrich a half; Mussooree three; Simla Khushab, Lyallpur, Gilgit, and Ahmedabad a quarter; Jubbulpore and Soni three quarters; Jagdarpur three; and Ratnagiri three quarters.

Forecast:—No large change.—A. P.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

24th June 1927

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a. m. of	Total since 1st June 1927	June 1st to 1925	June 1st to 1926
	In. Ct.	In. Ct	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba Point	0.07	27.76	22 25	3 40
Fort	0.48	28.83	22 56	2 64
J. J. Hospital	0.46	23.99	22 76	2 70

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

(For the 24th June 1927.)

—Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 24th June 1927, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Junjab.—Ambala reports 0·10 in. of rain. Skies are mostly clear and the air is locally drier than usual. Maximum temperature was higher than usual in the eastern districts and the minimum lower in the central parts of the area. The highest temperature in the province yesterday was 109 deg. at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad has had 0.42 in. of rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Allahabad and in defect at Jhansi. Maximum temperature was above normal in the whole of the province; the minimum was higher than usual at Jhansi and lower at Allahabad. The thermometer rose yesterday to 106 deg. at Agra.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports 0.24 in. of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded over lower Sind and southwest Rajputana and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Moisture in the air is almost as usual. Temperature was nearly normal everywhere except at Jacobabad, where the maximum alone was higher than usual and reached 118 deg. yesterday.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Ahmedabad has had 0·28 in. of rain. Skies are in general lightly to moderately clouded and the air is locally drier than usual. Maximum temperature was above normal in parts of Gujrat and Kathiawar; the minimum was almost as usual throughout the division.

The Central Provinces.—Jubbulpore reports 0.69 in. of rain, Amraoti 0·41 in. and Nagpur 0·42 in. Skies are in general moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in excess at Jubbulpore and in defect at Hoshangabad. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The Konkan.—Bombay has had 0·07 in. of rain, Ratnagiri 0.80 in. and Karwar 0.12 in. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal. Temperature was almost as usual in the division and attained at Bombay a maximum value of 85.3 deg. (1 deg. below normal) and a minimum value of 80.7 deg. (2 deg. above normal.)

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.19 in. of rain and Nizamabad 0·13 in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect at Ahmednagar. Temperature was almost normal except at Poona, where the maximum alone was lower than usual.

General Remarks.—The monsoon continues weak. Rain has fallen locally in the east United Provinces, Gujarat, the west Central Provinces, the Konkan, north Hyderabad, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast and at a few stations in the Punjab, Rajputana, the Bombay Deccan and southeast Madras. The chief amounts, besides those already mentioned, are 0.10 in. at Cuddapah, 0·28 in. at Masulipatam and 0.31 in. at Madras.

Forecast.—Large change is not likely next 24 hours.

Observations recorded at 8 hrs, on Friday, the 24th of June 1927.

STATIONS.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours.	Total 1st. June to date	Departure 1st June date
Quetta	..	0	-0.08
Multan	..	0.21	-0.17
Rawalpindi	..	0·35	-0.88
Lahore	..	0.50	-0.54
Hissar	–	0.17	-0.92
Ambala	..	0.65	-0.80
Delhi	..	0.10	-1.51
Agra	0.02	0.70	-0.48
Mainpuri	..	1.24	+0.45
Jhansi	..	1.21	0
Cawnpore	–	1.47	-0.39
Allahabad	–	0.91	-1.41
Jacobabad	..	0	-0.11
Karachi	..	0	-0.44
Bikaner	..	0.70	-0.24
Ajmer	–	0.75	-0.65
Jaipur	–	0	-1.32
Kotah	–	0 16	-1.80
Mount Abu	–	2.00	-0.30
Bhuj	–	2.41	+1.29
Dwarka	..	0.14	-0.82
Veraval	–	4.10	-0.69
Rajkot	–	5.66	+2.77
Bhavnagar Para	–	3.74	+0.23
Surat	0.17	8.80	+3.29
Ahmedabad	0.96	3.36	+0.10
Deesa	..	1.88	+0.81
Neemuch	–	0.28	-2.30
Indore	..	3.53	-0.69
Jubbulpore	0.11	4.75	+0.37
Saugor	0.51	2.34	-1.22
Hoshangabad	–	2.95	-1.14
Khandwa	–	2.86	-0.98
Akola	..	6.00	+2.12
Amraoti	0.27	8.93	+4.33
Nagpur	0.22	8.96	+2.60
Chanda	3.86	4.86	+9.40
Raipur	..	8.11	+2.06
Bombay	0.89	27.69	+14.20
Ratnagiri	0.03	18.15	-4.81
Marmagoa	0.10	10.83	-13.56
Karwar	0.02	17.19	-12.24
Malegaon	..	6 40	+2.90
Ahmednagar	–	5.38	+1.04
Poona	0.07	6.09	+2.17
Sholapur	..	3.38	-0.42
Bijapur	..	1.88	-1.09
Belgaum	..	6.37	+0.14
Aurangabad	..	7.07	+2.81
Nizamabad (Indur.)	0.17	?	?
Hyderabad	0.22	4.00	+0.45
Mangalore	0·04	30.74	+0.82
Calicut	..	29.26	+1.19
Cochin	..	22.39	-0.38
Trivandrum	..	13.21	+2.16
Colombo	..	8.74	+1.61
Masulipatam	0.25	3.34	-0.27
Bellary	..	1.81	+0.30
Cuddapah	0.03	3.11	+0.86
Madras	..	0.52	-0.98
Bangalore	–	1.98	-0.47
Coimbatore	–	1.47	+0.09
Trichinopoly	..	2.90	+1.85
Negapatam	..	0.54	-0.39

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. 24th June 1927.

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F) at 8 a.m. 29.763 inches (068 above normal).

Barometer (corrected at 4 p.m. (previous day) 29.700 inches (.070 above normal.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .020 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.3 degrees (1.3 below normal.)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 80.7 degrees (1.8 above normal.)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent.

Relative Humidity at 4 p.m. (previous day) 81 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W. S. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 201 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 31 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 6.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.07 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 27.76 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 27.83 inches.

Bombay Widows' Pension Fund, Ltd.

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For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

AMERICANS: N. Y.:—Increased offerings,—Less enthusiasm to buy. Features 9 to 13 points lower.

LOCAL:—Small market. Closed quiet but steady.

Private Cables and Reports:—

Messrs. Langley & Co. have received the following telegraphic news:—

"With Exception of Weevil infestation crop conditions more satisfactory" Messrs. Patel Bros have received the following Cables to-day:—

N. Y. July Highest 16.68 (10-10 a.m.) lowest 16.56 (10.56 a.m)

Liverpool 9-15 a.m. Light to moderate rainfall Georgia, Central belt and West Texas.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Narden Co., cable under date 23rd Inst. as under:—

"Market declined on some improvement in weather outlook."

Messrs. Thomas Smith Co's report:—

There is no special feature to report in the Home markets. July liquidation may cause further small setback but we advise purchases.

AMERICANS:

Yesterday the New York futures market opened quiet and after some trading July contractes were quoted at 16.68 which proved to be the highest point for the day. Market declined 12 points on increased offerings and July sagged to 16.56 during the first hours. The market ruled quiet with less enthusiasm to buy and prices closed at a decline of 9 to 12 points. Spot cotton eased off 10 points to 16.85c.

The New Orleans Market ruled easy and closed at a decline of 12 to 13 points. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged to 16.49c.

The Liverpool market opened unchanged and ruled steady but later on declined on profit taking. The close was quiet at a decline of 6 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices improved by one point to 9.11d. per lb. and spot Sales were reported to be 10,000 Bales.

Reports received here indicate that the American Cotton crop is progressing favourably. Owing to improvement in crop prospects operators are not inclined to add further to their holdings. Private reports of 75 p.c. weather condition are pointing to normal state as the average crop condition in past years at this time of the season works out about 75 p.c. Thus it goes to from that in spite of alarming reports of floods, droughts and insect damage, the crop promises to-day to be of an average quantity. Of course much depends upon the ultimate weather but we do not believe that in the face of improvements in weather, any material rise is possible. However if Bulls make any attempt at the moment we believe it will result into a premature collapse.

LOCAL MARKET.

Bombay, June 24.

Following a decline of 9 to 12 points in New York futures, the local market opened for Broach July/August delivery at Rs. 335/. Only small business was report with a little change in the values. The market presented a tired appearance and operators are not inclined to increase risks at present level. Some believe that owing to approach of declaration day of Double options of July/August Broach, the market will not move much. The close of the market at Marwari Bazar session at 4 p.m. was as under:—

Broach				
July/Aug	335	335/8	335	335
Apl/May	343	343/8	343	343
Oomra				
July	327	327	326	326/8
Dec/Jan	326	326	325/8	325/8
Bengal				
Dec/Jan	294	294/4	294	294

SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, June 24.

Liverpool opened unchanged but later cables showed 3 points higher. Some Commission house was a small buyer which was offset by a Japanese house selling The close was quiet but steady.

Broach				
July/Aug	335	335/8	335	335/8
Apl/May	343	343/8	343	343/8
Oomra				
July	326	326/8	326	326/8
Dec/Jan	325	325/8	325	325/8
Bengal				
Dec/Jan	294/8	295	294/8	295

DAILY ROOM RATES.

Bombay, June 24.

Bengal Dec/Jan				293
Broach Apl/May				342
Broach July/Aug				335
Oomra Dec/Jan				326
Oomra July				324
Southern May/June				328
Bengal	319	313	306	298
S./P.	315	309	302	294
Rajputana	319	313	306	298
Broach	346	342	336	
S./D.	355	350	345	
P./A	358	351	344	337
K./V.	346	343	338	
Dholera	342	339	334	
Kalajin	345	342	337	
Surat	407	404	401	
Navsari	417	414	411	
Oomra No 3	334	330	324	
C. P. No. 1	346	342	336	
C. P. No. 2	340	336	330	
Khandesh	330	326	320	
Muthia	327	323	317	
Comptah		369	365	361

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 24

Ready Mill Terms New

Bengal Superfine M. G. 300/2
" Fine 298/300 Nove. +25/6 Dec. +16
" F.G. " 293/95
Sindh-Punjab Fine " 297/98
" F.G " 292/95
Wardha-Hingt. Fine M. G. 338/40
Nagpur 33 /40Nv. +31De +24
Yeotmal " 333/35
Arvi 333/35Nv +23 De +14
Amraoti " 328/30
Khamgaon-Akola 328/30 Nov. +21 Dec. +13
Mulkapur " " 323/25
Khandesh 322/23 Nov. +13/4 Dec. +3
Muthia Fine " 318/20
Nanded/Purna Best Quality " 332/35
Purna Average " 323/25
Parbhani/Sailu " " 323/25
Indore/Ujjain " " 325/28
Burwah Sanavad " 325/28
Broach Fine M.G., 338/40
F.G., 330/32
Westerns Good MG 328/30
" HG. "
Cambodia Fine M G 382/85
Miraj/Sangli F.G. M G 338/40
Compta F.G.M.G. 338/40
Dhollera
Kadi/Viramgam

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, June 24.

200	E. D. Sassoon	Bengal	305
100	Do.	Khandesh	305
500	Japan T. & Co.	Broach	340
100	L. K. Vashanjee	Africa	411
100	Ralli Bros	Broach	337
200	Mitha Nathoo	Broach	343
100	R. D. Tata	S./A.	338
200	Ozoburin	Arbi	335
100	Century Mill	Bijapur	330
200	Do.	Comptah	350
100	Currimbhai	Ujjain	322
200	Do.	Bijapur	328

DAILY COTTON STATISTICS

(MESSRS. BEUB[illegible] & CO.)

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, June 24

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st. September This Year	Last Year
Khandesh ..		3,12,516	2,90,154
Central India		2,94,065	3,70,570
Barsi and Nagar	115	1,97,618	2,19,292
Hyderabad-Gaorani		68,368	73,731
Berar	107	5,64,759	472579
Central Provinces		2,27,462	2,44,620
Total Oomras..	222	16,64,788	16,70,916
Dholera	1939	1,20,678	2,70,715
N.W. Provinces ..		57,379	1,29,418
Rajputana ..	310	53,773	1,05,938
Sind-Punjab ..		1,15,119	288,355
Broach		2,37,260	3,11,871
Coompta & Dharwar	463	1,19,757	1,28,510
Westerns-Northerns	1069	60530	83,266
Cocoanada ..		404	2,267
Tinneyelly & Cambodia	2380	29,370	49,199
Persian		4199	4,051
American.. ..		2,97,225	17,757
Egyptian and African		76,385	67,395
Comilla, Burma & Other sorts		252	3,347
Total	6,383	28,97,119	31,32,535

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 16th June.

In full pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year	Last year.
Europe	4075	3,20,775	4,92,841
Japan & China	5500	13,59,459	16,04,282
Coast Ports ..	300	20,635	21,932
Up-country by Rail		1,21,052	83,476
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		19,981	21,966
Total	9,875	18,41,902	22,24,497

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 24.

Receipts of various raw produce into Bombay upto noon the 22nd inst.

	Cwts.
Wheat ..	5,714
Linseed ..	8,220
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds ..	751
Gingellyseeds ..	142
Poppyseed ..	110
Groundnuts ..	2,429
Castorseed ..	1,294
Rice ..	21,030
Myrabollams ..	1,892
Cottonseed ..	650
Gram ..	1,046
Barley ..	698
Bajree ..	603
Coal ..	239 tons.

BULLION MARKET.

SILVER.

Bombay, June 23.

Yesterday London market closed at a decline of 1/16d. The tone of the market was quiet. China sold. Buyers holding back. Shanghai exchange was dull. The market for Ashad opened at Rs. 59 and declined to Rs. 58-14 on local operators selling. At the decline shorts were covering and the market closed steady as under at quotations per Bullion Brokers' Association Ltd.

	O.	H.	L.	Close.
Ready	58-14-0	..	..	59-0-0
Ashad	59-0-0	59-4-0	58-14-0	59-4-0
Shravan	58-15-0	59-3-0	58-13-0	58-13-0
New York Silver				56 6 0
Shanghai Exchange.				
Opened				2-6-5/8
Closed				2-6-3/8

GOLD.

Bombay, June 24.

The market ruled quiet and steady.
Bar gold spot 21/9/3.
Ashad 21/9/0.
Shravan 21/9/0.

EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 24.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 7/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 902.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 972.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 957.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 131 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 127 1/2
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling Rs. 136 1/2.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 173 1/2.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 156.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 276 1/2.
CROSS RATE—
London—New York Dol. 4.83 19/32.
London—Paris Frcs. 124.01.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.22.
London—Brusels Frcs. 34.96.
London—Rome Liras 84.50.
London—Berlin Marks 20.49.
Tone of Exchange.—Steady market.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, June 24.

3 Months 4 3/8 per cent.
6 months 4 13/32 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 per cent.
Money Call 4 per cent.
1 Month 3 per cent.
3 to 6 month 3 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—Steady.
Imperial Bank rate 5 per cent.

MILL STORES.

Bombay, June 24.

(Messrs. Maganbhai Amin and Co. Bombay.)

Current prices of sizing ingredients and heavy chemicals.

	Rs.	a.	p.
	Per Ton.		
China Clay, best quality	95	0	0
China Clay, bazar quality	85	0	0
	Per cwt.		
Farina, supra (Dutch)	14	12	0
Farina, superior (Dutch)	14	10	0
Epsom Salt	3	14	0
Sago Flour, 1st quality	11	14	0
Sago Flour, market quality	11	10	0
Maize Starch, Continental	12	6	0
Dextrine (Potato) White	20	8	0
Dextrine (Maize) White	17	8	0
Zinc Chloride, English	18	0	0
Zinc Chloride, German	16	12	0
Magnesium Chloride, German	4	10	0
Australian Mutton Tallow white	65	0	0
Vegetable Tallow, Good quality	33	0	0
Vegetable Tallow, Market quality	30	0	0
Turkey Red Oil, concentrated	45	0	0
Turkey Red Oil, 50 per cent Guaranteed	23	0	0
Turkey Red Oil, 50 per cent Market quality	20	0	0
Bleaching Powder, United Alkali Small Pkg.	11	0	0
Bleaching Powder, United Alkali Large Pkg.	10	0	0
Bleaching Powder, Electro (German) Small	10	6	0
Bleaching Powder, Electro (German) Large	9	8	0
Bleaching Powder, Continental	10	0	0
Sodium Sulphide, English, Small Pkg.	10	2	0
Sodium Sulphide, English Large Pkg.	8	14	0
Sodium Sulphide, German Small	9	2	0
Sodium Sulphide, German Large Pkg.	8	10	0
Sodium Sulphide Japanese Small	8	14	0
Sodium Sulphide Japanese Large	8	6	0
	Per lb.		
Hydro Sulphide, B.S.F.	0	10	6
Hydro Sulphide, English	0	9	0
Soda Ash, German	6	6	0

In Dextrine, consignment floating per S.S. "Sommelsdijk" expected early next month is offered at Rs. 18-4-0 per cwt.

At present Bleaching Powder is totally neglected in the market.

For Sodium Sulphide the demand is met by weak holders at cheaper prices with some loss owing to heavy stocks.

PRODUCE MARKET

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, June 24

The market ruled quiet but steady with a small business:—

Linseed Sept	11	6	9
Wheat Sept	8	2	3
Wheat Price Ready	7	9	0
Wheat Price July	7	10	0
Wheat Price August	7	13	0
Wheat Price Sept.	7	15	0
Wheat Karachi	7	13	0
Wheat Karachi Sept	8	0	6
Linseed Bold Ready	11	0	0
Linseed Small	10	9	0
Mowraseed Aug/Sept	8	0	0
Teelseel White	85	0	0
Teelseed White Dec/Jan	13	12	0
Gram Punbjab Sept	45	8	0
Castorseed Aug/Sept	48	14	0
Castorseed Ready	9	8	0
Cottonseed June/July	4	10	6
Groundnuts June/July	62	8	0
Poppyseed Ready	17	12	0
Mustard Khandesh	60 0 0 to 8	0	0
Bajree	44 0 0 to 48	0	0
Joowar	40 0 0 to 42	0	0

PUNJAB PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(Special for the "Chronicle.")
(The Sri Krishna Bombay Trading Co., Ld.)

Muktsar (Punjab), June 22

Wheat Har	4	7	9
Wheat Bhadan	4	12	3
Wheat Asuj	4	12	6
Gram Har	3	12	0
Gram Asuj	4	1	3
Barley Asuj	3	7	0
Rapeseeds Bhadan	8	2	0
Cottonseeds Bhadan	4	3	0
READ.			
Wheat	4 8 0 to 4	12	0
Gram	3 10 9 to 3	12	0
Barley	3	2	0
Rapeseeds	8	1	0
Cottonseeds	3	15	0
Oil of Rapeseeds	19	8	0

Market Arrival.—

Wheat	6,000 mds.
Gram	2,000 mds.
Barley	1,000 mds.
Rapeseeds	300 mds.

Market Condition.—Steady.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, June 24.

During the week under review there is no further development worthy of note either way. During the first part of the week Prices ruled more or less steady around last week-end pirce-levels, the tendency being quiet and dull. The better half of the week has witnessed a slightly easier tendency with a drop of about 2d. per cwt. for Java New Crop Forward Deliveries. Purchase Enquiries for Spot Sugar have continued on a moderate scale with an offtake of about 2,000 Bags a day. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 15/6 and Rs. 15/2 for Java Ready Sugar, Rs. 15/8 and Rs. 15/5 for B. R. B. Beet Sugar Sh. 15/2 and Sh. 14/11 for June, Sh. 15/4 and Sh. 15/1 for July/Aug/Sept. and Sh. 15/6 and Sh. 15/4 for Octo/Nov/Dec Shipment for Java Sugar and Sh. 15/7 and Sh. 15/4 for June, Sh. 15/7 and Sh. 15/5 for July/Aug/Sept and Sh. 15/10 and Sh. 15/8 for Octo/Nov/Dec shipment for Jamnagar C. I. F. Sugar.

Total stock are estimated at 75,000 Bags of Java and 60.000 Bags of Beet Sugar.

The following are the quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 15/2 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 10/3 per cwt F B H.
Shipment June Sh. 14/11. per cwt F B H.
Shipment July/Aug/Sept Sh. 15/1 per cwt. F B H.
Shipment Octo/Nov/Dec Sh. 15/4 per cwt. F B H.
Shipment Jan/Feb/March Sh. 15/8 per cwt F B H.
Jamnagar C. I. F:—
Shipment June Sh. 15/6 per cwt F B H.
Shipment July/Aug/Sept Sh. 15/6 per cwt. F B H.
Shipment Octo/Nov/Dec Sh. 15/9 per cwt F B H.
Shipment Jan/Feb/March Sh. 16 per cwt. F B H.
B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 15/5 per cwt.

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad	400
Bombay Cotton	315
Bombay Dyeing	918 12 921 4 915 920
Century ..	416 4
Central India	5'0
Colaba Land	147 8
Crescent	217 8 217 8 213 12 216 4
Edward Sassoon	140
Fazulbhoy	910 911 4 901 4 910
Finlays	151 4
Globe	45
Gokak	136 4
Indian Bleaching..	228 12
Indore Malwa	380
Kohinoor	1245
Madhowjee	130
Mathuradas	80
Meyer Sassoon	92 8
Mysore	126 4
New great	312 8 315 312 8 38
Pearl	516 4 576 4 571 4 512 8
Pabany	261 4
Phoenix	402 8
Simplex	183 12
Swadeshi	518 12
Swan Mills	160
Tata Mills	100
Govt. paper 3 /2 per cent.	17 15
Govt. Paper 5 per cent ..	103 1

STOCKS AND SHARES.

TATA IRONS DECLINED

Bombay, June 23.

MILL SHARES:—

Cotton Mill shares opened quiet at prices unchanged and declined on hears selling. At the decline some shorts covered in conjunction with Bull support and prices hardened. The closing tone was steady.

TATA IRON SHARES:—

Owing to various rumours about the likely profits by the Tata Iron and Steel Co., during this year, there was heavy unloading by Bulls and prices registered a smart drop of Rs. 10 in Deferreds and Rs. 5 in Ordinary shares.

In other shares only small business was passing.

SECURITIES:—

The market opened unchanged for 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper with local Banks selling. A big lot of 1945/55 was reported to have bought with a view to harden prices, but the market failed to respond to bull activities. The closing tone was rather weak—

SHARES.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid	Quotation Rs.	as
Bank of India ..	50	22	79	
Baroda	50	4	86	
Central Co operative ..	50	1-2	68	
Central	25	1-4	29	6
Eastern ..	£5.	9 p.c.	81	
Imperial ..	500	40	1475	
Imperial Contributory ..	125	10	368 370	
Union .. :	5	0	3	14
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE.				
Bundi	10		27	
Central India Mining	10	4-8Y	25	8
Indian Cement O.	350	..	193	12
Katni Cement O.	100	..	175	
Katni Cement D.	10	..	655	
Punjab Cement O.	10	..	7	14
Shivrajpur ..	10	8Y.	50	4
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	11 p.c.	861	12
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	145	
Central Province	700	70 p.c.	100	
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	99	
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	92	
Hoshirapur Doab	100	5 p.c.	100	
Markhana ..	100	5 p.c.	88	
Pandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	81	
Sachora Jammai	100	5 p.c.	90	
Lara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	99	
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	105	
Sind Light ..	100	12 p.c.	150	
Tapti Valley ..	500	8 p.c.	710	
Upper Sind Light	100	4 p.c.	81	
STEAMER COMPANIES.				
Bombay Steam Navigation Co	250	..	207	8
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	350	..	247	8
Scindia Steam	15/0	..	16	1
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.				
Ahmedabad Electricity ..	100	5 p.c.	78	
Andhra Valley O	1,000	..	825	
Andhra Valley P.	1,000	..	960	
Bombay Tramways O. ..	50	2-8	143	2
Bombay Tramways P... ..	50	3-8	67	8
Karachi Electricity	100	6	104	
Surat Electricity	100	..	75	
Tata Hydro-Elec. O ..	1,000	40	1058	12
Tata Hydro-Elec. P. ..	1,000	7. p.c	997	8
Tata Power O...	1,000	..	545	
Tata Power P.	1,000	..	860	
PRESS COMPANIES.				
Barsi Press ..			430	
Akbari ..	500	..	125	
Fort	475	..	150	
Harvey & Saba-Pathy ..	500	20-35	1025	
Indian Cotton ..	128	17/8	200	
Manmad Manufacturing ..	250	2	220	
New Berar ..	500	7	755	
New East India	1,000	9	980	
New Mofussil P.	400	5	665	
New Prince of Wales ..	500	5	510	
Volkart U.P. ..	500	5	540	
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.				
Alcock Ashdown	100	..	2-8	12
Belapur Co. Ltd.	76	..	214	
B. Burma T. Corporation	125	20	655	
B. Burm T. Corporation New	0	8	190 Prem	
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	10	
Bombay Uganda	80	nil	36	
British Burma Petroleum ..	8	0-6-9	6	7
Indo Burma Petroleum ..	100	..	170	
Jost Engineering	100	10	140	
Mackenzie ..	100	30	350	
New Union Flour Mills	100	50	30	
Port Canning ..	1,000	50Y	680	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st.	150	6 p.c.y	134	
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd.	150	..	87	8
Tata Iron and steel Def. ..		30	187	8
Tata Iron and Steel Ordy. ..			57	4
Thacker ..	50		115	
Telephone ..	50	Nil	42	
INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
Empire of India	60	228	1200	
Endustrial & Prudential ..	6	1-4 p.c.	5	4
Jupiter ..			5	12
New India ..	25	..	23	12
Oriental Life ..	100	30 p.c.	1990	
Vulcan	10	0 8 0	5	12
MILLS.				
Ahmedabad Advance ..	100	10	400	
Apollo	50	..	7	
Assur Virjee ..	100	..	2	
Berar Manfg. ..	200	30	210	
Bombay Cotton Co.	50	15	350	
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5 p.c.	9 6	4
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25	920	
Bombay Industrial	108		5	
Bombay Woollen	100	..	70	
Bradbury ..	250	nil	307	12
Broach Fine Counts ..	50	..	75	
Century ..	100	40y	416	4
Central India O.	100	16	530	
Central India P.	500	5 p.c.	472	8
Ceylon	100	..	57	
Colaba Land	..	..	147	8
Mill	100	6		
Crescent ..	100	4	216	4
Curimbhoy ..	250	..	250	
David	500	..		
Duria	100	..	170	
Kawn	250	55	726	4
E.D. Sassoon United O. ..	7-8	..	1 1	8
Ebrahimbhoy Pabanay	150	nil	161	4
Edward Sasson ..	200	nil	137	[illegible]
Elphinstone O. ..	700	..	23	
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	142	8
Fazulbhoy	100	25	910	
Finlay	1,000	..	151	4
Framjee Petit	100	..	625	
Gokak	100	5	126	4
Hindoostan	1,000	125	1900	
Indian Bleaching etc.	100	..	238	12
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	125	1200	
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	380	
Jamshed O.	250	..	70	
Khatau Makanjee ..	Nil	..	112	8
Khachand	25	..	3	4
Kohinoor	500	..	1245	
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	100	6550	
Madhavrao Scindia ..	100	..	30	
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	..	130	
Madras United ..	250	15	[illegible]	
Manockjee Petit ..	1,000	30	1830	
Mathradas	100	..	80	
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	..	92	8
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	..	2275	
Model Mills, Nagpur ..	250	..	128	12
Mysore	53	4	126	4
New City of Bombay	100	10	124	4
New Great Eastern ..	300	nil	315	
Osmanshahi (100) ..	75	..	45	
Pearl	250	8	572	8
Poenix	100	10	410	
Premier..	100	..	11	8
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	14	
Sassoon Silk	500	..	9[illegible]	
Sholapur	1,000	200	6800	
Simplex	100	..	183	12
Sir Shapurji, Broacha	100	..	30	
Standard	500	..	182	
Swadeshi	100	..	517	8
Swan	100	..	160	
Tata Mill O.	5	..	100	
Vishnu Cotton O. ..		90	275	
Vishnu P.	500	35	600	
Western India Spng, ..	1,000	50y	975	

SECURITIES

Bombay, June 24.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 77/14.

4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94/12.

4 per cent Loan due 1960/70 Rs. 89.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101/8.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 102/8.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs 103/6.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs 108.

5-1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 100/13.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 105/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 106/10.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 107/12.

6.1/2 per cent Bombay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 112/12.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 87/12

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 86/8.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 86/8.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 112/4.

6 per cent Municipal 1926-49 Rs. 103

Forward Rates.—15th July Sett. 3 1/2 p.c. Paper Rs. 77.14.6; 1945/55 Rs. 108/1.

TRADE AND FINANCE

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

(From Our Financial Correspondent.)

June, 24.

MONEY.

The money market remained easy during the period under review with a decline of Rs. 166 lacs in the trade demand. Coincident with the reduction of the bank rate to 5 p.c. the rate for call loans has fallen from 4½ p.c. to 4 p.c. The reduction in the bank rate to 5 p.c. is viewed by the market in general as an indication of the forthcoming Government loan. The fixed deposit rates are as follows:—one month 3½ p.c. two to four months 3 p.c. six months 3½ and twelve months 4 to 4 1/2 p.c.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India's of 17th June 1927, indicates an increase of Rs. 58.31 lacs in the cash balance now amounting to Rs. 13,66,71,000 as compared with Rs. 37.99 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 117.75, an increase of 0.8 p.c. over last week. Government securities are up slightly by Rs. 3.99 lacs. Loans and Cash credits are down by Rs. 44.79 lacs and Rs. 66.77 lacs respectively, while Inland bills discounted have increased by Rs. 48.47 lacs. Government deposits are down by Rs. 134.50 lacs to Rs. 6.60 crores probably due to the recent contraction of currency; Other deposits are up by Rs. 102.98 lacs to Rs. 68.77 crores. The bank rate has been reduced from 6 p.c. to 5 p.c. as from 23rd June 1927.

In the gilt-edged market conditions were steady with a slight increase in activity noted over the preceding week. 3½ p.c. Paper has steadied to Rs. 77-13, and 1945-55 Loan was unchanged at Rs. 178. 5 p.c. Loans, 1935 and 1933, improved by about two annas to Rs. 102-8 and Rs. 103-6. 5½ p.c. 1928 Bonds are quoted at Rs. 106-6. 6 p.c. Bonds 1927 and 1930 changed at Rs. 100-13 and Rs. 105-6, 1931 at Rs. 106-10 and 1932 at Rs. 107-12. 6½ p.c. Bombay Development Loan was placed at Rs. 112-12 4 p.c. 1900-70 Loan was unchanged at Rs. 89.

The Currency return as of the 15th instant shows a decline of Rs. 167.33 lacs in note circulation now amounting to Rs. 169.68 crores. Silver coins have increased by Rs. 42.55 lacs to Rs. 95.53 crores, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 29.76 crores and Rs. 8.92 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 79.1, an increase of 1.03 p.c. over last week. Government have contracted Rs. 209.88 lacs currency against sterling securities.

EXCHANGE.

During the early part of the week sterling exchange continued somewhat dull, but the announcement of the contraction of Rs. 2 crores currency against sterling securities resulted in a stimulation till the end of the week. A fair amount of business was transacted with export bills appearing. On the other hand, enquiries for remittances were not numerous. The outstanding features of the market were the exceptionally large number of applications to the Government for sterling and the firming up of forward rates. Despite the reduction in the bank rate, exchange has slightly bettered with a steady undertone. The rate for ready T.T. improved from 1s. 5-27/32d. to 1s. 5-7/8d. with business done for early July at 1s. 29/32d. The following are the forward rates—Ready to August 1s. 5-7/8d. September/October 1s. 5-29/32d. November 1s. 5-15/16d. December/January/February 1s. 5-31/32d. and March 1s. 5-29/32d.

A press communique issued by the Dy. Controller of currency states that one tender for £25,000 at 1s. 5 29/32d. was received and allotted in full. Tenders for £4,745,000 at 1s. 5-7/8d. were were received and these tenderers received 10 p.c. of their tender. Other tenders at lower rates were rejected. £500,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday the 29th June on the same conditions as previously announced.

The dollar sterling quotation eased slightly from $4.85-11/16 to $4.85-9/16 but closed at $4.85-10/32 French francs were steady at 124.01 and the Belga was unchanged at 34.96. The Italian appreciated during the week from 87.50 to 84.50.

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TOTAL FUNDS RS. 1,62,85,143
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BURGLARY
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PERSONAL ACCIDENT
ALL RISKS
(Jewellery)
Etc., Etc.
Call at the Office
CENTRAL BANK BUILDING,
Esplanade Road.
General Manager, R. J. DUFF.

GOLD.

The gold market was steady during the early part of the week chiefly on account of the satisfactory conclusion of deliveries at the last settlement. During the latter part, however, the market eased somewhat in sympathy with steady sterling exchange. The volume of business was limited although the demand for covereigns continued, chiefly for Madras account. The price of ready gold opened at Rs. 21-8-6, improved to Rs. 21-9-0, but subsequently declined and closed at Rs. 21-8-6. The daily average offtake was about 18,000 tolas including settlement offtake and stocks on hand are estimated at 4 lacs tolas. The price of gold in London was unchanged at 84s. 11½d. through out the week except on Tuesday when the rate fell to 84s. 11d. The rate for sovereigns declined from Rs. 13-10 to Rs. 13-8-3 for ready and from Rs. 13-9-3 to Rs. 13-8-0 for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21-9-0 and Rs. 21-8-6 for ready and 16th June settlement, Rs. 21-9-3 and Rs. 21-8-6 for 15th July settlement and Rs. 21-8-9 and 21-8-6 for 15th August settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £78,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £245,500 and from Durban lb. 518,000 including £ 260,000 shipped on the 20th instant. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 18,79,364 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £25,000.

SILVER.

Price fluctuations during the week under review amounted to about eight annas per 100 tolas with an appreciable amount of business transacted owing to current settlement. A fair amount of carry-over transactions was effected between two to four annas per 100 tolas. Throughout, the market exhibited easiness due to China advices with the exception of Wednesday when a temporary reaction was noted. Operations for America and China banks were more largely on the selling side. The prices of ready silver opened at Rs. 59-8 declined to Rs. 59-2, subsequently improved to Rs. 59-6, again eased and closed at Rs. 59. The average daily offtake is estimated at 280 bars including settlement offtake and with small arrivals during the week the stock is reduced to about 4,000 bars. The undertone of the market is still considered sluggish. In Shanghai the rate for T.T. on London declined from 2s. 6-13/16d. to 2s. 6-11/16d. and after improving to 2s. 7d. fell sharply to 2s. 6-5/8d. these prices movements being actuated by the activities of Chinese operators in the yen. The highest and lowest rates in London during the week were and forward. In our market the highest 26-1/8d. and 25-15/16d. for both ready and lowest rates were Rs. 59-8 and Rs. 59 for ready and 20th June settlement, Rs. 59-9 and Rs. 59-1 for 19th July settlement and Rs. 59-6 and Rs. 59 for 17th August settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £178,500 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £238,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 239 bars and Rs. 19,057 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £5,000/-.

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, 24th June 1927.

The yarn market has remained steady to firm throughout the week with small fluctuations and the undertone has been very steady especially in connection with Indian yarns where the Mills have adopted all along a firm attitude and inspite of various offers made by dealers at somewhat increased rates than during the past week, Mills have not shown any willingness to effect sales and have been holding their stocks for full rates. It is reported that some of these Mills have curtailed their spinnings further as they are not able to realise satisfactory prices for their yarns and some of them have been losing heavily at the current prices. Fresh sales therefore by the Mills have been not large although it is estimated that about 2,000 Bales have been done during the week In case of Jaapnese Yarns, prices have been somewhat easier in the local market on account of heavy arrivals and curtailed offtake although the prices quoted by the importers are very high. In case of Manchester yarns turnover is limited and prices remain unchanged. On the whole the position is sound and as cotton market has been keeping steady with little chances for any material decline in the near future, the yarns have been showing a firm attitude and if demand is improving prices are likely to go up further.

English Yarns.—There is a fair turnover with prices showing a slight increase on the last week's level and dealers have been getting small margins in their cheap arrivals. No fresh forward business has been possible yet because Manchester prices have been very high and in some cases prohibitive.

Japanese Yarns.—Turnover has been limited on account of a fall in prices due to heavy arrivals by the recent steamers and the slack demand from up country markets. As usual in a falling market buyers have been waiting to buy as the import Houses have been quoting higher prices and do not show any inclination to sell on account of firm advices from Japan, it seems very likely that prices will ultimately go higher in course of time. Sampln has been very steady whereas exchange has been firm at about Rs. 130/-.

Artificial silk yarns.—The undertone is is indeed very firm but on account of very big stocks only in principal counts the rise in prices has been found and offtake on the whole is yet limited. As the foreign markets have been keeping very high prices it is quite likely that in course of time prices must show improvement as soon as demand shows some further improvement.

Indian Yarns.—The important event during the week has been the meeting of the representatives of the Textile industry from all parts of India in connection with the recent report of the Tariff Board and the decision of the Government of India on the same. The situation has been certainly very critical so far as the Indian Mill Industries are concerned because although the cotton is keeping very firm on account of limited offtake and on account of a very keen competition from up country Mills in case of Coarse yarns and from Japan and Manchester in case of medium and fine counts and local Mills have been experiencing a very great diffculty and at the current level of prices most of them have been losing. This situation requires an urgent remedy without which the position is likely to grow more serious, if the present state of affairs continues. Monsoon has been fairly satisfactory atleast at the beginning and dealers are now very hopeful and if cotton continues to rule firm they will have to pay higher prices to the Mills as they wil be in want of yarns as soon as the demand shows some improvement and up country merchants have been in a position to offer higher rates.

PIECE-GOODS

Manchester reports show moderate trade in American section but in Egyptian counts and especially in finer counts, orders have been fairly plentiful. The market is, however, still under the cloud of financial trouble, the loan system of financing mills is working badly. One concern which had made a profit and prepared dividend warrants, had to countermand the dividend at the last minute owing to heavy demands for loan, repayment, while many others have been put in a difficult position by the nervousness of loan holders, as withdrawals are not being covered by new investments as they have been in the past. Enquiry for yarn remains good, but owing to support given to Yarn Association minimum rates, buyers overseas feel that present prices are too dear. It does not seem to be generally realised that American Cotton is about 1-1/2d. per lb. higher since Easter and Egyptian Cotton 3d. per lb. the later of course mainly owing to the Mississippi floods. Buyers demanding attention and in view of this present prices do not seem to be excessive. Manufacturers take heart of grace from the support they feel from the firmness of spinners, and from the fact that there is more evenness in the rates of their production due to the better condition of their order books as sales of Spot Cotton at Liverpool were fairly large during the week.

The local market for Manchester goods continue quiet but steady with a limited enquiry from the consuming centres. Local mills are doing fairly good business and some occasional sales are reported by the mills. There is little margin of profit as except a few well financed mills are said to have made moderate profits while others are not doing well. Japanese cloth is moving slowly and rates are rather quiet.

As usual at this time of the year, no business of important weight is possible but in view of better rainfall over a large area, hopes are entertained for a gradual recovery in the demand in due course—

The quotations for the leading chops Greys and Whites are at under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS,

Rall 's Fari No. 2000	39 × 37 1/2/3	8 12 0
„ 10,0000	..45 × „	10 6 0
„ No. 33,000	..45× „	9 0 0
„ No. 2800	37×	8 0 0
„ No. 4545	38×38.. ..	
„ No. 15000	44×38 ..	9 8 0
„ No. 16000..	..	10 0 0
„ No. 17000..	..	10 8 0
Graham's No. 2730	..39 ..	8 10 0
„ No. 2750	..45	10 6 0
Dewhursts B.B.B.	..38×38 1/2..	15 4 0
„ B.B.	..38×38.. 1/2..	13 0 0
„ Rupe No. 5	..38×38 1/2	
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×37 1/2 38	8 8 0
Lyon's Shunker	..39×	
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38 .	12 0 0

GREY DRILLS.

Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40 ..	14 8 0
Ralli's "Scissors"	.29×40 ..	13 12 0

GREY JACONETS

Ralli No. 18 ..	..45×22	..5 9 0
„ No. 18 ..	..40×22	..4 14 0
„ No. 138 ..	..40×22	..4 10 0
„ No. 636 ..	..44×22	..4 15 0

WHITE SHIRTINGS

Liepmann's No. 1500	32×12	17 6 0
H. B. T. C. 40,000	..36×40	12 6 0

WHITE MULLS

Ralli's No. 16	..41×19	..6 8 0
„ No. 69	..46×19	..6 4 0
„ No. 600	..51×19	..8 0 0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..8 12 0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..6 4 0
„ No. 1270	..27×18	.. 0
„ No. 166	..39×20	..6 2 0
„ No. 818	..39×20	..6 2 0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..4 2 0
„ No. 1703	..52×20	12 12 0
„ No. 224	..44×20	..5 6 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	..27×18	..2 12 0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..3 0 0
„ No. 229	..42×18	..3 8 0
„ No. 339	..47×18	..4 0 0
„ 1K-4K38",43"48"53×18Aug.		
„ No. 95..	..58×20	..5 12 0
„ No. 66,999	..40×18	..0 0 0
„ No. 86,999	..40×18	..0 0 0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..0 0 0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..0 0 0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..0 0 0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..0 0 0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20	..5 0 0

WHITE NAINSOOKS.

Rali's No. 7070,9000	27×18	..3 4 0
„ No. 6181	.. „	..3 2 0
„ No. 1850	.. „	..
„ No. 1900	.. „	..
„ No. 2600	.. „	..
„ No. 21021	..	..3 8 0
„ No. 39620T.B.	38×22	..4 8 0
Graham's Nos. 88,8888	28×18	..3 10 0
No. 95950-97970		
„ Saraswati	..36×18	..5 8 0
„ TipooW/WWW	34×18	..4 12 0
„ No. 50000	.. ,	..4 12 0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		..5 0 0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656		
„ 6767 ..	..26×18	..3 4 0
Greaves' No. 8000T.B.	38×22	..4 12 0
Ritchie s Nos. 3500 4510		
„ 5520 ..	..26×18	..3 4 0
I.W. and Co's Nos. 5800 5820		
"Motor Car"	.. ..	..3 0 0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS. Unchanged

No. 666 Shirtings	383×8Net	
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	..12 8 0
„ 5151 „	44×38 „	..10 2 0
„ 4141 „	44×38 „ „	9 14 0
„ 5544 „	44×38 „	9 11 0
„ 44000 „	48×38 „	9 12 0
„ 3800 „	44×38 „	14 14 0
„ 39000 „	44×38 „ „	12 12 0
„ 9898 „	38×38 „ „	11 8 0
„ 4500 „	44×38 „ „	13 0 0
„ 6600 „	44×38 „ „	9 2 0
„ 9999 „	44×38 „ „	13 0 0
„ 7777 „	36×40 .. „	13 8 0
„ 7500 „	36×40 „ „	11 13 0
„ 3 A Globe	36×40 „ „	14 13 0
„ „ 6000	„ „	14 13 0
'C"Sheetings	..30×36Ex.Bond	7 10 0
9"Dragons	..30+36 Ex. Bond	7 14 0
Elephant"Drills	..29×40 „	..12 12 0
Duck" Drills	..26×40 „	10 4 0

KARACHI WEEKLY SHARE MARKET REPORT

(From Messrs. Gulab & Co.; Stock and Share Brokers Bunder Road Karachi.

Karachi, June 21

Only a little business has transpired in Railway Shares. The Larkhanas have been quiet Market while some enquiry for Upper Sinds exists. The Sind Lights are neglected.

Karachi Electrics have suffered from spasmodic buying of Hyderabad Electric Shares on account of the rumoured better dividend, an dare being quoted a shade lower, while the latter still look like firming up.

Name of the Comy.	Paid up vale	Present Value.
Sind lights	100 0 0	145 0 0
		X. D.
Sind Lighterage	150 0 0	150 0 0
Larkhana Jacobabad	100 0 0	87 0 0
Upper Sinds	100 0 0	81 0 0
ELECTRICS		
Karachi Electrics	100 0 0	101 0 0
Hyderabad Electrics	100 0 0	105 0 0
DEBENTURES.		
6 p.c. Karachi Port Trust	100 0 0	111 12 0
FLOUR MILLS.		
Karachi Flour Mills	80 0 0	115 0 0
India Flour Mills	60 0 0	110 0 0
Century Flour Mills	100 0 0	100 0 0

WEEKLY COAL REPORT

(Messrs. Pitamber and Co.)

Bombay June 24.

During the week under report a business of about 1500 tons of Victoria Coal from Cape Point now due is reported, otherwise the tone of the market is quiet S. S. Kohinoor completed discharging and the following steamers arrived with local cargo.

22/6/27 S. S. "Baren Glanconner", Witbank, Turner Morrison and Co.

23/6/27 S. S. "Nethergate", Deshargarh, Andrew Yule and Co.

Steamers due with Coal.—

27/6/27 S. S. "Cape Point", Bengal Selt, and 1st Grade, Balmer Lawrie and Co.

10/7/27 S. S. "Bourbonnis" Northhern Navigation, Killick Nixon and Co.

"QUOTATIONS."

Quality	C.I.F.	Ex Scales Darukhana.
Northern Navigation	31 Sh. June shipt	Rs. 23/-
Northern Navigation	28 Sh. July shipt.	
Durban Navigation	28/6 Sh. July shipt	
Deshargarh	Rs. 18/8	Rs. 20/8
Bengal Selected	Rs. 17/8	Rs. 20/
1st Grade	Rs. 17/4	Rs. 19/8

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, June 24.

During the early part of the week under review our market ruled very steady with strong advices from Java, London and America and a good business was done in White Java's July/September shipment at 15/1s. to 15/3s. and October/December at 15/3s. to 15/s. and January/March at 15/5s. to 15/9s. all/Free Bombay Harbour terms Since the 22nd the Java market was again weak there being free sellers prices dropped by 3d. with buyers withdrawn.

Regarding ready Sugars holders have gone very nervous in view of large shipment already advised for Java shipment and prices have been reduced by over six annas per cwt. all round.

Karachi and Calcutta markets ruled steadier during the week with good business doing. Java reported highest market on 21st inst. prices touched 16 5/8 for June 16 3/4 for July/August and 16 7/8 for October November and later on declined 1/8 gilder with good business done by India. China and Japan.

London Terminals touched highest during the week on 23rd quoting 15/5 1/4 14/9 3/4 and 14/9 for August, October and December and lowest on 18th quoting 15s. 14s. 5 1/4d. and 14s. 4 1/2d. for same positions. America quoted highest on 23rd for September/December and March viz., 2.87, 2.95 and 2.76 and lowest on 19th quoting 2.76, 2.86 and 2.70 for same positions.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. July/Sept—15/2s. F. B. Harbour stocks 65,000 Bags.

T. M. O. June—15s. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. Oct/Dec.—15/4s. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. Oct/Dec.—15/4 F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. Jan/March—15/7s. F. B. Harbour.

Beet Rs. 15—14/10s. F. B. Harbour stocks 60,000 Bags.

Mr. C. L. Bird, the Motor-Cycling International writes:—

"TEST riding for one of the leading motor-cycle makers, and incidentally, the winning of such events as the Swedish Six Day International Trial, are only for the robust, always-fit man. The secret of health and fitness is more closely associated with the nerves than most people think. And the secret of my nerve health, if my case is a criterion, is Phosferine, which feeds and "tunes up" the nervous system, thus enabling one to enjoy the most fatiguing contests without any ill effects. Using Phosferine with such regularity, I am always certain of feeling fit enough to go anywhere and acquit myself satisfactorily in the most formidable racing events; and I am sure I owe it to Phosferine that I am fortunate enough to escape the risks of Influenza and other prevailing epidemics, which must be guarded against by the International Sports Competitor.'

From the very first day you take PHOSFERINE you will gain new confidence, new life, new endurance. It makes you eat better, and sleep better, and you will look as fit as you feel. Phosferine is given with equally good results to the children.

PHOSFERINE
The Greatest of all Tonics for
Influenza Debility Neuralgia Faintness Malaria
Indigestion Mental Exhaustion Loss of Appetite Brain fag Headache
Sleeplessness Maternity Weakness Lassitude Nerve Shock Anaemia
Exhaustion Weak Digestion Neuritis Rheumatism Sciatica
Made in Liquid and Tablets, each sold in 3 sizes, the larger sizes are the more economical.
Proprietors: ASHTON & PARSONS, LIMITED. Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Indian Depot: P. O. Box 431, BOMBAY.

RUBBER SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London agents:—

	Name.		Latest Prices.
1.	Anglo Java (2/-)	..	0 6 4-1/2
2.	Anglo Malay (1)	..	1 8 9
3.	Bahlias (1)	..	2 6 3
4.	Burma Rubber (1)	..	1 7 6
5.	Chersonese (2/-)	..	0 3 4-1/2
6.	Cisely (2/-)	..	0 7 9
7.	East Java (1)	..	1 17 6
8.	Java Investment (1)	..	2 4 4-1/2
9.	Kuala Reman (5/-)	..	0 5 6
10.	Kwaloe (2/-)	..	0 2 7-1/2
11.	Merbau (2/-)	..	0 2 10-1/2
12.	Mergui Crown (2/-)	..	0 6 0
13.	Mooply Valley (1)	..	1 12 6
14.	Pegon (1)	..	2 6 3
15.	Rim Malacca (2/-)	..	0 4 7-1/2
16.	Saalang (1)	..	2 12 6
17.	Tandjong (1)	..	2 17 6
18.	United Serdang (2/-)	..	0 6 4-1/2
19.	United Temiang (2/-)	..	0 3 10-1/2
20.	United Patanis (1)	..	1 5 7-1/2
21.	Devon Estates (1)	..	0 19 6
22.	Highlands and Lowlands (1)	..	2 11 3
23.	East Asiatic (2/-)	..	0 3 9
24.	Travancore Rubber Co. (1)	..	2 12 6
25.	Malacca Rubber Plantations (1)	..	3 0 0

		Increase or Decrease on week.
1.	Anglo Java (2/-)	..
2.	Anglo Malay (1)	—0 0 7-1/2
3.	Bahlias (1)	—0 1 3
4.	Burma Rubber (1)	Plus 0 0 7-1/2
5.	Chersonese (2/-)	Plus 0 0 1-1/2
6.	Cicely (2/-)	Plus 0 0 3
7.	East Java (1)	—0 5 0
8.	Java Investment (1)	—0 3 9
9.	Kuala Reman (5/-)	—0 0 3
10.	Kwaloe (2/-)	..
11.	Merbun (2/-)	Plus 0 0 1-1/2
12.	Mergui Crown (2/-)	..
13.	Mooply Valley (1)	—0 2 6
14.	Pagoh (1)	..
15.	Rim Malacca (2/-)	—0 0 1-1/2
16.	Saalang (1)	—0 2 6
17.	Tandjong (1)	..
18.	United Sardang (2/-)	..
19.	United Temiang (2/-)	..
20.	United Patanis (1)	—0 1 10-1/2
21.	Devon Estates (1)	..
22.	Highlands and Lowands (1)	..
23.	East Asiatic (2/-)	..
24.	Travancore Rubber Co. (1)	—0 1 3
25.	Malacca Rbbber Plantations (1)	..

Stock of rubber in London.—66,894 tons. Decrease on week.—560 tone.

FREIGHT QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PITAMBER & CO.

Bombay June 23.

Ports.	Steamers &/or month of Shipment	Seeds of 12 & 13 Cwts.	Seeds of 14 Cwts.	Seeds of 15 Cwts.	Seeds of 16 cwts. & measure
Hull	Aug. Dec,	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
London	June	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
	July/Aug	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
Liverpool	July	17/-	18/-	19/-	20/-
	Aug.	15/-	16/-	17/-	18/-
	Sept	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
Marseilles	June	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
	July.	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
	August	15/-	16/-	17/-	18/-
Antwerp	July	19/-	20/-	21/-	22/-
	Aug/Dec.	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
Rotterdam	July	21/-	22/-	23/-	24/-
	Augu Dec.	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
Hamburg					
Bremen					
Havre	July	20/6	21/6	22/6	23/6
		18/6	19/6	20/6	21/6
	Sept/Dec.	17/6	18/3	19/6	20/6
Dunkirk	July	17/-	18/-	19/-	20/-
	Aug/Dec.	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
Barcelona	July	20/6	21/6	22 6	23/6
	Aug. Dec.	19/-	20/-	21/-	22/-
Genoa	Aug. Dec.	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
Naples		..	..	..	..
Leghorn					
Trieste					Cotton
Venice	July	19/-	19/-	20/6	21/6
	Aug Dec.	17/-	17/-	18/6	19/6
New York	July	17/-	..	..	..

Remarks.—The market is quiet but steady. Some business is reported for July for Antwerp/Dunkirk at 17 and 20/ Sh.

No other business of any importance is reported.

KEROSENE RATES.

(The Asiatic Petroleum Company (India)

Bombay, June 23.

Shell Cases, per case Rs. 10/0/6.

Anchor Brand New Tins per pair Rs. 7/12/6.

Rising Sun Brand New Tins Rs. 7/10/6.

Rising Sun Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. Gals. Rs. 6/6/6.

Swan Brand New Tins per pair Rs. 6/4/6.

Swan Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. Gals. Rs. 5/0/6.

Bombay, June 24.

(The Burma Oil Company, Limited, Bombay).

"Waterlily" 150 deg F. Test per case of 2 tins	9 10 0
"Firefly" 150 deg. F. Test per case of 2 tins	9 4 0
"Swastika" 125 deg. F. Test per 2 tins	7 12 6
"Chukker" 125 deg. F. per 2 tins	7 10 6
"Chukker" 125 deg. F. in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	6 6 0
"Victoria" 125 deg. F. per 2 tins	6 4 6
"Victoria" 125 deg. F. in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	5 0 6

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Razmak" with the English mails sails at 1 p.m. connecting s.s. "Naldera" at Aden.

Harwood League: Cheshires vs. Bombay Gymkhana, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

THE INDIAN NATIONAL PARTY.

A meeting of the Council of the Bombay City Committee of the Indian National Party will be held in Petit Building, Hornby Road, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

LECTURE ON "UPASANA."

A public lecture will be delivered by Swami Omkar Sacchidanand in the hall of the Aryasamaj, Fort, on Sunday, 26th on "Upasana." The time for the lecture is 8-30 a.m.

PATHARE PRABHOO C. H. SOCIETY, LD.

The annual general meeting of the "Pathare Prabhoo Co-operative Housing Society Limited" will be held at its Registered Office, near Albless Baug to-morrow (Sunday), at 9-30 a.m.

"ARYA DHARMA SANGATHAN."

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall Kakadwadi, Girgaum, Bombay, (Sunday) the 26th instant at 6 p.m. (B. T.), when Swami Omkar Sachchidanandaji will deliver a lecture on "Arya Dharma Sangathan."

LECTURE ON HINDU-MUSLIM PROPOSALS.

Mr. M. C. Chagla, B.A., (Oxon) Bar-at-law, will deliver a lecture on "Delhi Hindu-Muslim proposals" at the Bombay students Brotherhood Hall, Sandhurst Bridge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside.

DISCOURSE ON "DINACHARYA."

Under the auspices of Shri Vile Parle Sanscrit Pathshala, Param Hansa Parevri Kacharya Swami Shri Jyotirmayanand Puri of Benares will deliver a public Pravachon on "Dinaracharya" at Ville Parl in the premises of Gor Val Brahma Nivas to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 26th instant.

Superscribed mails for Colombo, Singapore, China and Japan per s.s. "Celebes Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6 p.m. on Sunday, the 26th instant.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS

TO BE REMOVED TO A NEW BUILDING

The "Bombay Chronicle" Press and office will shortly be removed to Hari Building, opposite Tobacco Godown, Old Customs House Road.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Thursday to 6 a.m. of Friday:—

Small-pox attacks 10, deaths 4; Cholera attack nil, death nil; Plague attacks 3, death nil; Influenza attack nil, death nil; Total mortality (exclusive of the stillborn) 57; Total mortality this day last year was 94.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY.

The fourteenth annual general meeting of the above Society will be held in the office of the Social Service League (Sandhurst Road) on Sunday (26th instant) at 8-30 a.m.

MISS DICKINSON'S LECTURE.

Owing to unavoidable circumstances Miss Dickinson will be unable to deliver the lecture on "Vigilance Work," under the auspices of the Bombay Council of Social Workers, to-day (Saturday), as previously arranged.

UPANISHAD CLASS.

Swami Sambuddhanda of Sri Ram Krishna Ashram, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Kathopanishad at the Asthik Samaj, Shamji Ladha Building, Matunga (G. I. P.), to-day (Satuday) at 6 p.m. S. T.).

GITA CLASS.

Swami Sambuddhanandas of Sri Ram Krishna Ashram, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagvat Gita at Devkorbhai Mansion, Parel, to-morro (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.).

The Swami will also hold a public class on the Bhagvat Gita at the Chota Lal's Bungalow, Gorivili, the same evening at 7 p.m. (S. T).

THE AGARKAR DAY.

The Agarkar Lay will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday) when a public meeting will be held at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, where Prof. Vaman Malhar Joshi will deliver a speech dealing with Principal Agarkar's life and work. The time of the meeting is 9 o'clock in the morning. All are cordially requested to attend. Seats reserved for ladies.

RAILWAY STAFFS' COMPLAINTS.

On Sunday the 19th June 1927 a mass meeting of the G. I. P. Railway Stae was held under the presidency of Mr. Jhabwalla, when speeches were made condemning the Management's total disregard towards the general stae and their grievances. Mr. Jhavwalla assisted by Mr. B. D. Mistry, dwelt at length on the necessity of the men making a combination among themselves rather than depend upon help from the management. It was impossible that the Agent should not listen to them when they were themselves not prepared to united among themselves.

MAJOR LUCAS IN COURT

FINED FOR DISOBEYING POLICE

Major Lucas, the commandant of His Excellency the Governor's bodyguard, appeared on Friday morning before His Worship Mr. Khairaz, presidency Magistrate at Mazagon Police Court, to answer a charge of rash driving and disobeying police signals. Evidence was led to show that on the 24th March last, which was the first night of the Military Tattoo at the Race Course, the accused was driving his car to the Race course along Gibbs Road, disobeyed the police signal to stop and gaining Pedder Road, raced all the cars alongside at the rate of 35 miles per hour. Mr. Kelly, the Police Commissioner noticed the incident and called out to the traffic posts to stop the accused but a traffic Havildar closeby, told Mr. Kelly "Number bhetla" (I have taken the number).

In reply to the Court Major Lucas stated that he had seen Mr. Kelly in his car and it was not likely that he would in the presence of the Police Commissioner, disobey Police signals and drive rashly. The clutch of his car was out of order and he could not put in more than 25 miles per hour. His Worship, in convicting the accused, remarked that the police officers who were stationed at different posts on the route had made independent observations about the speed of the accused's car. Sergeant Walkings failing to take down the number, made an immediate report to Inspector Merrifield, who however had already taken down the number of the car. The traffic Havildar likewise had noted the number before Mr. Kelly had drawn his attention to the car. In view of the fact that the accused had two previous convictions including fine of Rs. 50/ by the Poona Court for rash driving His Worship fined Major Lucas Rs. 15 on the first charge of disobeying police signals and Rs. 75 on the charge of rash and negligent driving.

GUJERATI FOLK-LORE PERFORMANCE.

A public performance of the Gujerati Folk-lore and folk-songs by the well-known bards from Kathiawar will be held at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 9 p.m. on Sunday in aid of Shree Vile Parle Rashtriya Shala: Rates of tickets are Rs. 10, 5, 3, 2 and 1. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas will preside.

LECTURE ON "GENERAL SCOUTING."

Under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Boy Scouts Association. Prof. V. G. Rao, our Assistant District Commissioner will deliver a lecture on "General Scouting" for the benefit of all the Scout Masters to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. (B. T.) in the Gilder Tank Municipal Marathi School at Lamington Road (opposite Cinema Precious). Scouters are required to note that they will attend the same without fail with a Note Book and a pencil.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME.

The Bombay Presidency Radio Club will broadcast the following programme to-day (Saturday):—

9-30 to 11 p.m.:—

(By Mr. A. Mendoza) String Trios: Violin, Cello and Piano:—(1) In the Cloisters; (2) Vesperalle (Ave Maria); (3) Perfect Day.

Songs: Miss Hyacinthe Mendoza (L. T. C. L.):—(1) Schaberts Seranade with Violin and Cello obligate: (2) The Message of Love—Gounod: (3) Tis I—Pinsuti.

Piano Solos:—(1) Chopins Sonata B Flat Minor; (2) Rachmaninoffs Preelude G. Minor; (3) Rosary—Transcription.

Vocal Quartette. Goodnight Thou Glorious Sun: Call Sign—2FV. Wave-length—387 Metres. Power—100 Watts.

SHREE KRISHNA AYURVEDIC COLLEGE.

This institution has been affiliated to the Vidyapeeth of Shreemat Jagatguru Shankaracharya. The first batch of the successful candiddates is out fo medical practice with the diploma. This Institution prepares candidates for the examnations of "Ayurveda Ratna" and "Ayurvedda Mahanidhi." These examinations are held at Nasik every year.

The Institution will start new classes from 27th instant. Every possible arrangement is made to impart practical knowledge.

Students desirous to join the classes should see the Principal, of the College, 143-45, Kandewadi, for necessary information regarding fees and other things.

GHATKOPAR CRICKET UNION.

By the joint efforts of the Ghatkopar Cricket Club and the Ghatkopar Jolly Cricket Club the above Union has been started from the 1st instant to promote a friendly relationship amongst the Residents of Ghatkopar. A special hall has been rented where facilities for all possible in door games will be provided and the public of Ghatkopar is requested to take advantage of the same.

A managing committee of 10 members with Mr. Veljibhai as president is elected. Further particulars will be available from the secretaries at the hall.

"JAME" V. "KAISER-I-HIND"

SETTLEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES

ALLEGATIONS UNRESERVEDLY WITHDRAWN.

The defamation suit brought by Messrs. J. B. Murzban, and P. J. Murzban, the proprietor and editor respectively of the "Jame Jamshed," a local Gujarati daily, claiming Rs. 25,000 each as damages from Mr. Eruchshaw R. Hirjibehedin, proprietor and editor of the Gujarati weekly "Kaisar i Hind" was abruptly terminated by a settlement between the parties.

When the case was called on before Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court yesterday, Mr. Coltman, counsel for the defendant informed his Lordship that his client unreservedly witdrew all the allegations complained of and apologised and expressed his regret to the plaintiffs unconditionally and promised to pay Rs. 101 to them towards their costs. He also undertook to publish the apology in his paper the "Kaisar i Hind" in two consecutive issues of 26th June, 1927, and 3rd July.

In view of this offer of the defendant, the plaintiff agreed to withdraw the suit if the above terms of settlement were carried out in full within three weeks.

Mr. Jinnah, accepted these terms on behalf of the plaintiffs.

The case was then adjourned for three weeks.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah with the Advocate General Mr. Kanga and Mr. Balubhai J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kolah and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. F. J. Coltman with Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. Motilal Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Wacha and Co. represented the defendant.

A LATVIE TOURIST IN BOMBAY

STUDENT OF SOCIALOGICAL PROBLEMS

An interesting visitor to the city of Bombay is a citizen from Latvie, Mr. R.L. Yean Penke van Liepaja, representative of the Geographical Society of his native country. Mr. Liepaja has already travelled in 21 counrties collecting materials regarding customs, manners, dress and other sociological factors in the development of the existing civilization in various countries

MR. YEAN PENKE LIEPAJA.

Those countries include Germany, France, Italy, Balkan States, Turkey, Persia. The Latvie traveller has visited Karchi, Lahore, Delhi, and intends to go to Madras and Calcutta after a short stay at Bombay He has come in contact with several professors and some students in Bombay. M. Liepaja expresses his great satisfaction with the treatment he has received from Indians. He describes Indians as the most hospitable people in the world.

BRAHMAN MARATHA WEDDING

An inter-communal and an inter-provincial wedding took place at Bombay on Wednesday evening, Mr. Venkatachar, I.C.S., a Mysore Brahman being the bridegroom and Miss Nirmala Talcherkar, being the bride. The Talcherkars are a distinguished Mahratta Hindu family of Bombay and Indore, the wedding was celebrated at Topiwalla Mansion, Sandhurst Road. A distinguished gathering was present and the present Maharaja of Indore, studying at Oxford sent a congratulatory cable.

The bridegroom is a nephew of Mr. C. Kadambi, joint Statt Engineer in Indore and a retired member of the Bombay P. W.D. His father is an eminent advocate of the Bangalore bar. He is at present posted as Collector at Budaun in U.P.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. Vinayakrao Anandrao Talcherkar, textile expert to the Indore State, and a cousin of the junior Maharani of Indore. She was educated at Mrs. Nikambe's School for ladies, Bombay, and at Chandravati Maha Vidyalaya, Indore.

UNJU ST DECISION OF GOVT.

BOMBAY BROKER'S PROTEST

The following telegram has been sent yesterday by the President of the Native Share & Stock Brokers' Association to the Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy at Simla:—

"My Association strongly protest against the unjust decision of the Government to refuse to grant to the Cotton Textile Industry even the meagre protection recommended by the Tariff Board and support the resolutions passed at the All-India Mill-owners' Conference, and strongly urge the Government to reconsider their decision."

WANTED MAN ARRESTED

ALLEGED PERSONATION AS CHIEF OF MONGHYR

Jugal Kishore Agarwalla who was wanted by the Bombay police in connection with a number of cheating cases has been arrested, as also his alleged accomplice Ramchandra Bholasingh. Agarwalla, it is alleged, has duped a number of citizens by means of false hundis passing as a Chief of Monghyr. Bholasingh has also said to have signed a hundi on the 1st of June for the purpose of enabling Agarwalla to obtain money from the New Zealand Red Wood Forests Limited.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN CITY

Three cases of fatal accidents occurred in Bombay on Friday which were the subject of enquiry in the Coroner's court.

Kashibai Babu (20) wife of a taxi-driver residing at Chowpaty was trying to put a plug of an electric fan in the socket standing on a tin trunk when she received a shock and died on the spot.

Kashinath Masila a Hindu boy working in the railway yard at Masjid station attempted to cross the railway lines when he was knocked down by a train, and was killed on the spot.

Kasum Musa, a labourer working in a godown at Jail Road, was sleeping on a pile of bags when a bag fell on him and fractured his skull. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died subsequently.

The Coronor's jury in all the cases returned verdict of accidental death.

DR. MOONJE'S APPEAL TO SHOLAPUR HINDUS

SHOLAPUR, June 24.

Addressing a public meeting at Sholapur, Dr. B. S. Moonje, declared that the Hindu Mahasabha was not anti-national. The Hindu Sabha worked for Swaraj. It was not a crime to strengthen the Hindus who could not otherwise agitate and fight for the liberation of India. Twenty-two crores of Hindus were unable to protect themselves against seven crores of Muslims. If that was their condition how could they secure Swaraj? He wanted Hindus to abolish untouchability. He wanted Hindus to admit to their fold people of other faiths who wanted to be Hindus. They had to purify wanted to be Hindus. They had to purify the Hindu society which was handicapped by evil prejudices and false customs. The Hindu Mahasabha had given, he said the right lead to Hindu and he wanted every Hindu to follow it.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

GUNNY MARKET RULES FIRM

CALCUTTA, June 24.

Share Market:—Jutes:—With steady Gunny Market ruled firm. At an all round advance over yesterday higher denominations were particularly in demand Fort Williams being marked up over ten points. The close was firm at best of day. Coals:—Quiet. Miscellaneous:—Bengal Iron are marked down while Indian Iron and Steel continue to improve. Kumardhubi Engineering ordinary are also turn dearer than yesterday.

Teas:—Stead y Government Secuhities—Very steady.

Following were the closing quotations

3½ per cent Government paper 78/1. 4 per cent. New Loan 1960/70 89/7. 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108/6. 6 per cent Bonds 1931 106/6.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan pref 98.

Cottons:—Dunbar ordy 236. Pref 172

Jutes:—Albion ordy 568. Alliance 871/8. Auckland 352. Anglo-Indian 487. Belly ordy 297/8. Barnagore 255. Biria ordy 16. Budge Budge ordy 595. Cheviot 342 Ex Div. Craig 6/6. Clive 46/10. Dalhousie 555. Delta Ordy 685 Cum Div. Gloster ordy 110. William ordy 440. Hooghly pref 16/14. India 281/8. Howrah 55/12. Kamarhatty 760. Kelvin 965. Kanknarrah 583. Lansdowne 336. National 35/6. Naihati 646. New Central 701. Northbrook 65/8. Orient 305 Ex Div. Presidency 11/15. Reliance 90. Standard 540. Waverly 7/10. Coals:—Burrakpur 16/8. Estpukuris and Asonsoi 1/4. Telcher 5/4.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone pref. 12/8. Dacca Electric 20/4. Patna Electric 12/12. Bengal Iron 14. Burn and Co., ordy. 293/8. Indian Galvanising 8, Indian Iron and Steel 16/14; Kumardhubi Engineering ordy. 3/12. Calcutta Tramways ordy. 14/4, Madan Treatres 5/12, Walford Transport 2. Titaghur paper ordy. 7. Tea:—Dimakusi 25, Eastern Cacher 17, New Terai 17, Pussimbing ordy. 15, Tongani 15, Debentures 6 per cent Bengal Club 91. Stop Exchange Bank Telegraphic Transfer 1|5 7|8d. Demand 1|5 25|32d.—A. P.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, June 24.

At Wimbledon to-day weather was sunny following heavy rain in the morning and there was fair attendance. The Centre court and number one court were protected while others were saturated. In the fourth round of men's singles Tilden beat Boussus (France) 6|1, 7|5, 6|2.—Reuter.

LONDON, June 24.

Heavy rain this morning caused abandonment of play to-day in the county cricket matches at Lords, Oval, Portsmouth, Derby, Chelmsford and Birmingham. Following are the results of matches which began on Wednesday;

Middlesex versus Lancashire. Lancashire won on first innings. Lancashire 413. Middlesex 319.

Surrey versus Cambridge University: Survey won on first innings. Surrey 556 and 59 for one. Cambridge 361.

Warwick versus Leicester. Warwick won on first innings. Warwick 240 and 101 for three. Leicester 144.

Matches between Essex and Oxford University at Chelmsford, between Hampshire and Yorkshire at Portsmouth and between Derby and Gloucester at Derby were drawn play having been abandoned to-day owing to rain.

At Wimbledon to-day Hunter (America) beat Gregory, English International player 4|6, 7|5, 6|2, 4|6, 6|3.—Reuter.

SIMLA, June 24.

Sir George Rainey, the Commerce Member, left this evening for Bombay to confer with the Millowners.—A. P.

QUETTA, June 24.

Flying Officer, P. E. Slacke and air-craftsman A. C. Hart were killed as a result of crash of Bristol fighter aeroplane of 31st Squadron of the Royal Air Force, while practising shadow fighting at the camp training between Shelabagh and Sanzala in the vicinity of Chaman. Their bodies have been brought here this evening by ambulance car. Their funerals will take place to-morrow.—A. P.

BOMBAY MILL INSURANCE

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I am glad that Mr. J. C. Nensey has followed up the matter of the Bombay mill insurances being placed with Indian insurance companies. "The Bombay Chronicle" should take all the credit for being the first newspaper in India to make the layman understand what insurance is, and what a great part insurance companies play in the economic life of a country.

A city like Bombay, for the enormous trade that passes through it, and the very large mill industry that it has developed, must surely be spending a large amount every year for getting fire insurance protection. From the latest report of the Tariff Board, it will be seen that Bombay City alone has 86 cotton mills. It will be interesting to know how many of these mills are insured with Indian insurance companies. Similarly, Bombay is the biggest centre for cotton trade and crores of rupees worth of this commodity are stored in the Sewri cotton godowns. How much insurance on this business goes to indigenous companies will be an equally interesting piece of information.

If only these two principal things were insured with our own companies, a very large amount of money can be retained in the country itself and all the existing Indian insurance companies will become a great success. And who knows, there will even be plenty of room for more of our insurance companies to come in.

In the recent conference of the millowners, one prominent member went so far as to suggest that as they had a big stake in this country, if it became necessary, he would not shrink from advocating a boycott of foreign goods. This is certainly a good sign of the times, because sentiments like these were generally not coming from that quarter. There can be no doubt whatever that the millowners are now seriously thinking of carrying on an intensive propaganda by appealing to the patriotic sentiments of the people to use Swadeshi cloth and thus keep the mill industry going.

Will it be too much, in these circumstances, if I make an appeal to our millowners not to neglect Indian insurance companies when the time for placing mill insurance comes? I would also make a personal request to you, Mr. Editor, to use your powerful voice on behalf of Indian insurance companies. The time is now most opportune for the millowners and cotton merchants, and everyone connected with trade and industry of this country to show in a very concrete, definite and patriotic manner that they have the interests of the country really at heart, and as an earnest, I hope Indian insurance companies will be coming in for a larger share of patronage at their hands.—Yours, etc.,

INDIAN FIRST AND LAST.

Bombay, June 24.

Men and Matters.

There is no doubt that the Battle of the Clocks is of perennial interest to our Civic Fathers. Bombay's *amour propre* demands that once having fought the battle valiantly led on by the great Sir Pherozshah, and obtained the laurels of victory, the laurels should rest undisturbed.

• • • • • •

That is as it should be. Let Crawford Market chime to Bombay Time, while the whole world around keeps the Standard variety and ardent local patriots like Mr. J. B Petit keep their waches in tune with the local variety "to the inconvenience" as Mr. Petit confessed "of himself and his business friends."

• • • • • •

Mr. Jhabwala writes: "Alight at Mahaluxmi Station and go to Dhobighat Road and you come across first the debris of the railway lines from which heaps of dust are always drifting in the air under the varying currents of wind and Dhobighat is a living hell". But the scenery opposite on the Race Course during the Winter Meetings is not strikingly different. However, while we pay grudgingly for Dhobi's dust, we pay dearly for horses' dust.

• • • • • •

The "Evening News of India" is carrying on a vigorous anti-graduates campaign. It preaches a homily to Sir Chimanlal Setalvad on birth control and contraceptive methods and asks the University to adopt Malthusian process in production of graduates. A better suggestion will be a poll tax on every bachelor of arts.

• • • • • •

A correspondent writing to us on the anomaly of the Second LL.B. results asks why there is a big gap between the numbers 8 and 40 (with the single exception of No. 36). The only answer is the "Evening News" proposes it and the University disposes. The examiners have evidently decided not to weed out, but to plough down by columns.

• • • • • •

Boy:—(looking up from book). What's an alibi, Pa?"

Mr. Bill Sikes: "A—er—time-saving device".

• • • • • •

"Darling", he said, gazing into her eyes, "when did you first realise that you loved me?"

"When I began to be annoyed at people calling you an idiot," she replied.

PARSI RAJKIYA SABHA

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—With reference to the letter of Mr. Banaji published in your to-day's issue though I hold views diametricallly opposed to Mr. Banaji's I think he is quite right in asking Brother Burjorji the questions about the constitution and management of the Parsi Rajkiya Sabha. Mr. Bharucha has been sending telegrams and messages to all and sunry persons in the name of the Sabha. I should like to know whether the Sabha has got an inner council, like the Council of the Presidency Association? I should like to know whether a register of the members of the Sabha is kept. If so how many members are there on the Register? Do these members pay their subscriptions? Or, is it one man's show?—Yours, etc.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

STRIKE IN CALCUTTA JUTE MILL

CALCUTTA, June 23.

Fourhundred weavers of the Lansdowne Jute Mill in the suburbs of North Calcutta have downed tools on the question of wages, completely dislocating the work of the mill.—A. P.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

JULY.

NEW YORK.

New York, June 24.

Previous closing rate	16.59
To-day's opening rate	16.54
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing rate	16.55
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL.

Previous closing rate	8.85
To-day's opening rate	8.85
	Unchanged.
To-day's closing rate	8.86
Difference	Plus .01

	Rs. a. p.
Boach—July expectation	335 0 0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

LATEST QUOTATIONS

London, June 24.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver Ready	26 1 0
Difference	0 2 0 higher.
Silver forward	26 1 0
Difference	0 2 0 higher.

Tone of market: Steady.

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The Bombay Chronicle.
SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1927

BARODA'S OPPORTUNITY.

The recent annual reports of the administration of Baroda are strangely disappointing. Baroda had long a reputation of being the leading Indian State and in the spheres of education and social legislation it led even British India. Even now, judged by the comparatively low standard of progress applied usually to the lesser States, struggling to outgrow their medieval conditions, Baroda is on the whole, a progressive State. In matters like co-operation, medical relief, amelioration of the depressed classes, trade and commerce and the like, the State is still pursuing a fairly liberal policy. From the latest Administration Report for 1925-26, we find that the State has no less than 731 Co-operative Societies, spends nearly seven lakhs on its 87 medical institutions, and possesses a remunerative railway system traversing about 700 miles. Fresh roads are being built, wells being dug; and only recently a new port, Port Okha, has been opened, which has brought in a revenue of Rs. 6 lakhs in the very first year. The port is expected to be a great stimulus to trade, both external and internal. The State's wide network of 645 libraries and 87 reading rooms reaching even small towns, is, indeed, an admirable help to mass education and fixes the habits of reading engendered by the system of compulsory and free primary education. It is now proposed to start a separate University for Baroda to foster higher education.

These are the popular features of Baroda administration of which it has reason to be proud; yet, a close scrutiny of the recent reports gives one the impression that a good part of the recent progress is due to the momentum acquired in earlier years, but that the momentum itself is weakening. The latest Report even shows here and there signs of stagnation, if not decadence. Let us consider the two departments of education and social legislation for which Baroda has been justly known in the past. In 1916, there were 2,719 educational institutions in the State. There were only 2,976 in 1925-26. This is hardly satisfactory progress, even making allowance for the fact that once primary education is made compulsory, the subsequent increase in the number of schools and students is comparatively much slower. Consider now the number of students. In 1916, there were 2,58,248 students. In 1924-25, the number came down to 2,17,138 and in 1925-26, it dropped further to 2,13,639. This is incredibly bad. The Report naively observes that "this decrease was in a measure due to economic causes." False economy in the administration would be a more accurate description of the cause. The Report adds that "the recent increase in fees charged in the secondary schools is also partly responsible for a decrease of nearly 1,000 in the number of boys studying English." Could not a State, which contemplates founding a University, which affords Rs. 25 lakhs annually for an army in addition to the police or Rs. 20 lakhs for Palace expenditure, afford to forego the higher fees which have driven over a thousand students out of secondary schools? As regards social legislation, there is a law in the State against infant marriages, but it is more or less a dead letter. Year after year a third of the marriages are in breach of the law, exemptions are freely given and offenders are punished with a fine of ten rupees. In the year under report, "out of the total number of persons convicted (11,117) only 882 persons were fined more than Rs. 10. The people openly flout the law. It only adorns the Statute Book. Some residents of Baroda, well-wishers all of the State have remarked to us with much pain that what is true of this law is true of many other things in the State, that things are not what they seem. We could show with reference to the Excise and a few other departments that there is little, if any, real progress in the State. What we have said is enough to justify our statement that there are already signs of stagnation if not of decadence in Baroda.

It seems strange at first sight that a State like Baroda, of all others, should exhibit signs of deterioration. But the reasons are not far to seek. There is always a limit to the improvements initiated by the most benevolent autocracy. In modern times especially, the limits are very narrow, personal rule being repugnant to public feeling. Baroda has gone about as far as the personal enthusiasm of the Gaekwar for reform could carry it. Beyond that stage, the enthusiasm and organised will of the people alone can ensure further reform. But, unhappily, the latter-day policy of the State has been marked by a strange distrust of the people which is wholly alien to liberal instincts of the ruler. That is why the Legislative Council of Baroda is a tame Legislature, why even local Self-Government in the State is narrow and cramped. That is why the State officials maintain the chilling silence about constitutional reforms that the Baroda People's Conference deplores. The present Dewan Mr. Krishnamachari has the reputation of being a great statesman. Already, in several directions, he has infused new life into the Administration. We trust he will realise in the interests of the State itself that little further progress is possible unless the dynamic power comes from the people themselves. We trust he will plead the popular cause before the Gaekwar and be instrumental in bringing Baroda abreast of British India. Baroda once led British India in educational matters. The whole country would be happy if Baroda could now lead in the vital matter of self-government.

FRIGHTENED BY "CULTURE."

A cable from Mexico City to a Chinese newspaper quotes the following from the report of Admiral Alvarez, Commanding Officer of the landing party at New Orleans: "All quiet here, following our bombardment of the city and the arrest of 97 American agitators who are believed to be in the pay of the reactionary British Government and the International Chamber of Commerce." This cable and the many accounts of British propaganda in China and elsewhere may enable one to realise why the British scent propaganda in the most innocent activities of Indians. The correspondence between Mr. T. C. Goswami and the Home Department of the Government of India reveals the distrustful character of the authorities. It is a purely medical mission that is proposed to be sent to China and will consist of five doctors, two compounders and eight men-nurses. The President of the Congress happened to remark that the mission would also serve as a "cultural embassy to nationalist China." But the authorities scented "politics" in the words "cultural" and "nationalist" and gravely asked Mr. Goswami for an explanation. The latter has very properly explained that "culture" means only culture and not politics. If Government felt that their hostility to the proposed mission would cool popular response to it, they are thoroughly mistaken. Dr. Hardikar announces that no less than 259 persons have volunteered to join the mission including 12 ladies and that the public has assured him of full financial help. Government may yet do their part gracefully.

"ENTIRELY AN INDIAN AFFAIR"

Mail papers to hand show Lancashire to be in high glee at our, rather than, Government's decision not to protect Indian mills. The Manchester Chamber of Commerce convened on the very day the decisions were published in England a joint conference of all Lancashire cotton interests. The official report of the conference says: "The decision of the Government of India does not directly affect Lancashire's export trade, and the matter is therefore regarded as entirely an Indian affair." A number of individuals representing various Lancashire interests, interviewed by the "Manchester Guardian," ill conceal their jubilation. Having gained their point, they can afford to be sympathetic and even patronising towards Bombay. They even give a lot of advice, quoting from the Textile Board's Report and talking of "our common interests." They are not yet aware of the latest developments here and the mill-owners' and people's desire to have done once and for all with both Lancashire and Japan. When they do hear of these developments, they will talk less of "our common interests" and will begin to realise that the situation, after all, is not "entirely an Indian affair."

HOW IT WORKS.

A disquieting feature of the work likely to be achieved at the Three Powers' Conference on reductions in naval armaments at Geneva is the aloofness with which France and Italy regard the Conference proposals. The suggestion that England and Japan may desire to find points of agreement in regard to reduction in armaments with a view to make a closer co-operation possible against Soviet Russia is another disquieting factor, a factor which will make France in particular anxious not to allow herself to be seriously drawn into real, practical schemes of disarmament on land as well as on sea. France has always had a body of politicians who emphasize the view that she should be friendly with Russia, particularly when an Anglo-Japanese combination is possible to counteract Soviet policy in the East. Friendly relations with Russia are in French eyes a powerful safeguard against German military ambitions and the fact that France has in view a thoroughly well equipped and trained national militia will make her an ally worth securing for the Soviet. By the new French military law of March 7, 1927 "in time of War all French citizens and dependents, without distinction of age or sex" are bound to participate "either as combatants in the defence of the country, or as con-combatants in the maintenance of its national and moral life." France thus proposes to have ready an immense human military reserve, and is not at all anxious to listen to proposals about reduction in naval strength. This is how disarmament works.

INTER-COMMUNAL MARRIAGES.

BOMBAY PRARTHANA SAMAJ VIEW.

(BY G. B. TRIVEDI.)

Intercaste and intercommunal marriages are encouraged in the Brahmo and Prarthana Samajes which do not believe in caste-system. They preach and practise the doctrine of Brotherhood of man. In fact, these Samajes are the pioneers of the marriage-reforms in India. They abolished early marriages, dowries and "hundas". and encouraged widow remarriages and introduced simple rituals. The first intercaste marriage celebrated in India was in the Brahmo Samaj in Calcutta in 1864 and in Bombay in 1871. Dr. Atmaram Pandurang Turkhad, the first President of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, was a pioneer of this movement, most of his children having married out of caste and even in European and Parsi communities. Since then such marriages have increased in number in Bengal, Bombay and other places wherever Brahmo influence has spread.

The great Hindu community, divided into numerous castes and subcastes with increasing education and enlightenment, finds it most difficult to have suitable marriages for its boys and girls. Circles and orbits are too narrow to give proper scope for selection. Hence there is always a great hunt for securing possible brides and bridegrooms leading to early marriages, demands of dowry and "hunda", or fancy prices for girls. Well-meaning parents are always in anxiety as their children grow into adults When suitable match is not available, they have to be satisfied with the second best hoping that fate will favour their children. Very few dare to look beyond the prescribed orbit, however narrow it may be. Young men or girls have hardly any voice in the matter and are hardly consulted or, if nominally consulted, they have to acquiesce in the proposal for fear of offending their elders.

Our marriage system requires much overhauling. It is very expensive and ruins many families. It drives many young men to ruin and misery. Out of sheer despair, many resort to evil ways. Caste people connive at such lapses but will not overhaul the system. It is generally believed that the present discontent in the country is due to economical causes and the chief of these is our old rigid expensive marriage system. It is tyrannising the lower middle classes who are sure to revolt one day and overthrow the system. It is wise to relax the rigidity before it is too late. Liberty to intermarry in the main castes or amongst the higher three classes seems to be the only solution to prevent social disruption.

In the meantime the Brahmo Samaj leads the movement of reform. To Brahmos intermarriage is a settled question but intercommunal and interprovincial marriages are not rare amongst them. They are well-received in the Brahmo community, the only safeguard insisted on, is that principles of morality should not be violated.

As to law, the Civil Marriage Act of 1872 requires to be amended to meet the requirements of the day. The negative declaration should be dropped and the Act should now be in a line with Civil Marriage Act in England and other advanced countries. Mr. Bhupendranath Basu tried but failed. Let us hope that Dr. Gaur will succeed in his attempt.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Cosgrave's Success.

So far Mr. Cosgrave has succeeded in winning the confidence and support of the majority of the newly elected Dail for his policy of standing by the Anglo-Irish Treaty. Whether the de Valera party whose intention not to take the oath was well-known were indulging in good tactics in forcing an entrance into the Chamber can only be ascertained after watching the result of their appeal to the country to make the Government of Mr. Cosgrave impossible. This appeal they are sure to make. The likelihood is that it will fall flat. Mr. Cosgrave, who has been elected President by an overwhelming majority of votes, will have no difficulty in forming a stable Government and the presence of Mr. Kevin O'Higgins in it is a guarantee that it will not err on the side of inefficiency and flabbiness.

What is he After?

Dr. Stresemann's spirited reply to M. Poincare's provocative speech at Luneville wherein the latter drew a lurid picture of German militarist tendencies will greatly please not only all the Reichstag parties which give uniform support to the Stresemann foreign policy but also the German Nationalists. "What is M. Poincare's aim?" asked the German Foreign Minister and declared that France could either pursue the Ruhr or the Locarno policy, but not both. M. Poincare will do well to stress more the Locarno spirit and pay attention to the German demand for the reduction of Allied troops in the Rhineland, if he really wants peace with Germany. The exasperation of the German public with the present position of humiliation for Germany in the Rhineland can be gauged from the bitter complaint of the "Koelnische Zeitung" in mail week that Germany has done everything possible for disarmament but still the Allies are not satisfied. "Germany has now no forts and no army," the paper says, "she can form no defensive alliances and yet there stand entrenched in her Western territory 75,000 foreign troops"!

A Prince's Example.

Princes in the palace ready to rub shoulders with the peasants in the field are extremely rare in these days, but one such is Prince Madhavsinhji, nephew of the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar. This young Prince, an interview with whom we publish elsewhere, has studied agriculture scientifically in America and has now resolved to devote himself to the improvement of agriculture in the Nawanagar State. He would work with his hands in demonstration farms and otherwise instruct and help the farmer, for whom he seems to have a kindly regard. If he perserveres in his ideals, he would be an excellent example to other princes and young zamindars. If it is true that agriculture suffers in India for lack of enough brains behind the plough, the complete remedy would seem to be not merely to educate the farmer but also to get brainy young men to take to the plough. In this latter work, too, Prince Madhavsinhji should be of great help. It is good plan that the Jamsaheb has adopted, to send promising students abroad for the study of advanced agriculture. A plan at least equally useful is to provide educated young men with land on easy terms.

Eye-Wash.

The Bombay Improvement Trust Board passed a resolution last year prohibiting the location of liquor shops on Trust properties. The Committee of the Board, which functions as its executive body acted, it will be remembered, absolutely at variance with the expressed wishes of the authority from which it is supposed to derive its power, by sanctioning on the 15th instant the location of a toddy shop on the West Chaupatty estate of the Trust. Now that the motion of Mr. Silam, a member of the Committee, asking the Chief Officer not to take action on the matter is turned down by the narrow majority of one vote, it is clear that a section of the Committee is out to defy the Board. We need hardly impress upon the members of the Corporation the grave constitutional impropriety of such an attitude on the part of the Committee and the necessity of ascertaining how far they are legally masters in their own house. They may inquire how far the Act of Transfer of 1925 which purported to transfer the powers and duties of the old Improvement Trust to the Bombay Municipal Corporation was a real transfer proceeding or a mere "eye-wash." The Committee of the Board behaves as if there was no transfer at all.

Ridiculous.

Do the Government of Bombay realise how very ridiculous they make themselves in the eyes of the Indian public with their policy of giving pin-pricks to Dr. Moonje? If they find him making speeches which result in the disturbance of public peace, the law is there, strong and sufficient, and proceedings can be taken against him. But what is the use of looking upon him as an incipient criminal whose activities may disturb public peace and sending him insolent notices that so long as he abstains from "provocative language" "Government do not propose to interfere with his tour," but the moment he does so, "action will be taken against him"? Dr. Moonje has been touring a good deal in this Presidency and his speeches have on no occasion produced public disorder. What business have the Government of Bombay to insult him by their insinuation that he may use "provocative language"?

THE WRONGS OF KARNATAK.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Mr. Hukerikar has done well in publishing an article under the above caption in your issue of the 21st instant drawing the attention of the public, and the Government to the many wrongs to which Karnatic is subjected. It is an undoubted fact that Karnatak has had a glorious past in the history of our country. In her palmy days Karnatak had not lagged behind other provinces of India in martial, literery and cultural achievements. Her history bristles with illustrious personages of whom any country on the face of the earth may be proud; but alas! when we cast our glance at her present plight we cannot but heave a deep sigh of sorrow at the degradation to which she has sunk. The greatest wrong from which she has long been suffering—especially from the time of the British conquest—is her ruthless partition. The notorious partition of Bengal was nothing compared to the particition of Karnatak. She has been parcelled off into so many bits and fragments that no strength of imagination can conceive them as parts of one whole at present. If the province of Bombay claims some of her districts, Madras claims some others; if the Nizam's Dominions claim some of her tracts, some other tracts are under the sway of Mysore. Thus she is neither one nor whole nor have her sons one master. And this merciless division of hers has led to such great setbacks in her onward march in all spheres of human activity that it is impossible to assess the damage done to her. Her peoples having been apportioned to different political administrations, she has not got a common Government nor has she common laws although their cultural instincts and traditions were identical not very long ago. Having no one University, her children acquire a motley sort of education. Her language has become so much diversified that, for instance, the language spoken and written by Madrasi Kannadigars is quite different from that of the "Southern Maharashtrian" Kannadigars. Manners, customs and habits have also all become variegated in course of time. In short, Kannadigar inhabiting different provinces and States of Southern India have developed different cultures and traditions so much so that even if the process of unification were to start from this moment it would take some time before they become united again in every respect.

Mr. Hukerikar has pointed out that while other provinces of India can boast of their great men, Karnatak of to-day has not a single one to her name. What may be the cause of this? Could it be that Karnatak which produced a Vidyaranya, a Basaweshwar, a Pulikeshi should now confess a misereble dearth of great men? The reason is not far to seek. It is directly traceable to her present disintegrated state. For, what is a great man after all? A Great man a hero as Carlyle would call him is nothing but the manifestation of the spirit throbbing in a country at a certain point of time. If there is no such spirit, there can be no hero. What spirit can there be in our present-day Karnatak when all her limbs are cut off and her forces lie scattered in all directions?

The only remedy by which the ancient greatness and integrity of Karnatak can be restored is by the unification of all the Kanarese-speaking peoples into one province under one political and administrative banner. Their common interest can only be well looked after if they are entrusted to the care of those who belong to their own fold. Otherwise, they will remain strangers to each other for all time to come and the revival of their ancient glory will be next to impossible. It may be urged that such a movement for unification will generate Provincialism and, therefore, it will not be a healthy movement. In reply it can only be said that India's future political salvation lies in the development of her Provinces autonomous and self-contained in themselves, so far as their special interests are concerned. When we see such a possibility before us there is not only no harm, nay, indeed, it is positively incumbent, that Karnatak should be given the chance, which is her right, to mould her destiny according to her instincts and traditions There can be no justification for any other arrangement.—Yours etc.,

M. S. SIRDAR.

B.A. (Bom. and Oxon) Bar-at-law.
Sholapur, June 22.

RUHR POLICY OR LOCARNO?

DR. STRESEMANN HITS BACK

POINCARE'S INTENTION'S QUESTIONED.

REDUCTION OF ALLIED TROOPS URGED.

LONDON, June 23.

Berlin.—The speech of M. Poincare on the 19th June in unveiling the War memorial at Luneville when he cited instances of alleged militarism of Germany has received a vigorous reply from Dr. Stresemann in the Reichstag. "What is M. Poincare's aim, is it Ruhr policy or Locarno policy?" demanded Dr. Stresemann. "One or the other is possible but not both. We only want restoration of the German sovereignty. We want to be peaceful but free." He declared that Germany's disarmament unto nakedness with guarantees supplied by Locarno were the utmost that could be offered. As regards security, he emphasised that the reduction of the Allied troops in the Rhineland was the condition on which the signing of the Locarno treaty had depended. "We are entitled to demand" he continued "that the allies should carry out their solemn promise. It has become a question of confidence in the honesty of the co-signatories and their intentions. It will not do to wait until the German public opinion has lost patience with regard to this." Incidentally, Dr. Stresemann expressed confidence that Germany would be given a seat on the Mandates Commission in September in accordance with the decisions of the League Council.—Reuter.

TOO MUCH LIBERTY TO DETENUS?

BENGAL GAOLS COMMITTEES REPORT

EARL WINTERTON STILL CONSIDERING

LONDON, June 23.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Kelly with regard to the report of Bengal Gaols Enquiry Committee, Earl Winterton said that the interval since the report was made, had been too short to enable him to say what action would be taken with regard to it. He emphasised many points to be considered, and gave as example the recommendation regarding Bengal detenus being given too much liberty and playing badminton and tennis in the sight of other convicts. He added that all these matters required careful attention, especially in view of the strong feeling evinced by the Labourites.—Reuter.

PHYSICIAN TO HIS MAJESTY

COL. BAKHLE'S APPOINTMENT

SIMLA, June 23.

Colonel C. R. Bakhle of the Indian Medical Service is appointed Honorary Physician to His Majesty the King.—(A. P.)

MR THOMAS MOTION REJECTED

LONDON, June 23.

By 354 votes to 139 the House of Commons has passed the third reading of the Trade Union Bill after rejecting Mr. Thomas' motion.—Reuter.

FITZALANS MOTION CARRIED

LONDON, June 23.

--The House of Lords has concluded the debate on its own reform, and has agreed to Viscount Fitzalan's motion without division.—Reuter.

CULTIVATION OF COTTON VARIETIES

EVIDENCE BEFORE ROYAL COMMISSION

LONDON, June 23.

Before the Royal Commission on Agriculture, Colonel Malcolm, Chairman of the London Jute Association giving evidence expressed the opinion that the quality of jute had deteriorated.

Mr. James Littlewood representing the Oldham Master Cotton-Spinners Association said that if Indian cotton trade were to be expanded, attention should be concentrated on the cultivation of varieties of cotton which could be substituted for the American cotton in the English mills. Lancashire used 100 to 120 thousand bales of Indian cotton every year compared with two million bales of American cotton. The Commission adjourned till the 24th.—Reuter.

MR. DANGE IN CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, June 24.

Mr. S. A. Dange addressed a meeting of mill-workers in front of the Elgin Mills last evening. Speaking about Communists, he said "We Communists want to change the very outlook of the people. We want to make the wage-earners the rulers of the nation and not merely remain well paid and well housed. Social amelioration through trade unionism is not our final goal but a fraction of our ideal. Our ideal is the abolition of all classes and placing the necessities and luxuries of life within the reach of everyone."—A. P.

STILL THEY COME

MORE EXECUTIONS IN RUSSIA

LONDON, June 23.

Moscow.—Ten persons have been executed, and nineteen imprisoned as the result of the trial before the District Court of Kortsen in Ukraine of a gang accused of robberies and murders in the neighbourhood of the Polish border. It was declared that the murderers fled to Poland after each crime.—Reuter.

ALLEGED POSSESSION OF DYNAMITE

INGENIOUS GANG AT WORK

LONDON, June 23.

Athens.—An ingenious, if melodramatic way of earning the livelihood is indicated by yesterday's bomb plot. Kavadas, Bonelli and Mihalopoulo, three persons concerned have been committed to trial on a charge of unlawfully possessing dynamite. Kavadas now accuses others of belonging to a "large organisation bent upon blowing up the legations and embassies in Greece and elsewhere", but the shrewd authorities suspect that the whole affair has been staged to extort money from the Greek Government and Italian Legation which Kavadas also warned was in alleged danger.—Reuter.

STATUTORY COMMISSION.

GEN. SMUTS TO BE PRESIDENT?

LONDON, June 24.

The "Nation" says that names of Lord Ronaldshay and General Smuts are mentioned in connection with the Chairmanship of the Statutory Commission on the revision of the Indian Constitution.—Reuter.

RELEASE OF JURASHKOVITCH

YUGO SLAVIA EXPRESSES WILLINGNESS

LONDON, June 23.

Belgrade.—The Italian, French and German Ministers and British Charge d'Affaires have presented the Yugoslav Government separate but identic Notes demanding that Albano-Yugoslav dispute shall be settled by the release of Jurashkovitch simultaneously with the modification of terms of the Yugoslav Note dated 30th May which the Albanian Government considered to be insulting. The Foreign Minister has intimatedd that Yugoslav would accept the suggestion.—Reuter.

"KAISAR-I-HIND" HELD UP

SERIOUS MONSOON FATALITY.

LONDON, June 23.

The P. and O. steamer "Kaisar-i-Hind" arrived at Plymouth 24 hours late owing to the severity of the monsoon between Bombay and Aden. The bursting of the monsoon preceded a terrific cyclone and huge seas. Two passengers, Herbert Richard Pickering (51) and Samuel Simpson (60) died during the voyage and were buried in the Red Sea.—Reuter's Special.

STATUTORY COMMISSION

PROBABLE COMPOSITION

"ENGLISHMAN'S" FORECAST

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The forthcoming Statutory Commission on the Reforms is at present engaging the attention of the non-Official European community and the Anglo-Indian press. The "Englishman" in the course of a leader discussing the composition and working of the Commission says that it might be composed of men whose lack of association with India should satisfy all but the most incurable of doubting of their judicial impartiality. Whether the body be a Parliamentary commission or not is a matter of relatively minor account. Working ahead of the actual Commission there might be another body which we will call a Board of Assessors composed of men whose association with and knowledge of India would enable them to collect and sift evidence with an efficiency and despatch hardly to be expected from the inexperienced. This Board would be a genuinely representative one, including official and non-official Europeans and Indians. Its function would be to take evidence and to draw up a report for submission to the Commission proper. Then the task of the Commission would begin. Its members would have before them all the necessary information, the evidence of witnesses and the conclusions of the assessors. On this fund of material, eked out by direct examination of as many witnesses as they might think fit and a study of conditions on the spot, they would draw up their report for submission to the Imperial Parliament.

THE OTHER ALTERNATIVE.

The paper adds that if this scheme should prove inacceptable, the assessors might be used in a different way. If the Commission is to be composed of men with no experience of India and things Indian, then its members should be assisted in their duty of the problem by men with knowledge of local conditions and there seems to be no better way of affording that essential help, than by utilising a Board of assessors fully representative of all interests ethnical, commercial, and political. This body would sit with the Commission leading evidence with the object of elucidating points of major importance, which otherwise might not be brought out as clearly as they should be. In this way, the members of the Commission would be able to get a better appreciation of feelings and interests of all communities than they would probably be able to arrive at through their own unaided efforts. The sifting of evidence would then lie with the Commission. The function of the assessors would be similar to that of counsel leading evidence before a judge.—A. P.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION!

DR. SAPRU'S LETTER CRITICISED

The political correspondent of "Forward" cables from London under date June 21:—

During yesterday I interviewed many Indian political leaders now in London and discussed with them Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's letter which together with the "Pioneer's" letter was published on the main page of yesterday's "Times."

All of them who are having unofficial pourparlers on the Royal Commission expressed a profound sense of amazement at the tone and contents of Dr. Sapru's letter. One distinguished Indian leader whose opinion I can authoritatively state, had been sought in Government circles and whose observation that "findings of no Royal Commission would be worth the paper on which they are written unless the Commission contains a majority of Indians" had been receiving their serious consideration, told me that Dr. Sapru's letter had provided just the propagandist material sought by the Die Hards. All talks of the Royal Commission as purely British or nearly all British seem to be more or less kite flying, done first for propagandist purposes and secondly, to get Indian Nationalist opinion committed to accept as the maximum two or three seats. The purpose is partly served by Dr. Sapru's letter, for I can state that responsible outside opinion regarding Indian personel is still being sought through unofficial channels.

"SPADE WORK" OF REFORMS

MR. DUNNET'S APPOINTMENT

SIMLA, June 24.

It is understood Mr. J. A. Shilladay, who was special Retrenchment Officer, appointed by the Government of Bombay, will be appointed joint Home Secretary to the Government of India in place of Mr. Dunnet, who has been deputed to undertake spade work in connection with the Reforms Enquiry.—Free Press.

IMMORAL TRAFFIC ACT AT WORK

CALCUTTA, June 24.

Charges under Sections 7 and 8 of the Immoral Traffic Act were framed against two Kashmiri women by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day. It was alleged that the women brought a woman seventeen years old girl from Kashmir to Calcutta and led her to a life of shame. The girl was married and she was decoyed from her home under false pretences.—Free Press.

ARMY ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

MOTION BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY

AGENDA FOR AUGUST SESSION

SIMLA, June 22.

It is now becoming increasingly clear that the Autumn Session of the Central Legislature, which will commence on the 18th of August, will last about a month. The list of non-official resolutions, which were given notice of, in the Delhi session, but were not ballotted for or discussed, has already been published. An effort will be made to bring up several of these. But since the close of the Delhi session, notice has also been given of other important motions as well as interpellations.

INQUIRY INTO FRONTIER POLICY.

Mr. K. C. Neogy and nine other members have notified their intention to propose two motions, one for the reorganisation of Headquarters of the Army Administration in India with a view to bringing it into line with the Declaration of August 20, 1927, end the ohher for the appointment of a Committee of the Central Legislature to inquire into the present Frontier policy on the North-west Frontier in its political and financial bearings and to make recommendations.

Mr. K. C. Roy will urge the Government of India to accept the recommendations of the Indian Sandhurst Committee and take early measures to give effect to them.

MR. KELKAR'S MOTION ON COTTON.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar and six of his friends have a resolution for a Committee to investigate the effects of the successive failure of cotton crops, the low prices of cotton during the last two years and the working of the Cotton Transport Act and the Cotton Ginning Factories Regulation Act on the economic condition of agriculturists in the cotton districts of British India in general and the Central Provinces and Berar in particular, and to recommend remedial measures for their amelioration. The subject matter of this resolution may be discussed in part at least in connection with the Government Bill in respect of the Cotton Textile Tariff Board's report.

GRIEVANCES OF POSTAL EMPLOYEES.

Mr. Abdul Latef Farookhi has a motion to put a stop to "bucket-shops" all over India on the ground that they have become a source of increasing poverty in the country. The same member will ask for a committee of enquiry ino the grievances of postal employees, to consist of nnine members of whom three shall be non-official members of the Assembly, three Government Officials and three elected by the All-India (including Burma) Postal and R.M.S. Union, the Chairman to be a non-official member of the Assembly.

TARIFF ON FOREIGN SUGAR.

Mr. Mutkar Singh wishes to "save the sugar industry of India" and "place it on a successful commercial basis" and he will, therefore, urge Government among other things to form a Sugar Board to advise Government and to appoint a Committeee to recommend what tariff duties should be imposed on foreign sugar.

QUESTIONS ON REFORMS.

Questions of which notice has so far been given are not many. Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh will refer to the proposal to curtail the length of the stay of the Government of India in Simla and ask what offices and establishments will be permanently located in Delhi. He will ask if it is proposed that the Autumn Session of the Central Legislature shall be held in Delhi and in this connection, he will ask whether if so, the Government will not have to spend more as they will have to pay the members motor haulage and conveyance allowances. In any case, he does not want any decision to be arrived at before the Central Legislature has been consulted. Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh will also seek to secure the publication of the correspondence between the Government of India and the Secretary of State regarding the appointment of the Statutory Commission. He will draw attention to the Press report that a Committee of the Government of India consisting of the Law Member, Sir Alexander Muddiman, Sir Basil Blackett and Sir John Thompson discussed in May last certain proposals connected with Reforms end will ask for the publication of any decision that they may have been arrived at them.

SWEDISH MATCH COMBINE.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas will draw attention to the fact that the representatives of the Swedish Match Combine in India refused to supply the President of Tariff Board with details regarding the cost of the production of matches by that Combine in India even in camera, and will ask whether Government propose to undertake Legislation to prevent a repetition of such an incident in connection with any future enquiry. He will further seek information on the lines of the chart submitted by Mr. Gennings on wages to the Currency Commission as appearing on page 364 of Volume II Appendices to their report.

Mr. Sherwani has a series of questions about the Army Canteen Service, and Kumar Ganganand Sinha about the League of Nations and India's share in its work.

All resolutions and questions are subject to admission by the President.—A. P. (By Mail).

"MOST HONEST AND STRAIGHT-FORWARD."

DR. MALAN'S TRIBUTE TO MR. SASTRI.

SOUTH-AFRICAN AGREEMENT.

WELCOME CHANGE OF ATTITUDE.

MADRAS, June 24.

Mr. G. F. Andrews, cabling from South Africa to "Hindu" refers to the change of tone in the debate on the second reading of the Indo-South African Agreement Bill and says the reading was practically unopposed.

Transvaal was offered amnesty in the matter of fraudulent entrants, letting byegones be bygones, provided an assurance was given that such fraud would be prevented hereafter. This ought to satisfy Transvaal and reunite the Congress but, adds Mr. Andrews, the split probably lies deeper.

Mr. Marwick openly challenged Dr. Malan that the carrying out of the Agreement fully involved complete Indian citizenships. Dr. Malan did not take up the challenge thereby implying it was unanswerable.

Dr. Malan paid a tribute to Mr. Sastri calling him the most honest and straightforward man, he had ever met.—Free Press.

CAPE TOWN, June 24.

The Union House of Assembly passed the second reading of the Immigration and Indian Relief (Further Provision) Bill. Winding up the debate, the Minister for Interior paid a tribute to the appointment of the Rt. Hon. Sastri, declaring that no better selection could have been made. Mr. Sastri was one of the most distinguished men in the Empire, and as one of those participating in the Round Table Conference at Capetown, he knew he shared the spirit and knew the intention of the Government.

Apart from that, the appointment was welcomed and approved by the entire Indian community in South Africa. Dr. Malan paid a tribute to the way in which the Indian Government was co-operating with the Union Government on the lines of the Agreement reached at the Capetown Conference and stated that he had every hope that the Agreement would prove a success.—Reuter.

WIDER CONCEPTION OF CHRISTIAN TEACHING

ARCHBISHOP ON INDIAN CHURCH BILL

LONDON, June 23.

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Indian Church Aid Association, the Archbishop of Canterbury said that Indian Church Bill was in essence the recognition of the change in the viewpoint, and meant a wider conception of welding the Christian teaching into India's life. The Bishop of Calcutta, meeting the objections to the Bill and the measures said the Government of India were prepared to deal generously with them in making reasonable grants for episcopal supervision of the Chaplaincies and maintained churches.—Reuter's Special.

SIR BASIL'S NEW JOB.

APPOINTED LEADER OF ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, June 24.

His Excellency the Viceroy has appointed Sir Basil Blackett to be the leader of the Legislative Assembly in succession to Sir Alerander Muddiman.—A. P.

LADIES' OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

FRANCE BEATS BRITAIN

LONDON, June 23.

Le Touquet.—In the final of the French Ladies' Open Golf Championship, Mlle. De La Chaume beat Mrs. Alec Johnston (Britain), 15 up and 14 to play. This margin is the record win for the national championships in Europe. The world's record is held by Miss Cecil Leith who beat Miss Molly McBride 17 and 15 in the Canadian championship in 1921.—Reuter's Special.

DISPUTE AMONG CHITTOOR VAISHNAVAS

OBSTRUCTION TO RECITE HYMNS

MADRAS, June 23.

Sectarian dispute having once more cropped up, says the Chittoor correspondent of the "Madras Mail", between Vadagalal and Tengalai Vaishnavites of Tirupati over the right of chanting hymns in recent Brahmotsavam festival, the Vadagalais claimed the privilege while the other party persisted until the Magistrate had to pass order order under section 14 Cr. P. C. restraining Vadagalais, among whom are certain school boys, from reciting hymns.

Petition has been filed before the District Magistrate for revocation or orders.—Free Press.

REMOVE BAG AND BAGGAGE

DEPORTATION ONLY IF NECESSARY

NO INTERFERENCE WITH LEGITIMATE BUSINESS

RUGBY, June 23.

The Home Secretary in the Commons, today, said that, of thirty-one members of the Soviet Mission all except one had left England and he had been warned to go. 41 of 53 Russians of the staff of the Trade Delegation had gone, six had received notice to go and the remaining six had not yet been finally disposed of. Distinct from these two classes were Soviet citizens numbering 350, employed in Messrs. Areos and other trading organisations with whose legitimate business activities, it was the aim of the British Government to interfere as little as possible. Forty-eight had left, or were about to leave some voluntarily and others as a result of special instructions. Of the remainder, the cases of many who were residents here before the Trade Agreement, were now under review, and were being examined individually. This examination must take time as the risk of doing damage to legitimate trade interests by hasty action was to be avoided, but it should be pressed forward as rapidly as possible. Any attempt on the part of Soviet citizens to engage in political activity under the guise of trade would not be tolerated. Deportation orders under the Aliens Act would only be made, if required, to enforce the decision in any particular case.—B. O. W.

DUKE AND DUCHESS AT GIBRALTER

RECEIVED WITH GREAT CHEERING

RUGBY, June 23.

The battle cruiser "Renown" with the Duke and Duchess of York, homeward bound from their great tour, arrived at Gibralter to-day. The visitors on landing, were received with great cheering, which continued through their drive to the City Hall, where loyal addresses were delivered and gifts including a choice Spanish shawl, one hundred fifty years old from the Chamber of Commerce were presented to the Duchess.—B. O. W.

CALCUTTA MERCHANTS HOLD OUT

CALCUTTA, June 24.

A Calcutta merchant, interviewed by "The Statesman," regarding the report of "The Financial Times" that the Calcutta merchants had combined against Manchester, said the report was entirely without foundation.

He, however, added there was a tendency among the Calcutta merchants to hold out from making forward purchases as long as possible in view of the present disparity between the prices in Calcutta and Manchester.—Free Press.

EVOLVING COMMUNAL HARMONY

BOARD EXPECTED TO COMMAND OONFIDENCE

DELHI, June 24.

Elections to the permanent Board for evolving communal harmony, are expected to be complete by 1st July. The Board will begin to function before the Mohurrum.

Judging from the response so far received for the constitution of the Board, the Board will really command the confidence of all the communities.

The Conciliation Board has not yet been dissolved although it has not been functioning.—Free Pres.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST IN HOWRAH

FR MINAL TAX ON RY PASSENGERS

CALCUTTA, June 24.

On the suggestion of the Government of Bengal, the Howrah Municipality, at their meeting this evening, decided to introduce Improvement Trust in Howrah.

They have forwarded to the Government their recommendations in regard to the imposition of taxes, on holdings and an imposition of a terminal tax on passengers coming to and from Howrah, over the Howrah-Amta and the Howrah-Seakhola Light Railways and on all passengers going to and from Howrah over the E. I. R. and B. N. Railways.

The Howrah Municipality has also demanded from Government an increased contribution of Rs. 25,000 from the general revenue fund, and they have asked the Imperial Government for a substantial contribution as they did in the case of Cacutta.—Free Press.

MARATHA GIRL DROWNS HERSELF

PREFERS DEATH TO MARRIED LIFE

MADRAS, June 24.

Preferring death to a married life, one Chengoobai, a Marathi girl of eleven years, is reported to have drowned herself in a well at Narayanpet Road station on the G. I. P. Rly, while being sent back by her father to her husband's house.

The father of the girl told the police that his daughter had been married to one Luximan of Shahabad and that she returned again and again to his house. Taking advantage of a relation of his going to Shahabad he sent his daughter along with him. The police report says, that the girl was being ill-treated by osine one in her husband's house and being forced by her parents to return, she committed suicide.—Free Press.

COSGRAVE RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT.

LONDON, June 23.

Dublin.—Members of De Valera's party were not allowed to enter the Dail Chamber. They vigorously protested at the exclusion, and finally left the Parliament House. Meanwhile, the Dail, by 68 votes to 22 re-elected Mr. Cosgrave, as President, Labourites alone opposing.—Reuter.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON JOCKEYS

ACCUSED ABSCONDING

MADRAS, June 24

Two brothers, Rangaswamy and Raju, are wanted by the police, says the Ooty correspondent of the "Madras Mail", in connection with charges of dacoity and assault preferred by two European jockeys, Messrs. Black and Brown. It is alleged that at the close of a game of poker, Rangaswamy handed over a cheque of Rs. 3,125 to Mr. Black who handed it over to Mr. Brown and the latter was consequently assaulted and robbed of the cheque. Both the wanted men are absconding, while warrants have been issued for their arrests.—Free Press.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Governor of Bengal leaves Darjeeling for Calcutta on June 30th.—A. P.

An Ootacamund message says: "Diwan Bahadur T. Raghaviah, Law Secretary, will, it is understood be the President of the Committee on the Malabar Tenancy Bill. The Committee will be shortly appointed, with six other members."

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson attended the Kirkee Gymkhana Races on Thursday the 23rd June.

SHOLAPUR, June 24.

Dr. B. S. Moonje. President of the Hindu Mahasabha, arrived at Sholapur early morning, on June 24.—Free Press.

His Excellency the Viceroy during his visit to Southern India will visit the Pasteur Institute and inspect the investigations of Lieut-Col. Carrison on the defeciency of diseases.—Free Press.

SEPARATION OF SIND

PROTEST MEETING IN KARACHI

KARACHII June 24.

The following resolution was passed by an overwhelming majority with a few dissentients belonging mostly to the Congress Party at a public meeting organised by the "Unionists" under the presidentship of Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas last night:—

"This meeting of Hindus of Karachi is of oinion that the separation of Sind from the Bombay Presidency and constitution of it into a separate province will not be beneficial to the interests of the province in general and of the Hindu community in particular and is calculated to retard the progress of the province and drain its resources and entail increased taxation for carrying on the administration. This meeting therefore calls upon the Hindu members of the Legislative Assembly and Bombay Legislative Council to do all in their power to oppose the separation of Sind."

The resolution was supported by Dr. Choithiram and Mr. Jayaramdas.

Swami Govindanand, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee supported by Messrs. Jethmal and Jeswant moved an amendment to the effect that the meeting before finally deciding the issue should appoint a committee to go thoroughly into the question of separation in all its aspects and report within two months, but it was rejected.

Attempts are being made to create the impression outside Sind that while the rural areas of the province are against separation, the public opinion among Hindus of Karachi is more favourable to the proposal of separation.—Free Press.

'MISTAKE OF POLITICIANS"

MR. BOSE S EXHORTATION TO YOUNGMEN

JESSORE, June 24.

"The one mistake that our politicians have committed is, they have tried to build organisations not in the villages but in towns. Organisation could not be imposed from outside. Village reconstruction by funds raised from the public was an absurd conception. Villages could be reconstructed only by the villagers themselves, more by their personal exertions than by money." In these words Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, President of the Jessore-Khulna Youngmen's Association, made an appeal to a large gathering of youngmen.

Outlining a programme of work for them, he said it should include propagation of physical culture, training in manual work to develop a mentality of independence, and habit of joint work. He wanted all youngmen of Khulna and Jessore to lay solid foundations for village reconstruction work.—Free Press.

MADRAS LAW MEMBERSHIP

MR. A. Y. G. CAMPBELL TO ACT

OOTACAMUND, June 24

The Associated Press understands that Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, Chief Secretary to Government, will act as Law Member, Government of Madras, during the absence at Geneva of Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer and Mr. H. G. Stokes of the Board of Revenue will act as Chief Secretary.

It is understood that Government has appointed a Committee consisting of seven members with Mr. Raghaviah, Law Secretary, as Chairman on the Malabar Tenancy Bill.—A. P.

HINDU MARRIAGE

INTERESTING ISSUE REGARDING LEGAL VALIDITY

CALCUTTA, June 23.

An interesting issue regarding the legal validity of a Hindu marriage among the Brahmins was decided by Rai Bahadur S. C. Sinha, Police Magistrate, Sealdah, to-day, in connection with a case in which Brindaban Misra a student in the B.Sc. class, brought a complaint of bigamy against Subodhbala Debi and her newly married husband, Abanimohan Bhattacharya. The father and uncle of the girl, the priest who officiated at and the barber who participated in the functions at the marriage, and the uncle of Abanimohan were charged with abetment. The petition of the complainant stated that on February 29, Subodhbala was married to Brindaban at her father's suburban residence. The "Sampradan" and "Striachar" ceremonies were performed and the feast was proceeding when there was a quarrel between several men on either side. It took so serious a turn that it ultimately resulted in Brindaban being turned out. Subodhbala was alleged to have been married next day to Abanimohan. The Magistrate held a judicial enquiry and dismissed the petition observing that the marriage between Subodhbala and Brindaban was not complete.

NO OFFENCE COMMITTED.

After discussing the evidence he pointed out that when the altercation was at its height the bridegroom came from the bridal chamber and took an active part in the quarrel on the side of his friends. The Magistrate deplored the incident much, but at the same time held that no offence had been committed by contracting a second marriage. In support of his decision the Magistrate quoted Colebrook and Gurudas Banerjee to prove that "Kusundika" was an essential ceremony of Hindu marriages. He also quoted the authority of sages like Manu, Vasistha and Narada on Hindu marriages. "Nuptial steps" says Manu, "are certain rules in regard to wedlock, and the bridal contract is complete on the seventh step." Quoting other ancient authorities the Magistrate found that "Sampradan" in marriages amongst Brahmins was only a preliminary ceremony in the sense that the groom did not acquire anything more than a sort of right of ownership over the bride, and no marriage was perfect till the seventh step or "sapuadadi" had been completed. Then and then alone was conjugal relationship essential for marriages established.

CUSTOM VS. LAW.

Concluding, the Magistrate observed that customs and conventions might take the place of law, where there was no regular law to govern the marriage of any particular class of people, but where there were such recognised laws, customs and conventions could not override the principles prescribed.—A.P.

IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE DEFIES THE BOARD.

WANTED CHANGE IN LAW.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—At their meeting held on the 15th instant the Improvement Committee passed a resolution granting permission for the location of a toddy shop in one of the proposed new buildings on the west Chaupaty estate of the Trust. They passed this resolution inspite of the fact that the parent body, viz., the Board of Trustees had passed a resolution on the 14th July 1926 prohibiting the location of liquor shops on Trust properties. As the quarterly meeting of the Board is to be held next month Mr. Silam, a representative of the Board on the Committee, gave a notice of motion requesting the Chief Officer not to take action in the above matter till the Board had an opportunity of expressing their opinion. But this motion was also defeated by a majority of one at the meeting of the Committee held on the 22nd instant. It seems to me that the Committee are out to defy the Board; they could have easily waited for a month or so before taking action on their resolution passed on the 15th instant granting permission for the toddy shop.

Ever since the new Board started work in April 1926, I have at every opportunity done my best to point out that the Transfer Act of 1925 does not really transfer the Trust to the Corporation and the action of Committee in the matter of the Chaupaty toddy shop affords ample proof, if any proof was necessary, to the contention of those who have all along been maintaining that the Transfer Act of 1925 is more or less an eye-wash and does not really transfer the Trust to the Corporation.

The Act of 1925 is called an Act to transfer the powers and duties of the Trustees for the improvement of the City of Bombay etc., to the Municipal Corporation of the city of Bombay. But I shall, in the following lines, endeavour to show that what the act does in effect is to transfer all the responsibilities to the Corporation while the powers that count are conferred on the Improvements Committee. Throughout the Act the Committee looms large in the eyes of a reader and it is the Committee and the Committee alone to whom the Trust has been in effect transferred. The Committee according to the Act consist of 18 members of whom 11 are elected by the Board, i.e., the Corporation and 7 are outsiders. Can such a Committee be called a Committee of the Board? There is no objection in principle to have a small number of outside experts co-opted by the parent body, but in the case of the Improvements Committee there are 7 outsiders and all of them are appointed by outside agencies. The debate in the Legislative Council on the constitution of this Committee is very interesting, and it is a matter of regret that only two members of the old Corporation, Messrs. Hoosenally Rahimtoola and Baptista, realised the danger of allowing outside bodies to nominate their representatives direct to the Committee. In the case of the Chaupaty toddy shop, a reference to the division list will show that it was the vote of the outsiders which was responsible for passing of the resolution granting permission for the toddy shop. Out of the 8 members who voted for Sir Vasantrao Dabholkar's amendment granting permission for the location of the toddy shop, 4 were outsiders and 4 were representatives of the Trustees and all the 5 members who voted against the amendment were the representatives of the Trustees on the Committee. In the case of Mr. Silam's proposition calling upon the Chief officer to defer action, all the six members who voted for the proposition were Trustees, (5 elected by the Board and one nominated by Government to represent labour from among the members of the Board). While out of the 7 who voted against the proposition, 3 were representatives of the Board and 4 were outsiders. The above figures show how the Committee, though a Committee of the Improvement Board, on account of its very constitution, is likely to be, and is, very often, dominated by the outside element. The constitution of the Committee is, therefore, defective, and is likely to defect, and has defeated, the very purpose of the Transfer Act, viz., to transfer the Trust to the Corporation.

I shall now deal with the powers of the Board and of the Committee. A careful study of the Act will show that the Board is merely a figurehead and it is the Committee which really counts. My view is supported by what the Hon. Mr. (now Sir) Cawasji Jehangir said in the Legislative Council in speaking on the clause relating to the constitution of the Committee. He said, "The committee that is to come in existence will do the work that is now being done by the Trustees of the Improvement Trust. The powers to be entrusted to the Corporation can to a certain extent be compared to the functions now performed by Government under the present Improvement Trust Act. The Committee will in future carry on the administration of the Improvement Trust and the Corporation will have certain powers of revision and will be able to sanction, reject or initiate schemes." Again in speaking on Mr. Baptista's amendment to clause 10 which dealt with the constitution of the Committee Sir Cawasji gave the whole case away and exposed the true nature of the legislation. He said "Mr. Baptista tried to make out that this Committee is an executive body. I think he has misread the proposed legislation. The Committee is not an Executive body." He further said "The old Trustee's powers are being handed over to this new Committee." These remarks read in conjunction with the remarks which I have already quoted will show that what the Act of 1925 did was this, that the real power was transferred to a body called the Improvements Committee on which the Corporation have 11 representatives.

The position in short is this. That while the Corporation has been given the responsibility of sanctioning, rejecting or initiating schemes, all administrative and executive powers have been vested in the Improvements Committee on which out of a total of 18 members there are 7, i.e., 40 p.c. outsiders. It is true that this Committee is subject to the general control of the Board, but our experience has shown that this proviso about the general control is more or less illusory. It is very difficult to make out how this control can be exercised When the Board made a request to Government to give them the power of appointing independent Advisory Committees on lines similar to those provided for in Section 38 of the Municipal Act, the Government replied that they could not comply with the request on the ground that such Committees would undermine the powers of the Improvements Committee. Evidently Government knew what they were doing when they passed the Transfer Act, that they were creating another Trust in the form of the Improvements Committee instead of the old Trust. Otherwise why this fear about undermining the powers of the Improvements Committee when the parent body wanted the right to appoint independent Committees to enable it to exercise its limited power of supervision and control more effectively? I submit therefore that the Corporation cannot and ought not to put up with the present situation, whatever the old Corporation who approved of the Improvement Trust Transfer Bill may have done. It is very unfortunate that the old Corporation did not insist on having the the transfer effected on the lines of the proposals underlying Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola's draft Bill under which the transfer would have been complete and the activities of the Trust would have been carried by a Committee of the Corporation, the constitution and powers of which would have been similar to those of the Standing Committee. It is not, however, yet too late to mend. The Law and Procedure Committee of the Corporation are at present engaged in the solution of the problem. They have already approved of the principle of complete amalgamation of the Trust with the Corporation as contemplated in Section 83 of the Transfer Act and have appointed a sub-committee to draft a suitable representation to Government on the subject. I hope it will not be long before the Corporation takes over the Trust entirely in law as well as in fact. Yours etc.

V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Pedder Road.
June 23rd.

SHOCKING MURDER IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 24.

Information reached Alipore police of a shocking murder committed at Mograhat in Diamond Harbour. It appears that there was a longstanding dispute between two Mohomadan parties over the possession of a piece of land and social matters. On the day of occurrence the leader of one party was passing along the railway line towards evening, while all of a sudden a man rushed out from a bush and struck him with an iron rod. The head was smashed and the man died on the way to hospital. The assailant is absconding.—Free Press.

Five Satyagrahis who accompanied an armed procession to receive Mr. Sambamurti who arrived at Nagpur to study the situation regarding the Nagpur Republican movement, were sentenced to-day for carrying arms without a license. Three of them were sentenced to 15 days' simple imprisonment and one to 15 days' rigorous imprisonment, because he was educated. The fifth accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment because he had defied the Arms Act thrice.—A. P.

RAMPRASAD MURDER CASE

EVIDENCE BEFORE LAHORE SESSION JUDGE

LAHORE, June 24.

To-day before Mr. Tapp, Sessions Judge, were produced Noordin Khera, Zahruddin Mahomad Shau, Quasim Shah, Jalal Hussein to stand their trial for alleged murder of one Aam Prasad servant of Raja Sir Hari Kisan Kaul, alleged to have been committed opposite Barkatali Mohamadan Hall, during the Lahore riot days. Rai Sahib Pandit Jwala Prasad represented the crown and the accused were defended by Messrs. Abdul Aziz, Bar.-at-Law and Mr. Mohamad Munir.

Pandit Shiv Karan Kaul, son of Raja Sir Hari Kisan Kaul, deposed that he recognised the photo of the deceased who was his servant.

Dr. Mathews deposed to have performed the post-mortem examination of the deceased and while giving an account of the injuries said that they must have been caused by a strong force. After recording statement of one more witness, the case was adjourned to 27th inst.

At the resumed hearing of the Sharan Singh murder case, Lal Kanwal Nain, Magistrate, recorded further prosecution evidence.

Lab Singh, when put in the witness box, deposed that he was on the roof of his house on 4th May when he saw the accused holding a Sikh who came from Delhi gate just behind his house. Witness did not know the Sikh but Sadu Singh told him, that it was Sharan Singh. Accused Natha Changar was not present at the occurrence, as he had gone somewhere. Accused Jamal Changar gave a lathi blow to the Sikh, who was stabbed with churi which struck him near the abdomen. The other accused also struck the Sikh with lathies. After cross-examination of the accused, the case was adjourned.—Free Press.

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY?

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 25TH.

(By **KAM**, Chela of Himalayan Joshimaharaj Joothabhai Labaddas.)

SIGN OF THE ZODIAC: CANCER.

If to-day is your birthday look and listen that you are a "Jack of all and master of some Jills." You have a mellifluous tongue that will captivate the hearts of the opposite sex and a make them a willing slave, even in India and Burma, though Britain boasts of having abolished slavery in India years ago, and in Burma only lately (presumably.) Gift of the gab is your "forte". You are a clever conversationalist and an orator, holding your listeners spell-bound for hours together, talking all sense and no humbug. But what you say and blurt out is, of course, for the consumption of the world at large and not for yourself who will act just like the proverbial Kaji who once having preached help to the poor and the needy smartly reminded his wife who gave away food and her lord's blanket to a starving shivering wretch in the street, that "Kazji was born to preach but not to practise". You will try your hands at many jobs and kick up one after another, not caring to remember that the "rolling stone gathers no moss" (as exceptions to this might be mentioned the rollers of several municipalities and local bodies which are covered all the year round with nothing but moss. Such are the activities of these public institutions for the people's welfare). Among the job at which you will try your hands is clock and watch mending (but generally ending, and at times lending, to Marwaris), being a rod hog with about a dozen convictions ranging in fines from Rs. 5 to 50, thanks to kind-hearted Kazis of Indian courts, then a self-styled electrician, though not knowing what voltage means or how it differs from horse-power, then a "Washing and Dying Company", which true to your strange prescience, will die in two months after your launching the enterprise, thus proving itself a real "wash-out", then starting a "Servants' Supplying Agentcy" in which you will do a "roaring" trade (the noise created by hamals, peons, cooks, butlers and ayahs, at the door of your office, ought to prove a beastly "roar". You are also of a very superstitious bent of mind, never doing or attempting to do any new work or enterprise without first consulting a joshimaharaj (not the Himalayan). Please learn listen and inwardly digest that is the words of a great poet, partial to good dishes, "in doing any good act you need not wait for an omen. Why then do you delay tasting the delicious "firnee" (a dish made of boiled milk and flour, sweetned.)

The War Office announces that Colonel Bakhale of the Indian Medical Service has been appointed Honorary Physician to the King in succession to Colonel MacDonald retired.—Reuter.

"HE KNOWS EVERYTHING"

WELL-INFORMED INDIAN FARMER

INDIAN PRINCE AS STUDENT OF AGRICULTURE

"Young, smart, gentle and amiable," that is the impression gathered by the representative of "The Chronicle," who interviewed Kumar Shree Madhavsinhji of Jamnagar, nephew of H. H. the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar. The Kumar Shree returned to India after long absence of six years in America and England where he made a thorough scientific study of Agriculture. After having taken his degree of B.A. at Cambridge, Shree Madhavsinhji proceeded to the California University on the advice of his uncle, the Maharajah of Nawanagar.

"I am glad that I went to America. That country gives the best opportunities for the study of agriculture since the climate and soil of America are very much like those of Kathiawar, my native province" said the young Kumar who is hardly 24 years old. It is an admirable policy the Jamsaheb is pursuing to pick out promising students from the high schools of his State and then to send them to foreign countries at State expense for further studies. to be absorbed later on in the State services. Madhavsinhji related to our representative that the relatives of the Maharajah and the students selected for training in foreign countries are treated on the same level. They are provided with an equal amount for their "allowances." "If anything," the Kumar said, "we are liable to be taken very severely to task if we are in the wrong."

WHAT HE INTENDS TO DO.

Shree Madhavsinhji has got the greatest regard for an Indian agriculturist. "Our farmers know from A to Z about farming. They don't need to be taught more. The Indian farmer, being an heir to the knowledge of his ancestors from many ages, is conservative by temperament." "My idea," said the Kumar, "is to work in the State Agricultural Department. My uncle his Highness wishes to develop the Department, to start a demonstration farm and to cover the State with a network of co-perative societies. That will need all the experience and information I have gathered." The young prince believes that what the Indian agriculturist needs is new information to modify the age old plough which he can do with gentle persuasion.

THREE RENOWNED MEN.

The conversation drifted to the American people and the Indian students in America. "An average American knows next to nothing about India." He illustrated the statement by the narration of an incident. 'I was asked to say something about India in my college club. After the talk an old lady came to me and said, 'I must congratulate you. That country seems to be very nice. It is in Arabia, is it not?'' "I very nearly collapsed," said Madhavsinhji with a hearty laugh.

He said three best known Indians in America are easily Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Tagore and Sir J. C. Bose.

MR. MAXTON SUSPENDED

LONDON, June 23.

In the House of Commons Sir Thomas Inskip moved the third reading of the Trade Union Bill. Mr. Thomas moving its rejection, declared that the Opposition would use their constitutional rights in the Country to invite a mandate to remove the Bill from the statute-book. Mr. Maxton described Sir Douglas Hogg as a political blackguard upon which the Speaker named Mr. Maxton who was suspended by 146 votes to 73. Mr. Maxton quietly left the House.—Reuter.

REDUCTION OF RLY. FARES IN E. I. R.

CONCESSION TICKETS DURING PUJA HOLIDAYS

CALCUTTA, June 24.

At a meeting of the Advisory committee of the East Indian Railway a proposal was accepted granting reduction in third class fare for Durga puja holidays. Forty-five days return tickets will be issued at one and three-fourths fare. The measure was accepted as experimental. The Board also agreed to make special arrangements for passengers during Pittri Pakha mela, in September. There was also a proposal for reduction of Inter class fares.—Free Press.

BENGAL NATIONAL BANK LTD

APPLICATIONS FOR COMPULSORY WINDING UP

CALCUTTA, June 24.

At the High Court to-day applications were made for the compulsary winding up of the Bengal National Bank, Ltd. With the consent of counsel for the parties, his Lordship did not take up the applications for consideration.—Free Press.

INDIA'S SPEAKER IN ENGLAND

INTERESTING SPECTATOR OF PARLIAMENT.

LEARNING TO GUIDE AN ASSEMBLY

"Thus I pacified PPsyche and kissed her,
And tempted her out of her gloom—
And conquered her scruples and gloom;
....And we passed to the end of the vista,
But were stopped by the door of a tomb—
By the door of a legended tomb;
And I said—"What is written, sweet sister,
On the door of this legended tomb?"
She replied—"Ulalume—Ulalume—
'Tis the vault of thy lost Ulalume!"
E. A. POE."

The great secret of Britain's successful government is her readiness to give to the peoples of the Empire an increasing share of responsibility for their own well-being.

Staying among us in London in the last few weeks has been a remarkable man who illustrates in his own character one of the triumphs of this policy. This is Mr. V. J. Patel, the Speaker of India's Legislative Assembly. When India first received an instalment of self-government Mr. Patel was a strong opponent of the plan, demanding that it should go much farther. He joined Mr. Gandhi in boycotting the whole thing.

BELONGING TO NO PARTY.

Later, however, like many others, he came to the conclusion that the reforms should have a fair trial, and when he was elected Speaker by a narrow majority, against the Government vote, he announced that thenceforth he belonged to no party and was concerned solely to make the work of the Assembly effective. This year he was re-elected to the chair by a unanimous vote, and now he has come to London to study the work of the Mother of Parliaments, especially of its Speaker.

Night after night he has been in the gallery watching the proceedings, and in between he has had long talks with Mr. Speawer Whitley on questions of procedure and practice. Before he returns he will visit the Parliaments in Dublin and Belfast in the same way, and on his way home he will see also some Continental legislatures.

SERVICE, AND NOT SELF.

Mr. Patel comes of a family of humble cultivators of the soil, and was the first of them all to abandon the plough for the law. Before he could fit himself for the new career he had to save the money to pay for his studies.

The Indian Speaker is a venerable-looking gentleman, very simple in his habits. He dresses in native costume of rough homespun cloth. He looks upon his appointment as service rendered to his country, and though his salary is fixed at £3,000 a year he has given away nearly two-thirds of it regularly to Mr. Gandhi, to be used in national service of a constructive kind.

"Service, and not self" is the motto of this Indian citizen of the Empire. We cannot doubt that he will return to his country well assured of the hope and good-will with which India's progress towards effective self-government is being watched in England.

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ONE PHIAL OF 20 PILLS Rs. 2.
(V. P. Charges Extra.)

ARYA VAIDYASRAMAM
3 (C), Bairagimatam Street, Madras.

TESTIMONIAL.

Hon. Col D Dawespelly, Bart. B.A., M.D., LL.D., Ph. D., B.M.S., Principal. Electric Medical College, Madras, writes:—"Beej Bund" which I tried to several of my patients has given utmost satisfaction in completely eradicating all symptoms of impotency.

CROW INCIDENT SEQUEL

PT. GOVIND MALAVIYA'S REVISION APPLICATION REJECTED

ALLAHABAD, June 24.

Mr. Thurston, Sessions Judge of Allahabad, has rejected the revision application filed by Pandit Govind Malaviya from the order of the Joint Magistrate dismissing his complaint against Mrs. Marriner in connection with the crow incident at a show. The Judge says:

"It appears that a small girl was thoughtlessly maltreating a crow. A lady named Mrs. Marriner removed the crow from the child's possession to save it. The small girl probably appreciating neither her own callousness nor the motives of Mrs. Marriner burst into tears. The applicant, Pandit Govind Malaviya, so I am informed by his counsel, was told by the girl that the lady had taken her crow. Counsel is not quite sure whether the taking amounted to theft or not but the contends that this point will make little or no difference in regard to certain remarks made by Mrs. Marriner to his client when his client followed Mrs. Marriner to recover the gird and later to obtain her address. Very probably the Pandit having admittedly heard only the girl's version thought that the crow had been technically stolen. Secondly his action was most probably prompted by recollections of the right of private defence of property. I am unable to conceive and it has not been suggested what other view could explain his conduct. But he was bound to have recourse to a proper authority, if possible. The possibility existed because the police were present and in fact, subsequently restrained the Pandit from persisting in following Mrs. Marriner.

The applicant's counsel contends that police or no police, his client on seeing a lady do a harm (this last term is not defined by him) can follow the lady and remonstrate with her and demand her address. I am afraid this claim is marked rather by megalomania than by advocacy. Mr. Marriner called the Pandit a "silly ass". The expression may, and probably did vex the Pandit but in view of his own precipitated behaviour in imputing ill to Mrs Marriner, he had mainly himself to thank. Mrs. Marriner had clearly no intention to insult nor to provoke the Pandit, but desired merely to get rid of him and his pursuit. In these circumstances I see no reason to interfere in revision, firstly, because no offence under Section 504 I. P. C. (insult likely to cause a breach of the peace) can in the circumstances be made out and secondly because to this petty transaction may be applied the principle "de minimis non curat lex."—A. P.

SWARAJ SABHA

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING,

An annual general meeting of the Swaraj Subha will be held on Sunday 3rd July 1927, at 4 p.m. S.T., at the Congress House Girgaum, Bombay to consider the following agenda:—(1) To elect President, Vice-President, Secretaries, Treasurers, and members of the Mananging Committee: (2) To appoint a committee to draft out rules and regulations and the constitution of the Sabha and to be placed before a special general meeting for its adoption. (3) Any other business with the permission of the chair.

DUTCH AIRMAN AT BAMRAULI

ALLAHABAD, June 24

The Dutch airmen Mr. Learblack landed at Bamrauli Aerodrome, eight miles from Allahabad with his party, little after three o'clock this afternoon. He will leave for Calcutta at about six o'clock to-morrow morning. The airmen had an uneventful journey from Karachi and looked quite fit. —A. P.

DON'T SAY DONT.

MISTAKE MOST PARENTS MAKE

If you are a parent (writes a doctor), I should like to ask you how many times a day you say "Don't" to a child. The total would probably startle you. Yet of a hundred "don'ts" ninety-nine are unnecessary or wrong. A child cannot be trained on negatives. Here are a few examples to illustrate the point.

When a mother says, "Don't run on the flowebeds, dear," she ought to have said, "Keep on the path, dear." The same thing? Not quite. The former lets the child know that flower-beds could be run on. It suggests the possibility. It makes subtle appeal to two of the many aspects of a child's nature—adventure and independence. A variation, in fact, of the truth that forbidden fruit is sweetest.

NATURALLY NAUGHTY.

"Don't spill it!" says a mother to a child carrying a cup of water or milk. Wrong! She should have said, "Carry it carefully." The negative suggests "spilling"; the positive suggests "care." IIn a little experiment I suggested some time ago the outcome was that the child told not to spill brought off several spillings; the child told to carry carefully spilt nothing.

Another experiment revealed that of two children, the one who was told, "Don't fidget," developed fidgeting, and the other told to "Sit still," did so. Healthy children have a natural naughtiness and that, as a rule, is sufficient. If by a series of "on'ts," other naughtinessted are suggested, children then become a real trouble to train.

I a msure many accidents would never have occurred if instead of "Don't run across the road" children were told, "Always keep on the payment." "Don'ts" are dangerous; they suggest too much.

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IF NOT, GET THEM FROM SOLE AGENTS:
ISHVERDAS & Co.,
BARIA BUILDING
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NEWS IN BRIEF.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Karnatak Central Co-operative Bank, Dharwar, was abruptly dissolved before the item of elections was gone through.—Free Press.

A curious result awaited the inquiry conducted by the District Magistrate , of Mayavaram on a missing plaint for Rs. 60, filed by a vakil's clerk, when the court clerk explained that the document was eaten by a cow.—Free Press.

In sentencing a jutkawallah on charge of stealing a gold bangle from the coat pocket of his employer's guest on Thursday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Madras, referred to the detrimental effects of giving short-term sentences to first offenders. The accused was liberated on condition that he procured a bond for good behaviour for two years. He was also warned that if within the specified period he was charged with any misdemeanour, he would be awarded imprisonment.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 24.

The reconstruction of the Nerbudda bridge, on the Jubbulpore-Itarsi Section of the G.I.P. Railway which was carried off during the floods in September last, is going on apace.—Free Press.

Mystery surrounds the seizure by the Calcutta Excise Police of an iron trunk at Howrah station which arrived there from an upcountry station. The Police suspect it contains contraband opium. None has come forward so far to own it.—Free Press.

Atmospheric disturbances interfered with the attempt made on Thursday night in Calcutta to broadcast a programme from 2 L.O. relayed by Eindhoven Station. Another attempt will be made next Saturday when transmission will commence from Cincinatti —Free Press.

The Conference convened by the Government of Bengal to discuss the water hyacinth problem, will be held at Dacca at the end of July when the Minister will present his scheme based on expert advice.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 24.

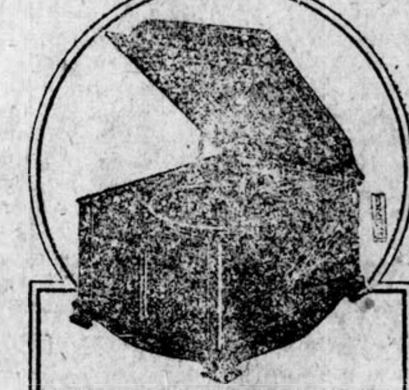
By a notificaion in "The Gazette," dacoits and burglars in the Burdwan District have been declared as belonging to a criminal tribe, and they are asked to report themselves to the Police at fixed intervals.—Free Press.

The Calcutta Corporation have decided to open a small out-door veterinary dispensary for the care of animals.—Free Press.

Five Nepalese, two Tibetians and one Bengali were produced on Thursday before the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, on charges of counterfeiting and despatching a box containing 1,94,081 pieces of counterfeit coins of Tebatan Government to Gantok in Sikkim. The case was adjourned till the arrival of an absconding accused who has been arrested at Jullunder and is on his way to Calcutta.—A. P.

Gas lights while being carried on Wednesday night through one of the streets in Poona for a marriage ceremony, were responsible for throwing light on the adventures of a burglar who was perching on the top of a house in an attempt to get into it through the sky-light, and his subsequent arrest by the City Police.—A. P.

A Calcutta message says: "Two and a half years' rigorous imprisonment was awarded to a middle aged Mahomedan for assaulting a Deputy Magistrate of Howrah. Mr. Brajandranath Mukerjee Sheik Gafoor with five previous convictions was produced to-day before Mr. Mukerjee, Calcutta, to answer a charge of theft. The man was convicted and sentenced to 14 months' rigorous imprisonment. Immediately the sentence was pronounced, Gafoor threw a piece of iron at the Magistrate which hit the Magistrate causing a wound on tee right arm. Gafoor was produced before another Magistrate and earned two and a half years more for his misdeed in the court.—A. P.



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has enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over three-quarters of a century, and the highest medical authorities have pronounced it *the most wonderful purifier of the human blood.* The Perfect and most valuable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, WEAKNESS, DEPRESSION, &c.
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SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, June 24.

S.S. Hatkhola, Capt. Parker from Karachi.

S.S. Razmak," Capt. Browning from Aden.

S.S. Karapara, Capt. Miller, from Durban.

S.S. Vav, Capt. Svensen, from Bangkok.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, June 25.

S.S. Razmak, Capt. Browning for Aden.

S.S. Crown City, Capt. Recca, for New York.

S.S. Wildenfels, Capt. Hasenheir, for Hamburg.

S.S. Ehrenfels, Capt. Khulen, for Hamburg.

LOADING.

Bombay, June 24.

Steamer Varela for Busreh.
Steamer Karapara for Durban.
Steamer Jalapalaka for Rangoon.
Steamer Dara for Jeddah.
Steader Skuld for New York.

S.S. Hatkhola: The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Hatkhola, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a general cargo.

S.S. Vav: The F. F. Campbell Company's steamer Vav, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok, with a cargo of timber.

S.S. Crown City: The L. Edward Ltd. steamer Crown City, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for New York, with a general cargo.

S.S. Ehrenfels: The L. Edward Ltd., steamer Wildenfels, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour, for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S.S. Wildenfels: The L. Edward Ltd., stteamer Wildenfels, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

The P. and O. S. N. Company's English mail steamer Razmak, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier station at about 1 p.m., for Aden, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, June 24.

S.S. China, Agents: M. M. and Co.:—

From London: 11 boxes gold coin; 3 boxes sovereigns; 17 boxes bar gold; 116 bars silver; 23 casks ivory; 72 cases jams; 152 cases castor oil; 30 drums linseed oil; 35 cases olive oil; 13 cases olives; 12 cases epsom salt; 6 cases mustard; 29 cases arrowroot; 34 cases pearl barley; 33 cases sauce; 51 cases sausages; 68 cases confectionery; 19 cases pickles; 13 cases cornflour; 54 cases cocoa and chocolate; 7 cases french coffee; 25 cases oatmeal; 59 cases vinegar; 12 cases tinned fish; 50 cases lime juice; 17 cases sugar; 24 cases salt; 8 cases soda; 16 cases blanco; 14 cases baking powder; 465 cases cigaretttes; 6 cases cotton and woollen goods; 12 cases toilet requisites; 18 cases brass eyelets; 60 cases and 1 hogsheads wines; 16 cases medicines; 953 kegs, 17 cases and 186 drums paints; 532 drums and 28 cases varnish; 10 sases colour; 1225 casks cement; 8 cases quinine; 20 cases and 59 bales paper; 32 cases table-water; 11 cases photo-plates and papers; 22 cases bacon; 3 bales hams; 3 cases woollen goods; 100 hogsheads ale; 35 cases soap; 20 bags asbestos composition; 100 bundles y. m. sheets; 33 runlets stockholm tars; 55 cases cordials; 13 casks and 4 cases zinc sheets; 100 cases whisky; 260 cases condensed milk; 4 cases umbrellas; 300 bags, 100 packages, and 520 casks whiting; 40 bags glue; 404 cases provisions;.

From Marseilles: 650 bags almonds; 35 cases mineral water; 8 cases champagne; 73 cases liquors; 11 cases and 2 casks wines; 21 cases pharm. products; 9 cases perfumery; 20 casks and 50 kegs litharge; 200 kegs and 140 casks lead ore; 11 bales carpets; 4 bales corks; 50 rolls and 6 cases paper; 13 cases oil; 100 bags mineral white; 9 cases silk goods; 4 cases skins; 20 cases cheese; 25 cases condensed milk; 7 kegs aniline; 15 cases brandy; 18 cases woollen thread; 50 casks soda; 66 cases art silk yarn; 15 cases saffron; 24 packages silk yarn; 13 cases G. and S. lamettta.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, June 24.

S.S. Rajputana for London: 102 cwt. turmeric, Pohomall Bros.; 4 casks. lezard skins, Cox and King's Shipping Agency; 9 cases cotton prints, Cox and King's Shipping Agency; 1 bale and 2 bundles woollen carpets Cox and King's Shipping Agency; 4 boxes and 35 cases bristles, Cox and King's Shipping Agency; 66 cases bristles, J. A. Begbie and Co.; 15 cwts. Indian mica, A. A. Chinwalla.

S.S. Dumana for London: 2000 cwt. groundnut oil cake, R. Meherally and Sons.

For Dunkirk: 220 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trading Co.; 112 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 110 bales cotton raw, Vurdhman Bros.

For Havre: 188 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 200 cwts. mustardseed, J. Dayal.

For Antwerp: 588 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 770 bales cotton raw, Vurdhman Bros.; 64 bales hemp, Rayenia Bros.

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NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 23.

July	16.59	—.11
October	16.95	—.12
December	17.20	—.09
January	17.23	—.11
March	17.44	—.10
Middling Spot	16.85	—.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 23.

July	16.52	—.12
October	16.89	—.13
Middling Spot	16.49	

NEW YORK.

New York, June 23.

New York. 10.30 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

July	16.58
October	16.94
January	17,21
New York. Noon Call.	
July	16.62
October	16.98
January	17.25
New Orleans [illegible]	
July	16.49
October	16.87

RECEIP[illegible] EXPORTS OF U.S.A.

	Bales.
Da[illegible] Receipts at all U. S. Ports	4,000
D[illegible] Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 23.

June	8.80	—.06
July	8.85	—.06
August	8.89	—.06
September	8.97	—.06
October	9.03	—.06
November	9.04	—.06
December	9.08	—.05
January	9.10	—.05
February	9.11	—.05
March	9.16	—.04
April	9.17	—.07
May	9.20	—.04
June	9.20	—.04
Middling Spot	9.11	+.01

SALES.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	10,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Sales of East Indian Cotton	120

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 23.

Scinde, Good	7.35
Scinde, Fully Good	7.55
Scinde, Fine	7.75
Bengal, Good	7.35
Bengal, Fully Good	7.55
Bengal, Fine	7.75
Oomra, Good	7.75
Oomra, Fully Good	8.00
Oomra, Fine	8.25
Broach, Good	7.75
Broach, Fully Good	8.05
Broach, Fine	8.35

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

June	16.45	—.07
July	16.45	—.07
August	16.49	—.07
September	16.55	—.07
October	16.76	—.05
November	16.65	—.05
December	16.65	—.05
January	16.65	—.06
February	16.65	—0.6
March	16.67	—.05
April	16.67	—.05
May	16.69	—.05
June	16.67	—.05
Sakellaridis, F.G.F. Spot	17.00—	

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, June 23.

Barletta Russo per 63 lb.—
June/July shipment sellers 53/6.
Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb.—
June/July shipment sellers 54/3.
Wheat, Australian.—
June/July shipment sellers 55/6.
Wheat Choice White, Karachi.—
June shipment sellers 55/6.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 23.

Cottonseed, Bombay.—
June/July shipment quoted £8:15.
Castorseed, Bombay.—
June/July shipment offered £16:17:6.
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.—
June/July shipment quoted £20.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 23.

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C. £19 3/4.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) £116 1/2.

P. and O. Banking Corporation £9 1/2.

National Bank £49 5/8.

Eastern Bank £6 1/4.

Funding Loan 4 per cent £85 7/8.

Conversion Loan £75 7/8.

Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent £101.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £57 1/2.

Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £59 1/8.

Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £69 1/8.

Consols £54.

War Loan 5 per cent £100 3/4.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 7/8.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, June 23.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3 1/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 months 4 3/8 per cent.

Bank Bills, 6 months 4 13/32 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 4 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 5 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 23.

T T Berlin on London	20.49 1/8
T T Amsterdam on London	12.12 1/8
T T Brussels on London	34.96
T T Madrid on London	28.45
T T Milan on London	84.90
T T Berne on London	25.22
T T Paris on London	14.02
T T London on Prague	163.93

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, June 23.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25, c. and f. Calcutta.
July/Sept per cwt 15/3.
Oct/Dec per cwt. 15/3.
Jan/Mar. per cwt. 15/6.
C. and F. Bombay.—
July/Sept per cwt 15/4 3/4.
C. and F. Karachi.—
July/Sept per cwt 15/5 1/2.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 23.

Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed, lb. Spot 1/5 3/4 buyers.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed lb. Spot 1/5 7/8 sellers.

Pale Crepe, lb. Spot 1/5 3/4 buyers.

Pale Crepe, lb. Spot 1/5 7/8 sellers.

LONDON METALS.

London, June 23.

Copper, English Best Selected £58 1/8.
Copper, Braziers, £69 3/4.
Yellow Metal, £64 1/4.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £24 3/4.
Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge, £14 1/2.
Tin, English Ingots £297 3/4.

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 23.

Silver—Market quiet.

Spot	25 15/16
Forward	25 15/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 23.

Bar Gold, Fine per oz. £4:4:11 1/2

DEMAND BILLS.

New York June 23

Demand Bills 485.31

LINSEED.

London, June 23.

Linseed, Calcutta. ton.—
June/July shipment sellers £18:5.
Linseed, Calcutta. ton.—
July/Aug shipment sellers £18:7:6.
Linseed La Plata, c. i. f. ton.—
June/July shipment offered £16:6:3.
Linseed, Bombay, ton.—
June/July shipment offered £19:5.

LINSEED OIL.

London, June 23.

Linseed Oil, naked, London cwt.—
June/Aug delivery sellers 32/6.
Linseed Oil, naked London, cwt.—
Sept/Dec delivery paid and buyers 33.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, June 23.

Total Bullion £152,000,000.
Public Deposits £20,200,000.
Other Deposits £95,300,000.
Government Securities £49,400,000.
Other Securities £48,500,000.
Notes and Coin £35,500,000.
Curency Notes Outstanding £274,900,000.
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities 30.71 per cent.

METALS

Bombay, June 24.

The demand for copper and brass continues quiet with less inclination on the part of the consumers to buy. Local Stocks are said be light but only small demand si looked for in monsoon and dealers are not inclined to put orders:—

Copper	54	0	0
Brass	52	12	0
Lead	23	0	0
Tin Plates Box	15	0	0

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD.

BOMBAY WEEKLY STATISTICS.

Bombay 24th June 27.

Description.	Spot prices. 23-6-27	16-6-27
Bengals F. G. ..	307	
S/Punjab F. G. ..	303	
Rajputana F. G. ..	307	
Broach F. G. ..	337	
Saw-Gd. Dhawar F.G.	346	
P/American F. G ..	345	
Kadi/Viramgaum F. G.	339	
Dholleras F. G. ..	335	
Kalagin F. G. ..	338	Market
Surat F. G. ..	402	Closed.
Navsari F. G. ..	412	
Oomra Fine ..	331	
C. P. No. 1 Fine ..	343	
C. P. No. 2 Fine ..	337	
Khandesh F. G. ..	321	
Muttia F. G. ..	318	
Compta Gd. ..	362	
Southerns Gd. ..		
Bijapore Gd. ..		
Bagalkote Gd. ..		
Tinnevellies G. D. ..		
Karungannies G. D. ..		
Cambodias Gd. ..		

Futures.

Hedge Contracts	23-6-27	16-6-27
Bengals Dec/Jan.28	293	
BroachJuly/Aug	336	
Do April/May '28	343	Market
Oomra F./July	327	Closed.
Do Dec/Jan'28	326	
Southern May/June	329	

Receipts for the week ending 23rd June.

	1927. Bales.	1926 Bales.
Bengals	2175	2305
Oomras	6604	6947
Dholleras	5909	7125
Broach	451	149
Southerns	12258	15034
Persians	105	349
Americans	20751	..
Egyptians	45	..
E. Africans	534	1629
Other sorts	..	..
Total	48892	33538

Exports for the week ending 23rd June.

	Bales
United Kingdom	140
Continent	10098
China	5750
Japan	10697
Coast Ports	660
Total	27345

AFLOAT IN HARBOUR.

Europe	7126
China Japan & Coast Ports ..	28824
Total	35950

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 23rd June.

1926-27	1925-26	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
2897119	3132535	3421418	3206973	3478102

Exports from 1st Sept. to 23rd June,

	1926-27	1925-26
United Kingdom ..	17221	45971
Continent	313066	449402
China	173862	365623
Japan	1202044	1258538
Coast Ports	21295	22032
U. S. A.	726	1450
Total	1728214	2143016

	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
United Kingdom	57421	145110	117848
Continent ..	560630	892127	608911
China	338490	226802	366832
Japan	1422478	1211873	1602725
Coast Ports ..	20908	49485	45712
U. S. A. ..	9679	..	..
Total	2409606	2525397	2742023

Total exports by rail 1st Spt. 1926 to 23rd June 1927 140,315 bales. Estimated Mill Consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1926 to 23rd June. 1927 783,428 bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 23rd June 1927..........637,496 Bales

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE.

AMERICAN COTTON IMPORTS.

	Bales
Purchases of American cottin to arrive in India 1st Sept. 1926 to 31st Aug 1927	3,21,700
American cotton arrived in India 1st Sept 1926 to 23rd June 1927	2,74,500
American cotton at Sea for India	43,500

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association.)

Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
June 24,

		Rs.	a.	p.
HADI:—	Per lb			
Textile	„	0	12	0
Century	„	0	11	9
Jacob	„	0	11	9
E. D. Sassoon	„	0	11	6
Apollo	„	0	11	6
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In;				
Standard Mill ..	Per lb	1	0	0
Century 91 1/2-92 1/2 ..	„	0	15	3
Century 6404-8705 ..	„	1	0	0
Hindustan Mill ..	„	0	15	6
Fazal (Mahal) ..	„	0	15	0
Phoneix	„	0	15	3
Pabaney (Phoolmala) ..	„	0	14	9
Maneckji (Patangia) ..	„	0	15	3
Kaliamardan ..	„	0	15	3
Daud Sahib	„	0	14	6
Ganga Ghat	„	0	14	9
LONG CLOTH(Light weight)No. 5202/5303				
Rachael Mill	„	0	15	9
Hindustan Mill	„	0	15	9
David Mill	„	0	15	9
Apollo Mill	„	0	15	3
Moon Mill	„	0	15	3
LONG CLOTHx Quality:—				
Swan Finlay	„	0	15	0
Gold Mohor	„	0	14	9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 34-42 In:—				
Textile (Hand) ..	per lb.	0	15	0
Spring (Merchant) ..	„	0	15	0
Century (Bugle)	„	0	14	6
Apollo (Pyala)	„	0	14	6
Tata Mill (Darji) ..	„	0	14	6
Sakuntala	„	0	14	6
Sundari Brand	„	0	14	6
Globe	„	0	14	0
Rachael	„	0	14	3
Palkhi	„	0	14	6
Maher	„	0	14	9
Kechhwa	„	0	14	6
LEPAD:—				
Spring	„	0	15	0
Textile	„	0	15	0
Century	„	0	14	6
DHOOTIES 7, 8, 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	1	0	3
Jacob	„	1	0	0
Century	„	0	15	6
Mun Mill	„	1	0	0
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	0	15	3
Century	„	0	15	6
Jacob	„	0	15	0
Mun Mill	„	0	15	3
1386 Tata	„	2	11	6
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—				
Bombay Cotton ..	Per piece	3	12	0
Jamshed	„	3	12	0
Century	„	4	0	0
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	3	15	0
Hindustan No. 962	„	4	3	6
BLACK CHECK				
5800 Sholapur ..	„	10	0	0
58000 Kurla ..		8	2	0
1325 Morarj ..	„	5	6	0
GABRUN No. 5124				
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	7	8	0
Hindustan ..		7	10	0
E. D. Rachael ..	„	6	4	0
SALITA:—				
Century	„	0	14	6
Spring (Merchant)	„	0	14	6
STRIPPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per piece	0	0	0
777 Crescent ..	„	2	4	0
Apollo David ..	„	2	3	6
DUKDI Yards 12-13-14:—				
Kanta	per lb	1	2	0
Phoenix	„	1	2	0
Kohinoor	„	1	2	0
Tata	„	1	2	0

COFFEE.

New York, June 23

Coffee, Fair Rio, (No 7 quality) Spot 14 3/4.

On Sale Everywhere

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

HENNESSY
JAS HENNESSY & CO
COGNAC

The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:

HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY

MINERBA MILLS, LIMITED

The seventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Buildings, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on Friday Sir Lalubhai Samaldas presiding.

The Directors' Report for the year ending 31st December 1926 stated:

The Directors regret that the operations during the year under report show a loss of Rs. 1,45,550-5-6. The general depression in the industry became very acute in the second half of the year, when reports of a huge crop of American Cotton led to a slump in prices of cotton and yarn with the result that purely Spinning Mills like yours with high priced cotton in stock had to suffer heavily. Since the commencement of the current year, however, conditions show some improvement and the outlook appears more hopeful.

The looms and the necessary preparatory machinery referred to in the last Report have all been fitted up and are being put into operations as the required labour gets trained. This very desirable addition to the property, the Directors have every reason to think, will substantially increase the earning capacity of your Mills.

Mr. P. S. Mellor, on return from leave, rejoined the Board replacing Mr. W. C. Sickee, his Alternate Director. During the absence of Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C. I.E., on leave out of India, Mr. Jyotendra L. Mehta acted as Alternate Director under Article 106 of the Articles of Association.

Two of your Directors, Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E., and Mr. P. S. Mellor, retire by rotation, but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Your Directors record with regret the death of their esteemed and valued colleague Mr. Jehangir N. Gamadia who was a Director of the Company from its very inception. During his seven years' tenure as Director Mr. Gamadia rendered very valuable services to the Company, and your Directors and the Company have suffered an irreparable loss by his sudden and untimely death.

The Mill property and stocks are insured for Rs. 38,38,500.

You are requested to appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration. The retiring Auditors, Messrs. A. F. Ferguson & Co., and Messrs. K. S. Aiyer & Co., offer themselves for re-election.

The report was adopted and the directors for the ensuing year were elected. Messrs. Ferguson and Co. and Messrs. K. S. Aiyar and Co. were appointed Auditors.

Yeast is life!
IRVING'S YEAST-VITE TONIC TABLETS
The Lightning Pick-Me-Up.

The greatest medical discovery of the century. Pure Yeast and Vitamins. No harmful drugs. The gentle fermentation of Yeast-Vite when in contact with the gastric juices of the stomach causes a stimulating, buoyant feeling of extreme vigour.

Take a tablet or two and feel fresh and frisky in a few minutes.

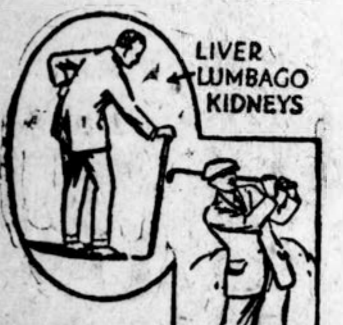
In his articles on Health, Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane has emphasised the importance of Vitamin B as a tonic which causes the nerves to function properly. And in his list of essential foods he mentions YEAST as rich in VITAMIN B.

YEAST-VITE IS RICH IN VITAMIN B.

DIZZINESS, DEPRESSION ETC
10-15 MINUTES

OVERWORK AND WORRY
FRESH & ENERGETIC

RHEUMATISM
ABLE TO ENJOY LIFE



RELIEVES
HEADACHE, NEURALGIA ETC IN 5 MINUTES

INDIGESTION
ENJOYING A GOOD MEAL

HAVE YOU TRIED
Our New Vitamin Food
YEAST-VIMAL?
THE SUPREME VITAMIN BEVERAGE
At all Chemists

OUR GUARANTEE.

Obtain a Rs. 1-4 bottle from your chemist If your health does not improve perceptibly post us the empty bottle together with the chemist's receipt and we will refund your money immediately.

£100 Cash will be paid to anyone proving that the following extracts from unsolicited testimonials are not genuine. We have received nearly 45,000 letters from satisfied users in less than five years, which are open to inspection.

28,000—M. C. Bristowe; Please post me (urgent) another 24 bottles of Irving's Yeast-Vite. They are wonderful, and I am anxious to continue them for three patients without a break.
28,001—H. H. S. of Canton: Kindly mail me via Siberia, two bottles of Irving's Yeast-Vite (containing 700 tablets in each.) I have found them very beneficial for my complaint—neuritis.
28,014—Mrs. E. A. F., Reading: I am speaking the truth when I say they have really put new life into me and I would not be without them.
28,013—Mrs. F. Hanglteon: Allow me to thank you for your wonderful Yeast-Vite —they are a blessing to my husband and self—and you may be sure we shall never be without them.
28,002— E. K. L. Singapore: Your Yeast-Vite has done wonders to my family and myself—It has not failed in any case that I have tried.
28,028—G. A., West Ealing: I am delighted with the effect of Yeast-Vite Tablets, as I have been very run down, anaemic, and depressed for some time and already so much better, activity being increased.
28,026—M. N. T., Bristol: I am writing to say how perfectly marvellous are your Yeast-Vite Tablets. They are indeed a pure "Health Restorer" apart from stopping neuralgia within five minutes after having pain for weeks.
28,012—A. D. Sandiacre: I have been a sufferer from headaches and stomach troubles until I tried your Yeast-Vite Tablets, and I am glad to say after two doses I have received great benefit from them. I shall always recommend them.
28,023—Nurse L.: I suffer a great deal with headaches, which make me irritable and very miserable, but whenever I feel them coming I just take two Yeast-Vite Tablets and feel a different woman. I shall never be without them now.
28,039—Mrs. E., Surrey: When I started taking Yeast-Vite I was quite ill and not able to do my work or take any food but milk. Now I can do both, and advise my friends to sample them as they have done me so much good.
28019—Miss A. B.; It is with great pleasure that I write to inform you of the benefit I have received through using your Yeast-Vite Tablets. I have been using them for about two months now, and have had wonderful results.
28,034—E. M. C., Harrogate: I certainly think your Yeast-Vite are splendid, my neuralgia is quite gone, and I feel heaps better. In future I shall always keep some by me.
28,021—Nurse E. A. D.: I have found them splendid for nerve cases and in all rectal troubles. They are unequalled in my experience of 20 years' nursing.
28,047—A. J. G., New Cross: I feel I must write in appreciation of the benefit I have received from Yeast-Vite. For many years I have been subject to colds at the least change of temperature and a continual sufferer of headaches, but now I am glad to say I have never felt better in my life.
28,025—N. Mc. D., Worcester: I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism for years, and get very little sleep with pain but I find if I take two Yeast-Vite Tablets at night they soothe my nerves and I get a better night.
28,044—E. R. F., Kensington: As a sufferer of over twenty years from severe morning sickness and nerve trouble it may interest you to know that your Yeast-Vite Tablets have cured me. I have tried every advertised cure with no result until I saw years. I was better after the first few doses and have continued ever since.
28,022—Nurse, S. F., Gloucester: A wide experience of your celebrated Yeast-Vite Tablets enables me to speak in the very highest terms of their efficacy.
28,020—E. C., Maidenhead: I am writing to tell you how beneficial I have proved Yeast-Vite Tablets to be. I was thoroughly run-down and my nerves were a perfect wreck, but after taking a bottle of Yeast-Vite I felt myself again. I shall recommend them wherever I can.

Irving's Yeast - Vite Tablets will relieve

Headache, Neuralgia, etc., in 5 minutes
Indigestion, Flatulence, in 5 to 10 minutes
Biliousness, Dizziness, Depression, in 10 to 15 minutes
Disordered Stomach, Liver, etc., in 10 to 15 minutes
Influenza, Colds, Fever, in 24 hours

Send Postcard for free treatise on Anaemia, Nerves, Skin Blemishes, Constipation, Colds, Insomnia, Rheumatism, Pains, etc.

Sole Wholesale Agents :—
MARTIN & HARRIS.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazar Street, ... BOMBAY,

IRVING'S YEAST - VITE LABORATORIES.
"CECIL HOUSE," HOLBORN VIADUCT LONDON E. C. I.

IMPORTANCE OF OKHA

A PORT WITH GREAT PROSPECTS

The consideration of the port facilities on the western coast of India involves a different question from the gigantic irrigation project referred to above, but as it has an almost equally important bearing on the development of Western India, this is perhaps not an inappropriate place to discuss it, says Secial Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph."

Until recently on this side there were no other ports besides Bombay and Karachi which could be approached by large vessels all the year round, and where ships could remain at anchor sheltered from the storms of the south-west monsoon. The Peninsula of Kathiawar has over 300 miles of coast line, but notwithstanding its extent there are no really good harbours except at Okha, near Beyt, at the north-west corner. It is at the mouth of the Gulf of Cutch and is midway between Bombay and Karachi. Okha has lately been opened to traffic by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda. The new port is most favourably situated for traffic, particularly as it is a safe all-weather harbourage constructed for steamers of about 26ft. draught, and connected with the railways of Kathiawar, Northern Gujarat, and Rajputana.

Vessels entering Port Okha are able to discharge cargo on the strongly-built pier, which projects into the sea 400ft. long, and is connected with the coast by an approach viaduct 500ft. long. Steamers can be berthed on either side. There are excellent facilities for the unloading of cargo, steam cranes having been erected on the pier, and railway tracts connecting direct with the railway of Kathiawar having been carried over it. Ample ware-housing and siding accommodation has also been provided, so that with these advantages, goods vans can be shipped or loaded direct from the railways without requiring a second handling at the port. The port is also the terminus of the Jamnagar and Dwarka Railway, the station having been built very near the viaduct. The port is therefore directly connected by rail with Ahmedabad and Viramgam on one side, and with Ajmer, Delhi, Agra, Luni, Bhatinda, and Cawnpore on the other.

ON LINER ROUTE.

Okha is thus serviceable for the rich agricultural and mining districts of Kathiawar, Gujarat, Central India, Rajputana, Malwa; and the United Provinces. The great cotton centres for Gujarat and the trade centres for agricultural and other products are now all directly connected with Okha by the shortest route to the sea. The port is actually more favourably situated than Bombay for such places. In addition, as Okha is an all-weather port suitable for large sized steamers, and on the route of regular liners between Bombay and Karachi, vessels from Europe and the Far East visiting Bombay and Karachi can easily call there without deviation from their regular route. Port Okha is, in fact, nearer to London by sea than Bombay by about a hundred miles, the distance being 6,185 nautical miles. The difference, of course, is trivial, but is merely quoted as a point of interest. The port has already opened up direct traffic with foreign countries, steamers having commenced to call with cargoes from British and Continental ports. Having regard to its favourable position from every point of view, it will be surprising if Okha does not succeed in drawing part of the trade of Bombay.

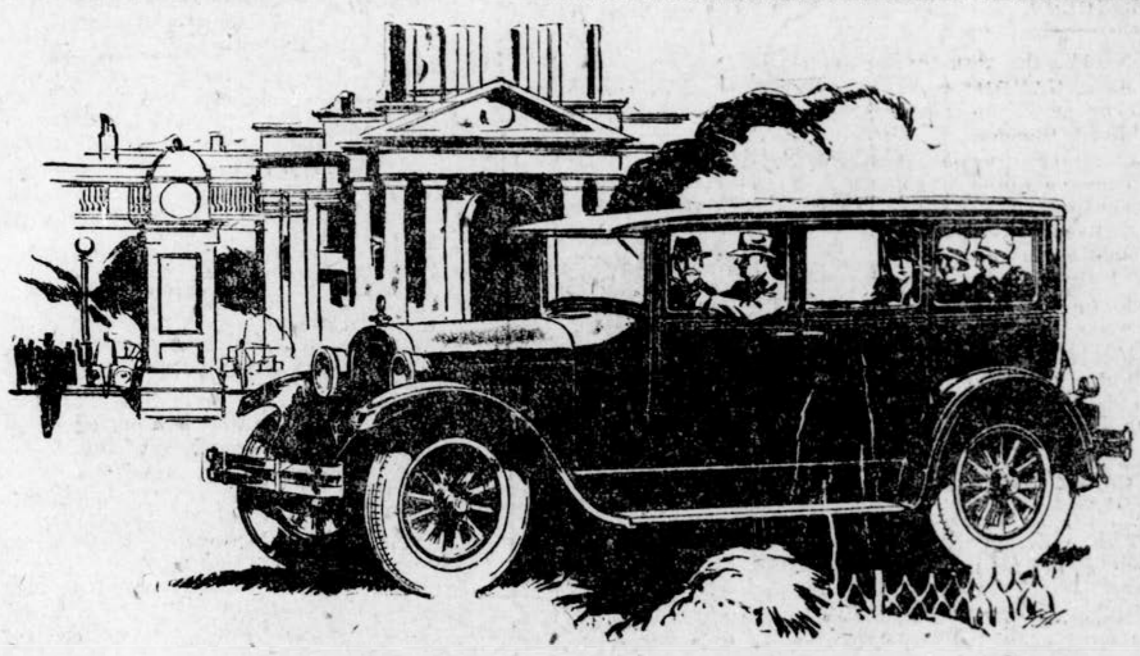
Among other advantages is one that will probably appeal most to Westerners, namely, a remarkably healthy climate. In a country like India it is worth recording that there is a place where the temperature does not rise above 80 deg. and cooling sea breezes play throughout the year. British residents in India have yet fully to exploit the possibilities of Okha as a quiet, bracing, seaside resort; but a town area has been laid out, and plots can be obtained. The vicinity is also interesting. The nearest town of importance is Dwaraka, a notable religious centre. With the adjoining island of Beyt, Dwarka is looked upon as one of the seven holiest places in India, and thousands of pilgrims from all parts visit it throughout the year. It is approachable both by sea and land and Port Okha will now provide the convenience of landing lacking at Dwarka, besides eliminating risks incidental to transhipment in a rough sea. The temple of Shri Krishna at Dwarka, with its seven storeys, elegant carvings and gilded dome, is worth a visit, and there are besides several other temples which should interest the visitor.

DRAW IN AID OF INFANT WELFARE

(From a Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, June 23.

A large and influential gathering of Sholapur Officials, merchants and elite of the city assembled on Wednesday night at the Maconochie Theatre to witness the popular drama "Sattwa-Safalia" alias "the Silver King" of Arya Subodh Natak Mandali staged in aid of the Sholapur Maternity and Infant Welfare Association. Mr. Gould, Collector of Sholapur, presided. Mr. Gould thanked the Modi Brothers, the managing proprietors of the Arya Subodh Natak Mandali and its management for the benefit performance and Captain Pillay for organising the function.



Big – Roomy – Comfortable

People are accustomed to think of Dodge Brothers Motor Car in terms of dependability and value. For that reason its really exceptional size is not always fully appreciated.

Yet in this respect it stands alone in its price class, far above its field.

With a 116-inch wheelbase, ample leg room and seats of exceptional width and depth, the car is big enough and roomy enough for thorough comfort. Yet it is compact enough for convenient parking.

Sedan .. .. .. Rs. 4,500;
Special Sedan .. Rs. 4,700;
De Luxe Sedan .. Rs. 5,000;

Delivered Bombay.

Sole Agents :—
BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, Ltd.
16, New Queen's Road, BOMBAY.
Branches : AT LAHORE, KARACHI and NAGPUR.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CARS

COULD YOU REQUIRE
The best, the latest, the most up-to-date and the most Comfortable Spectacles and eyeglasses in various styles and patterns, it will benefit you to consult

BALIWALLA & HOMI
THE LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY,
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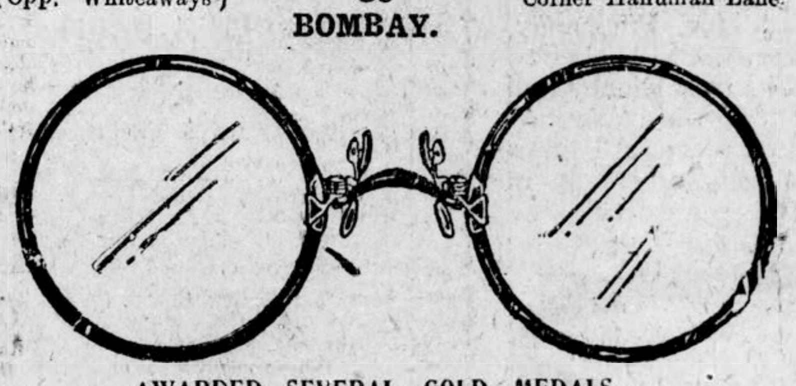

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SANTA CRUZ VILLAGE CONGRESS COMMITTEE

PROGRESS REPORT ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY

(From a Correspondent.)

SANTA-CRUZ, June 21.

A general meeting of the members of the Santa Cruz Village Congress Committee, was held on Thursday, the 16th instant, under the presidentship of Mr. J. K. Mehta, when the following report of the work done by the above mentioned Congress Committee, during the period of year and a half, viz., July 1, 1925, to December 31, 1926, and the accounts of the same period, were adopted unanimously:

The S. V. C. Committee carried on the following activities during the period covered by the report: During the period 9 meetings were held of the Executive Committee of the S.V.C. Committee. The election of the present Executive Committee was held in October last. These 12 members then co-opted other 6 members.

CONGRESS MEMBERS.

According to the Cawnpore Congress Resolution the annual subscription was 4 annas or 2,000 self-spun yarn. During this period the committee had 90 members on its roll among which 8 paid the yarn subscription. The Congress franchise required the member to completely boycott foreign cloth and hence the fall in the number of members.

THE ALL-INDIA SPINNERS ASSOCIATION.

Last year the number of members of the above Association from Santa Cruz was as follows:

A Class (1,000 yards per month) . . 5
B Class (2,000 yards per year) . 1

During the period under review the S. V. C. Committee organised 9 public meetings in all.

KHADI BHANDAR.

The Santa Cruz Khadi Bhandar was closed in the beginning of the period under review as it did not prove a success as a business concern. The public of Santa Cruz generally purchase Khadi from Bombay and hence also there was no special need of a Khadi Bhandar in Santa Cruz. But the Committee organise Khadi Hawking through volunteers and during this period Khadi cloth worth about Rs. 300 was sold.

The Cawnpore Congress revived the four anna franchise as an alternative to the yarn franchise and hence spinning activity slackened. During the period 10 to 12 spinning wheels were working and the average count of the yarn was from 15 to 20.

THE AGRIPADA NATIONAL SCHOOL.

The National School did not show any further progress during this period. A primary school has been opened near Khar and over and above the free education imparted there children are supplied with the other accessories free of charge. This, along with other causes, has contributed materially to the fall in the number of students which at present is 32.

There is little of Khadi propaganda done in the school and this is responsible for the fact that all the students are not Khaddar-clad. Takli also has not still found its place in the school.

From this year the management of the school, so far its education is concerned, is handed over to the Bombay Gujarati Rashtriya Kelavani Mandal. The Committee thinks that the Mrndal can manage the School more efficiently than the Committee. But the Committee still hears the financial burden of Rs. 40 per month.

OPIUM HABIT

HOW IT GETS WIDELY SPREAD

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Bengal National Chamber of Commerce has replied to the questionnaire issued by the Opium Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of Bengal. In the course of the communication addressed by the Chamber it is stated:

"The abnormal increase in the consumption of opium in the areas under investigation has been attributed to the large influx of ignorant and illiterate coolies in the mill-areas. The impression is that opium is a remedy for gout, rheumatism, diabetes, indigestion, and some other diseases. The ignorant coolies, especially the women feel cherry to go to the doctor and pay for medicine. What is more, the price of allopathic medicines went up during the last war and it was not possible for poor people to pay for medicines. They took a cheap "remedy" like opium and have since stuck to it. But there are also other reasons.

The Committee have made enquiries and have come to know that in many cases opium has replaced country wine as an intoxicant. A large majority of those who use opium are above 40 years. In many cases, the women of the labouring classes, when they go to work, administer opium to their children in order to keep them drowsy and quiet during the absence of the parents.—Free Press.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

REMARKABLE VICTORY OF "OUR BETTY."

LONDON, April 23.

At Wimbledon, to-day, the arena was packed with the spectators who breathlessly followed the match between Miss Betty Nuthall and Mrs. Mallory. There were alternating sighs and cheers as "our Betty," after an uncertain start, played the most brilliant game of her career. Wimbledof has not seen a more popular victory. Miss Nuthall after over-driving in the first set lost it, but won the second set in which she was immeasurably superior in the forehand play. In the third set, she showed all-round superiority, and was especially impregnable at backhand, and made spectacular volleys.

Tilden was the most interested spectator. Asked for his opinion, he replied: "The kid played beautiful tennis."

Mrs. Mallory said that she was prepared for defeat, and knew how good a player Miss Nuthal was. Mrs. Mallory most heartily congratulated her conqueror. Miss Nuthall said: "I really did not expect to win. I thought she would get away with it in the first set but I was determined to fight."

In doubles first round A. H. Fyzee and Prasada beat Irishmen McGuire and Miley 6—2, 10—8, 6—2.

THIRD ROUND CONTESTS.

In the third round, Cochet beat Kleinschoroth 7—5, 9—7, 6—0. Lacoste beat Mackintosh (Britain) 6—0, 6—2, 6—2. Timmer (Holland) beat Landry (France) 7—5, 6—4, 3—6, 8—6. D. Greig (Britain) beat H. Lester (Britain) 3—6, 4—6, 6—4 6—4, 6—4. Borotra beat British Davis Cup player Higgs 6—1, 2—6, 1—6, 6—2, 6—2. Tilden beat Hughes (Britain) 6—3 6—4, 6—0. Hunter (America) beat A. Lowe 6—2, 8—6, 6—3. Ten of the last sixteen women are Britishers. Youth is well represented by Miss Nuthall, Miss Fry and Miss Colyer. The foreign challenge has been reduced to Miss Wells and Miss Ryan from America, Miss Bouman from Holland and Senorita De Alvarez from Spain. The last-named was the first to enter the last eight, defeating Mrs. Mavrogor Dato 6—3, 6—0.—Reuter's Special Service.

BROWN KNOCKS UP 204

REMARKABLE THIRD WICKET PARTNERSHIP WITH MEAD

LONDON, June 23.

In a cricket match between Somerset and Worcester which commenced on Wednesday, Somerset won by an innings and 199 runs. Somerset 378, Worcester 67 (Gresswell five for 38, White four for 20) and following on made 112 (White four for 36).

The following are the closing scores in other matches which commenced on Wednesday:

Middlesex v. Lancashire.—Lancashire 413 (Ernest Tyldesley 101) Middlesex 319 (Enthoven 139).

Surrey v. Cambridge University.—Surrey 556 and 59 for one, Cambridge, 361 (Dawson 78, Seabrooke 71, Machin 57).

Essex v. Oxford University.—Essex 414 (Hipkin 108, Serrurier five for 103) Oxford 201 (Cazalet 66, Barber 54, Eastman four for 26).

Hampshire v. Yorkshire.—Hampshire 521 for eight and declared (Brown 204, Mead 183) Yorkshire 156 for three (Sutcliffe 59, Holmes 63 not out).

Warwick v. Leicester.—Warwick 240 and 101 for three, Leicester 144.

Derby v. Gloucester.—Gloucester 240, Derby 139 for two (Storer eight not out). There was no further play owing to rain.

Sussex v. Kent.—Sussex 160, and 292 (Wensley 66, A. H. Gilligan 66, Kent 250 (Hardinge 105, J. Parks five for 39) and 23, for two.

DETAILS OF GAMES.

The Mead-Brown partnership yielded 344 runs which is Hampshire's record as also the highest score made against Yorkshire for the third wicket. It is 31 runs short of the first-class cricket record. Mead sent the ball 31 times to the boundary, while Brown hit 17 runs. Leicester lost five wickets for 27. Astill who made 38 was the top-scorer for his side. He reached his thousand runs for the season. Sutcliffe when he had made 25 also completed his first thousand runs for the season. During Worcester's second innings, White took the last three wickets with four balls. Enthoven who hit out made his last 89 runs in 55 minutes. He sent the ball 17 times to the boundary. At Derby, there was play for only two hours —Reuter's Special Service.

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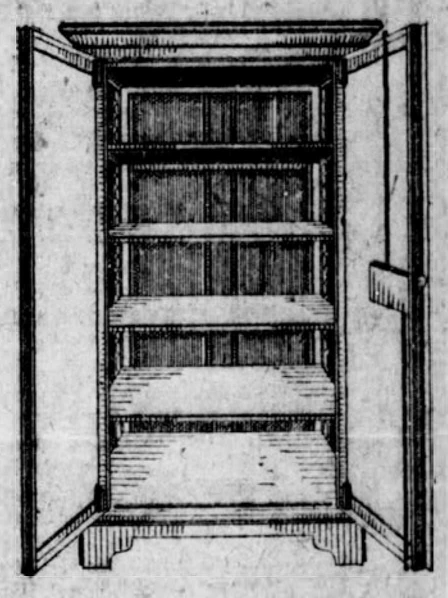

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THE RAJPURA STATE.

INQUIRY IN PUBLIC GRIEVANCES.

The following is the report submitted by the Joint Secretary of the Rajputana Central India Conference who was deputed by the Conference to enquite into the griefances of the people in Rajpura State.

I was very much confused to hear the the admiration regarding the Thakur Sahib Govindsingji of Rajpura, while I came across a good many complaints about his administration in the columns of some news-papers.

I being a public man as have devoted myself to the public cause, felt it my duty to investigate into the fact and put it before the general public. And so I proceeded and reached Rajpura on the 20th May last.

There on investigation I could gather the following impressions:—

That some persons in the entourage of the Thakur Sahib trouble the public very much. That even the small lapses are punished with heavy penalties. That the Thakur Sahib is not accessible to the public. Great dissatisfaction prevails among the subjects.

AN INTERVIEW WIH THAKUR SAHIB.

I had an interview with the Thakur Sahib, and put the following questions to him which he very kindly answered.

Q. Have you fixed some time to see your subjects and to hear the grievances?

Ans. Ordinarily each and every person can be heard from 12.30 to 4.30 p.m., but in special cases I have clearly ordered to permit any one of my subjects to come to me even at mid-night.

Q. 2.—Is it reasonable that the public should be punished very heavily?

A.—Formerly people took advantages of the prevailing bribe system and it is tried to abolish the bad practice and strict adherence of law is preserved.

Q. 3.—Why is there discountent among the public?

Ans:—Bain causes for the same are:

1. There are some old friends of the old staff who demand the same partility from their friends with which they are habituated: but now they find it very difficult to enjoy the same.

Some great bankers who have had their influence over the former staff want their disputes to be settled without regard for law.

I appealed to Takursahib to give effect to the following suggestions of mine for the benefit of his subjects and I thanked him for his kindly giving me his word to but all of them into action.

There should be some rooms set apart in the State hospital for the facility of indoor patients.

The school building should be soon completed and there should be made an immediate arrangement for higher education in vernacular and in English.

Some scholarships should be reserved to send some boys for training outside the State.

A. Panchayat or a council of eight members be appointed of such selected people of the public as may frankly put their views for public needs from time to time.

There should be started a ginning press or other substitute of the like nature which might enable the poor to find means of livelihood.

Co-operative Banks should also be started to help the Agricultrists giving them loans without interest or on nominal interest.

Preachers sould be appointed to do propaganda against early marriage and other evil social customs.

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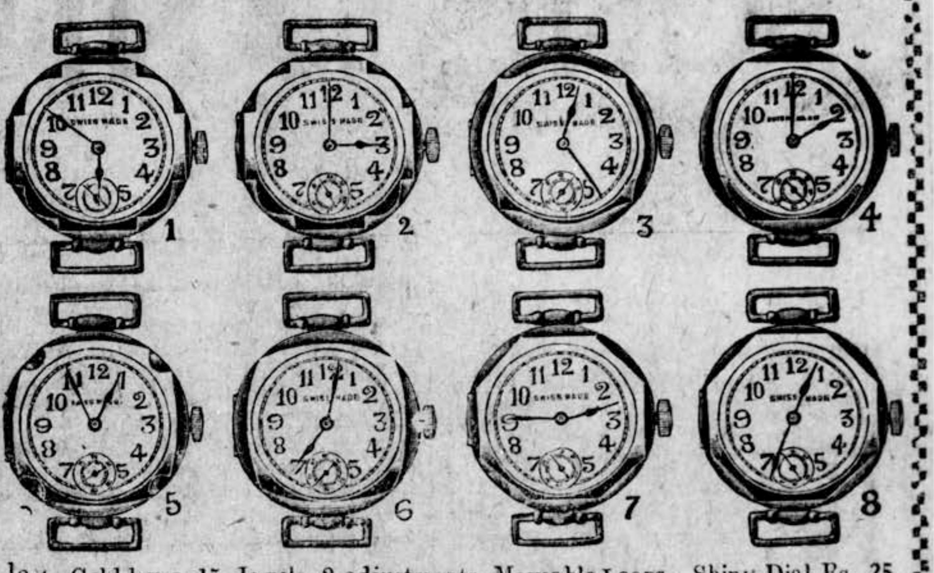

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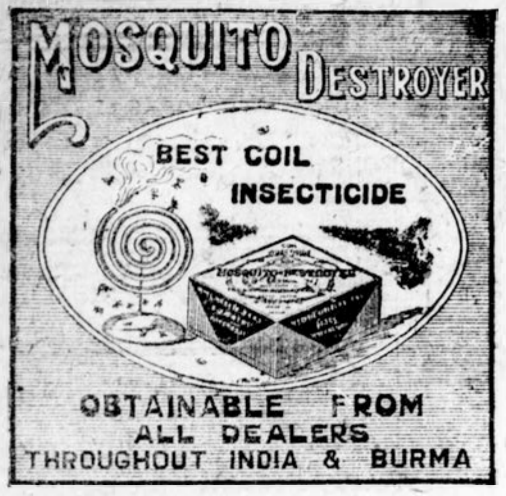

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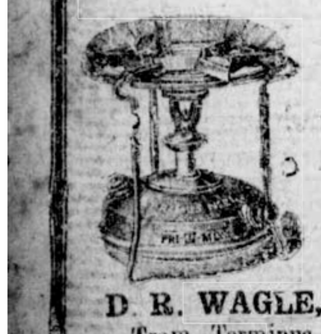

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Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company Limited, by SORAB PALLONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

OUR INDIAN STATES.

PROGRESS OF BARODA.

INCREASING NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND HOSPITALS,

The following are the extracts from the administration report of the Baroda State for the year 1925-26:—

The State of Baroda, comprising an area of 8,135.2 square miles, is situated in the province of Gujarat, in five district territorial blocks, cut off from each other by large tracts of British territory or of other Indian States. All the four large rivers of this province, viz. the Tapti, the Narmada, the Mahi and the Sabarmati, with their several tributories drain their waters through the territory. The Southern district of Naosari lies North and South of the river Tapti, and is interlaced with villages under the Surat. Collectorate, stretching itself in the east to the Khandesh Zilla. It has an area of 1,810·6 square miles, with a population of 3,40,372; and like the other districts is under the administrative control of a Suba whose head-quarters are at the town of Naosari, so well-known as the home of the intelligent and enterprising Parsi community.

The river Narmada with its picturesque coast forms the Soutern boundary of the Baroda District which contains the capital of the Raj, Baroda, a City of fine palaces and buildings, of roads well laid out, and parks, and recreation grounds, finely designed, with flourishing institutions of educative value. This district has an area of 1,922 square miles, and a population of 7,07,512.

Further up to the North of Ahmedabad lies the largest of the districts, Kadi, with its historical towns of Pattan and Sidhpur of the middle ages fame, and numerous archaeological remains of great value. It has an area of 3,050 square miles, and a population of 9,00,578.

Far to the West of Kathiawar lie tracts of land isolated from each other comprising the divisions of Amreli and Okhamanday with 1,077.4 square miles and 275.2 square miles of area and 1,52,585 and 25,475 souls as population respectively. Dwarka, the head-quarters of Okhamandal, is a place of pilgrimage of all India renown.

POPULATION.

Out of the total population of over two millions more than four-fifths or 17,42,160 were Hindus, while the Mahomedans numbered 1,62,320 or about 8 P.C. Tribes Animistic faiths numbered 1,63,077 according to the latest Census, while the numbers of the Jains, the Parsis and the Christians were returned as 43,223, 7,530 and 7,421 respectively.

The agricultural season throughout the State for the year was less favourable than usual. The rainfall in the Kadi District fell short of the average by almost one half and in Navsari and Amreli did not exceed two-thirds the usual amount. The problem of drinking water supply for the City of Baroda remaned acute, and the hours of supply had to be cut short.

SATISFACTORY FINANCES.

The financial condition of the State, however, remained quite satisfactory. The amount revenue collections from various sources exceeded Rs. 1,97,73,245 as against Rs. 1,94,31;175 of last year. The surplus balance or hand at the end of the year was Rs. 39,33,547 as against Rs. 50,00,000 last year. With the addition of this surplus the general financial condition of the State improved by about Rs. 39,00,000, the total net financial assets being Rs. 8,40,89,872.

The total revenues of the State in 1915-16 were Rs. 1,90,90,540 and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,48,01,426; this showing that while the income has increased during the past decenuium by 26 per cent, the expenditure has leapt up by 32 per cent.

Taking only a few of the nation-building activities of the administration we find that whereas in 1915-16 Education absorbed only Rs. 18,34,809 of the Budget, we spent Rs. 31,35,215 on Education in 1925-26. The number of Educational institutions and of the children taking advantage of educational facilities showing only slight variation, being 2,719 institutions in 1916 as compared to 2,976 last year, with 2,58,248 children in 1916 as against 2,13,639 now. There are now 24 High Schools teaching upto the School Leaving Examination Standard in the Raj.

The number of libraries which was 467 with 52 Reading Rooms in 1915-16 has now gone up to 645 libraries and 87 Reading Rooms.

The total number of Medical Institutions in 1915-16 was 59 and provided medical relief through one institution for 36,958 souls. The medical department spent Rs. 3,02,952 per year a decade ago. To-day there are 87 medical institutions, providing one centre of medical relief for 24,409 souls, and spend Rs. 6,86,730 per annum.

The number of Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills in 1915 was 4; to-day there are 12 mills working, two in liquidation and one did not materialise owing to trade depression.

The number of Co-operative Societies in 1916 was 336, with a total membership of 10,620; a working capital of Rs. 9,51,191 and a Reserve Fund of Rs. 98,591. To-day there are 731 Societies, with a membership of 24,808, a working capital of Rs. 37,97,609 and a Reserve Fund of Rs. 5,43,218. The amount of private deposits attracted by these Societies has risen from Rs. 3,19,375 to Rs. 20,85,689 during the last decade.

RAILWAYS.

The length of Railways constructed by the State was 486 miles in 1916 and the State derived a net revenue of Rs. 9,06,167 on the capital invested in railways which amounted to Rs. 2,40,00,000. The mileage of railways during the period under report rose to 670 with a net revenue of Rs. 14,11,090 on the total capital investment of Rs. 4,46,98,803 giving a return of about 3.15 per cent.

Port Okha has been recently opened by His Highness the Maharaja and gives a fair promise of being a remunerative work It cost about Rs. 23 lakhs in construction while the revenues anticipated in this very first year will, perhaps, not fall below Rs. 6 lakhs.

GOLDEN JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

One of the most important and memorable events during the year under report was the celebration of Golden Jubilee of His Highness' rule. On the 26th of May 1925, full two quarters of a century, elapsed since the accession of His Highness. At a public meeting held on Dec. 14th 1925 of subjects of the State and admirers of H. H. it was unanimously resolved to commemorate this event by celebrating on a large scale the Golden Jubilee of His Highness' benign rule. The celebrations commenced on Jan. 11th 1926 and lasted for 4 days, the first 3 days were observed as public holidays throughout the Raj. As this was a very unique event in the history of Baroda, it had drawn a number of visitors—Europeans and Indians—from all parts of India. Nine addresses in English, Marathi, Gujarati, Urdu and Persian, from various bodies and institutions were presented to His Highness referring to various beneficient activities for the promotion of the welfare and happiness of the subjects of His Highness and for making Primary Education Free and compulsory throughout the State. One of the most important concessions announced on this occasion was the remission of land revenue arrears to the extent of about 3 lakhs of rupees out of the total outstanding arrears of about 4 lakhs at the beginning of this year. Another concession was the declaration of the suspension of the cotton Excise Duty from 1st Dec. 1925.

LEGISLATION.

The power of making laws is one of the prerogatives of H. H. the Maharaja Saheb. The legislative council consists of 27 members, including the President, the Dewan. The members of the State of the Legislative Council. Besides these, Executive Council are ex-officio members of the legislative council. Besides, these, there are 7 nominated official members and 4 non-officials. The number of elected members is 10, who are elected which form by the Mahal Panchayats in the State, the constituencies. The proceedings of the Councils are governed by the Rules laid down for the purpose, its decisions being of the nature of recommendations to H. H.

THE ARMY.

During the recent War, the scheme of the Imperial Service Troops was weighed in the balance and was to some extent found wanting. A new policy has now been adopted which provides for the lending of British officers for training of State Troops or for appointment as military advisers; and for giving facilities for training of Indians State Officers in British Military Schools and Colleges. The Govt. of Baroda have accepted this scheme on certain conditions and are prepared to equip the army accordingly if the negotiations are satisfactorily settled. The cost of maintaining the regular Force during the year was Rs. 16,65,085 against Rs. 15,85,463 last year. The expenditure on account of the Irregular Forces comes to Rs. 3,38,015 as against Rs. 3,22,784 last year.

JUSTICE.

The total receipts of all Civil and Criminal Courts including stamps, wascourt fees, fines and other items Rs. 6,10,854 against Rs. 6,06,051 in the preceding year and the expenditure Rs. 5,96,090 and Rs. 5,96,800 respectively.

KALIPARAJ COMMITTEE.

The Report of the Kaliparaj Committee was submitted to H. H. the Maharaja who was pleased to pass orders on certain issues raised therein, as a result of which the Kaliparaj Land Tenure Act was repeated. The remaining points contained in the Report, have also now been disposed of.

The total expenditure during the year, excluding that of police guards for lock-ups, amounted to Rs. 1,97,842 as against Rs. 1,56,401 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 41,441 which is due to a large extent under the head of buildings and repairs. The total earnings of convict labour and other sources of income from the Central Jail amounted to Rs. 26,152-12-8, as against Rs. 33,483-6-7 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 7,330-8-11. The amount of gross income from the district jails was Rs. 2,008-15-11 against Rs. 2,215-5-2 in the previous year, bringing the total gross income during the year for all jails in the State to Rs. 28,161-13-7 as against Rs. 35,698-11-9 in the preceding year.

COURT OF WARDS.

The value of the properties managed amounted to Rs. 24,21,394-0-1 and their income to Rs. 2,05,442-3-1.

From April 1926, the Baroda City Block of liquor shops was given to Mr. Fanibanda for three years for Rs. 5,20,000 every year.

The actual consumption in the year was 14,372 lbs. against 14,509 of the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 137. The total excise revenue for the year was Rs. 35,98,221 against Rs. 35,35,959 for the previous year.

MUNICIPALITIES.

The number of Municipalities continued to be the same as in the preceding year, viz. 11. The gross income of all the musicipalities was Rs. 10,34,383 as against Rs. 10,88,453 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of Rs. 54,115. The total expenditure of all the municipalities together was Rs. 9,75,478 as against Rs. 9,39,096 in the preceding year.

Thirty-two societies were cancelled and 94 new co-operative societies were registered during the year, bringing the total number of societies to 731. Three of these institutions were Central Banks, two Banking Unions, 61 Agricultural credit, 47 Agricultural non-credit, 63 non-agricultural credit and 5 Non-agricultural non-credit societies. The total number of membership rose from 22,069 to 24,808 and the reserve and other similar funds from Rs. 4,75,849 to Rs. 3,43,218 and the working capital from Rs. 32,32,578 to Rs. 37,97,609 during the year under report. The net profits for the year were Rs. 96,400 against Rs. 88,259 in the preceding year.

The Department of Commerce and Industries has been concentrating its efforts throughout the year on the developmest of Port Okha. The Sayaji Pier that was under construction during the last three years was completed and formally opened to traffic by H. H. on 15th February 1926. A great amount of spade-work had to be done to attract traffic to the Port and it was rendered all the greater because of very acute competition from other ports. The progress achieved has been remarkable and the efforts of the Department in this direction form a bright feature in the history of the development of Commerce and Industry in the State.

TREE PLANTING IN NAWANAGAR

PRIZES FOR CATTLE AND SEEDS

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAWANAGAR, June 21.

The "State Gazette" of the Nawanagar State states that H. H. the Jamsaheb will distribute prizes of substantial amounts to the owners of bullocks, cows, horses, sheep, buffaloes on the occasion of the holding of agricultural shows which will be a regular feature of the Agricultural Department of the State. The "Gazette" stresses the need of encouraging the breed of cattle in the State. Prizes will also be awarded for seeds of superior quality. A substantial amount has been set apart to be utilised for giving prizes to those farmers who show agricultural implements of a high order.

EXPORT OF WOOL.

An Act has been promulgated to regularise the produce and manufacture as well as baling and export of wool. It provides for the maintenance of purity and high quality of wool, the pressing of the same in State presses and export from the State's ports. Special provisions are made to insure that the interests of these dealing in wool in the State are promoted.

TREES AND RAINFALL.

The Revenue Secretary of the Nawanagar State explains at length the effect of trees on the rainfall and exhorts everyone to do his or her bit in the direction of planting of trees. He also reminds the people that much religious merit attaches to the growing of trees. He states that fruit trees are permanently exempted from Dasturi, a concession which should go a great way towards inducing the people to grow trees.

THE INDORE STATE

PROMINENT FEATURES OF ADMINISTRATION.

The following are extracts from the administration report of the Indore State for the year 1926:

The total area of the Holkar State is 9,519 square miles with a population, according to the census of 1921, 1,151,578.

LAND REVENUE.

The annual demand, on account of the fixed and fluctuating Land Revenue for the year under report, was Rs. 5,310,,663|3|9 against Rs. 5,325,842|9|11 for the preceding year. The actual collections amounted to Rs. 4,806,857|1|8 giving a percentage of 90.51 against 91.51 of the preceding year. The general condition of the agriculturists was not satisfactory during the year. There was no disease of an epidemic character either among men or cattle, but the scanty rainfall of 1925 followed by late, excessive and continuous rainfall of this year, badly affected the condition of crops. The Government, therefore, issued confidential instructions to the mahal officers not to resort to stringent measures in the recovery of Tarzi, and it also directed that the decrees of Civil Courts against cultivators should not be executed until further orders.

COURT OF WARDS.

The year commenced with 22 estates and ended with 18, realising an income of Rs. 1,22,814 while the expenditure on their account was Rs. 1,01,208. The Government is considering how best to invest the surplus.

VILLAGE PANCHAYATS.

The numbers of Panchayats increased during the year under report from 31 to 34. The total number of Panchas in the 34 Panchayats is 330, of whom 256 are literate. During the year under report 14 Panchas were incapacitated. The working Panchayats held 477 sittings. The total number of civil suits instituted during the year was 660 as compared with 651 of the previous year. The average per Panchayat came to 19.4 as against 21 of the previous year. There were 86 criminal cases, including 13 cases of the previous year, for disposal. The average disposal per Panchayat in the year came to 2.02 as against 2.06 of the previous year.

There are 22 municipalities in the districts and their work is regulated under Act III of 1914. The members of these Municipalities are nominated from amongst officials, and from the residents of the respective towns, on the recommendation of the Subhas. The Indore City Municipality consists of 30 members, 15 elected and 15 nominated. The total receipts of this Municipality came to Rs. 1,79,277 as against Rs. 1,61,907 of the previous year.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

The cotton mill industry of undoubted importance has, for a few years past, been passing through times of stress and strain. The State abolished the Excise Duty which reulted in a heavy loss to the State revenue; but it was partly made up by the industrial tax framed on the lines on the income tax of British India. A union of mill-workers has, to some extent, been organised lately.

The number of co-operative societies during the year was 291 as compared with 269 of the preceding year with a total membership of 8,200 as against 7,521. During the period under report, five co-operative Central Banks were opened.

As the incidence of consumption, which came to some twenty-five drams L.P. per head, was high and as the incidence of revenue, which came to Re. 1|14 per proof gallon, was not excessive the duty rate was put up by about Re. 1 per proof gallon, The consumption of country spirit fell by about 23 per cent. compared with the previous year. 128 mos. 10 srs. 8 chs. of ganja were locally consumed against 134 mos. 28 srs. 8 chs. of the previous year. 791 mos. 38 srs. 8 chs. of ganja were exported to foreign State as against 686 mos. 11 srs. of the previou year. The duty on both local and foreign consumption amounted to Rs. 48,444|7 against Rs. 49,488 of the previous year. The Export Duty on ganja was reduced from Rs. 25 to Rs. 20 per maund from the 1st of April, 1926. 161 mos. 7 srs. and 12 chs. of bhang were locally consumed against 155 mos. 33 srs. 8 chs. of the previous year. About 220 mds. of opium were issued to the retail vendors of the drug in the State against 215 mds. of the previous year.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

The total revenue, recurring and special in 1925-26 was estimated at Rs. 1,43,89,700 and the total expenditure, recurring and special, sanctioned against it was Rs. 1,40,08,100, leaving a surplus of Rs. 3,81,600. In the actuals of receipts, however, the realisations fell short of the estimates by Rs. 13,39,082, while there was a saving of Rs. 19,57,064 from the estimated expenditure, according to the accounts already received, leaving a further surplus of Rs. 6,17,982. The net surplus thus came to Rs. 9,99,8582.

Important Events:—(1) Affiliation of the Holkar College upto the M.A. Standard in English Literature and Economics.

(2) Provision at the Holkar College for the higher study of Hindi and Marathi.

(3) Inauguration of a scheme of examination of Pandits who come from all parts of India for Dakshina on the Dusserah festival. There was a rise in the total number of students, in the Holkar College, which was 271 this year against 256 of the previous year. The number of students in the Boys' schools on the roll was 1,488 on 31st December against 1435 of the preceding year. The number of A. V. schools was 66 as before. The number on roll at these schools was 2,064 (including 3 girls) on 31st December against 1,942 of the year previous.

Girls' Schools:—The number of vernacular middle schools was 3 as last year. Two of these were Marathi and one Hindi. The number of scholars in these schools was 516 during the year against 548 in the preceding year. The average number on roll and average daily attendance were 463 and 382 respectively, against 582 and 417 of the preceding year. In addition to the girls reading in the girls' schools, there were also 308 girls reading in the boys' schools at places where girls' schools did not exist.

There were in all 281 educational institutions in the State with 24,080 scholars in them, against 297 institutions and 24,631 scholars reported in the preceding year. Of the scholars 20,242 were boys and 3,838 were girls, which give a percentage of 23.5 for boys at school to the total number of boys of schoolgoing age, and of 5.9 for girls at school to the total number of girls of schoolgonig age. During the year 1926-27 the budget of expenditure under the head education is Rs. 7,68,200 involving an increase of Rs. 1,02,700 over that of the past year. There is, besides, a provision of Rs. 75,000 for the construction of new buildings.

The number of boy scouts was about 300 and of girl guides 25.

The annual grants of Rs. 2,500 were paid, as every year, to each of the two committees for the encouragement of Hindi and Marathi literature. The Hindi Books Committee received 30 books for consideration, all of which were disposed of. Rewards amounting to Rs. 910 were given to 18 of them and 25 copies of each were purchased and distributed among libraries. The Marathi Books Committee received 125 booksk for consideration, of which 112 were disposed of, rewards amounting to Rs. 2,330 being given to 70 of these books.

OUR SIMLA LETTER.

ASSEMBLY LEADERSHIP

SIR BASIL'S CHANCE

COASTAL TRAFFIC BILL.

(From our Special Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 17.

Simla was so much prepared for the appointment of Mr. Crerar as the Home Member of the Government of India that the official announcement did not in the least cause surprise in any quarter. But with this appointment, an interesting situation has arisen. None can say who will be chosen as the Leader of the House in the Legislative Assembly. The practice has been to select the Home Member who has also been the senior-most official; but Mr. Crerar is now the junior-most. Sir Basil Blackett should in the ordinary course become the leader, but for some reason or other, a decision has been postponed. The choice, however, has to be made shortly, as the autumn session of the Central Legislative is fast approaching. Much, perhaps, will depend on the skill with which Sir Basil can manage the Select Committee on the Gold Standard and Reserve Bank Bill. His experience in Bombay has not, however, been pleasant. Now, he is apparently in a chastened mood and may so adjust himself to the forthcoming discussions in Calcutta that better luck perhaps awaits him there. In that case, his chances of being the Leader of the House will considerably improve. But Sir Basil's term of office will expire in the coming winter, and so the leadership may have to change hands again. The Reserve Bank Bill is the last of the important measures which Sir Basil will pilot through the Central Legislature. It is difficult to state with any degree of accuracy what Sir Basil will be after his retirement from the Cabinet. But all indications seem to show that he will not remain in India. His successor who probably will not be unknown to India or her currency and exchange will enter on his task in a more favourable atmosphere than was the lot of Sir Basil less than five years ago, but at the same time he may have to set right in several respects the Hilton-Young Scheme of exchange and currency.

SIR A. MUDDIMAN'S INFLUENCE.

Mr. Crerar who is at present engaged in preparing a case for the Statutory Commission, will assume charge as Home Member on the 16th July when Sir Alexander proceeds on leave prior to his ascending the 'gadi' of the U.P. Mr. Dunnett who has been plying his hand in the spade work will takeaver from Mr. Crerar. It is not definitely known who will succeed Mr. Dunnett as the Joint Secretary. Perhaps, here again, it may be the turn of a Bombay official, Sir Alexander Muddiman has been a very popular figure in Simla; he is, therefore, being feted on all sides prior to his departure. The Chelsmford Club, of which he has been a prominet member, is arranging a dinner in his honour for the 9th July, while there will be a State Dinner in the last week of this month at Viceregal Lodge. The very fact that Mr. Crerar has been appointed as the Home Member in preference to Sir Denys Bray shows the influence that Sir Alexander Muddiman has been wielding over Lord Irwin. But Mr. Crerar is not likely to cut much ice in the Assembly, whatever are his qualifications for the Home Membership. He is not acquainted with the atmosphere of the lower chamber, nor has he so far shown much disposition to suit himself to new and varying conditions of Indian politics. The tepid atmosphere of the Council of Elders has so much spoiled Mr. Crerar that it will take long before he can feel the ground in the popular chamber.

OPPOSITION TO COASTAL BILL.

I understand that the autumn session of the Central Legislature will commence on the 18th of August instead of on the 22nd as proposed. The object apparently is to accommodate as much of the official business and carry it through before the 20th of September. Every endeavour is being made to draft the Tariff Bill and get it introduced at the first day's sitting of the Legislative Assembly, so that discussions on this as well as on the still more controversial measure, the Gold Standard and Reserve Bank Bill, might be given the necessary time. Non-official business stands very little chance of consideration, although it has been announced that there are nearly eighty resolutions, and a large number of bills already pending. Among the bills, the one which will provoke the greatest controversy is the one to reserve the coastal traffic of India to Indian vessels. We all know the die-hard views of Sir Charles Innes on this Bill at the first reading. Since then, both the Government of India and the Associated Chambers of Commerce have been busy collecting opinions in order evidently to scotch this measure. I hear that almost all the European Chambers of Commerce have given opinions in unequivocal opposition to the Bill, and that several Indian Chambers of Commerce also have been manoeuvred to express themselves in a manner which would help the European capitalists in their game. Sir George Rainey, the new Commerce Member, may not be such a down-right critic of the measure as his predecessor was, but he is only a limb of the administration and as such might be asked to oppose it tooth and nail in all its further stages. Fortunately, Mr. S. N. Haji who is an authority on this question, is a member of the Assembly and may be expected to meet the growing opposition in a manner that would ensure success for the proposal. Sir Walter Wilston, the representative of the Associated Chambers of Commerce in the Assembly, will lead the opposition from the European group. The Indian elected members of the Assembly have the views of the Mercantile Marine Committee in favour of the Bill. On the three Indian members of the Viceroy's Cabinet also lies a great responsibility in influencing the decision of the Government. In this connection, it will be pertinent to quote some relevant extracts from the views of a European member of a Chamber of Commerce which may be said to reflect the general European capitalist opinion. He says. "It was British capital which brought the coasting vessels to the present state of efficiency. Capital has been risked and at times lost in such ventures and now when success is assured, the Indian who has risked nothing wishes to take over the coasting lines. The Indian has had no experience in running such traffic and it would not be in the best interests of India to risk efficiency." If the Assembly members are furnished the opinions of European capitalists and if they come to know the manner in which views are obtained on this question, they will not hesitate to meet the Opposition and carry the Bill as it deserves to be carried.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF SCIENTIFIC MANAGEMENT

ASSEMBLAGE OF WORLD'S PROMINENT ENGINEERS IN ROME

The III International Congress of the scientific management will be held in Rome, September 5-10, and followed by a visit to the most important industrial towns of Italy.

H. E. the Prime Minister Mussolini has been pleased to accept the Presidency of the Honorary Committee. The President of the Congress is Senator Luigi Luiggi. The Congress is organised by the Special Department for the scientific management enacted by the General Federation of the Italian industry and by other Associations.

The Congress will be devoted to the discussion of many important problems concerning the efficiency of the industry, of the agriculture and of the public services. Among these are included the standardisation of the several types of wares and industrial products, the concentration of the industry into great concerns, the strict distribution of the space and of the time in the industrial and in the agricultural routine, the scientifical investigation of the skill of the workers and of their best employment, etc.

Many prominent engineers from various parts of the world have already expressed their intention of attending the Congress.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

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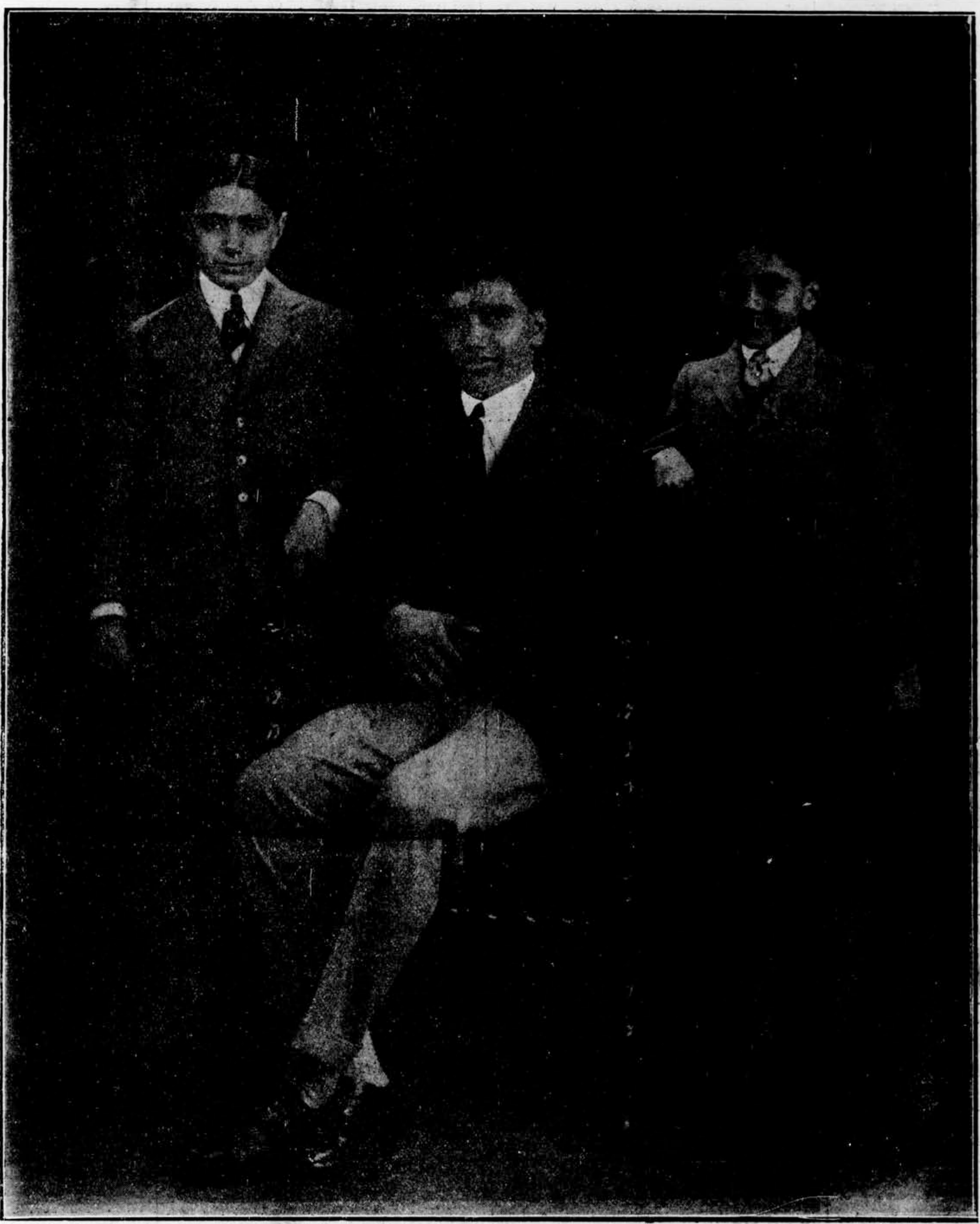
THE MINOR MAHARAJA OF BHAVNAGAR AND KUMARS.

H. H. MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

H. H. Shri Krishnaraj Wadiyar Bahadur, the Maharaja. of Mysore, whose birthday was celebrated last week.

Kumar Shree Madhavsinhji of Navanagar who recently returned from America after finishing his studies in Agriculture. An interview with the Prince appears elsewhere.



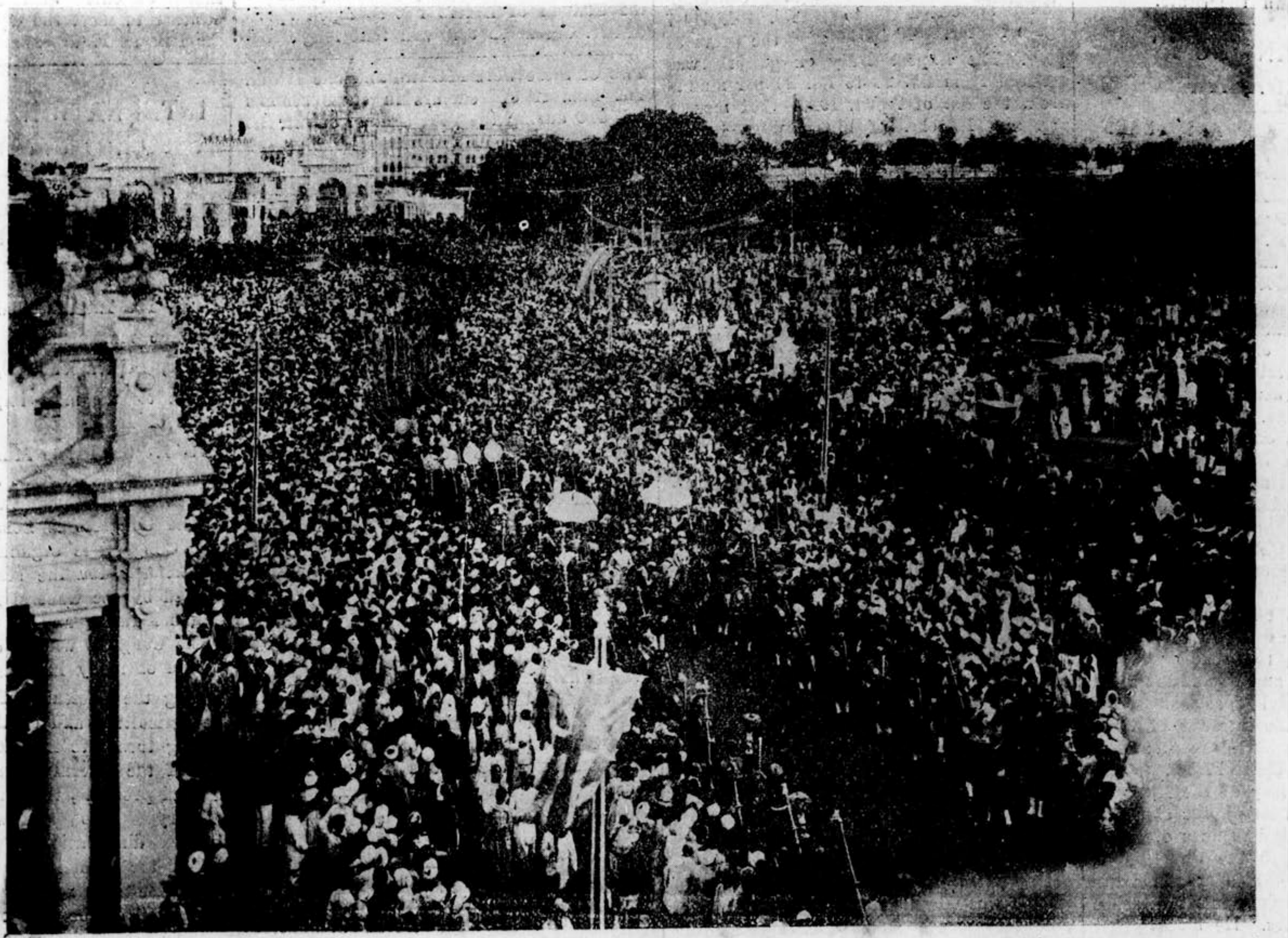
His Highness the minor Maharaja Saheb of Bhavnagar (in the centre) and his brothers who are studying in England are progressing satisfactorily. His Highness has now joined Harrow, his brothers are at Stanmore.

LADY BARRISTER FOR BOMBAY

Dr. Seetabai N. Ajgaukar who arrives on Monday in Bombay by S. S. Asia is a Bachelor of Literature and Doctor of Philosophy and has been also called to the Bar.

R. V.

Dr. Ganganath Jha, Vice-Chancellor of the Allahabad University who has been selected to deliver the Kamala lectures at the Calcutta University.



A.

Birthday celebrations in Mysore. The picture gives an idea of the huge concourse of people who gathered to witness the procession organised in honour of the Birthday of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

H. H. Shree Bhagvatisinhji, Maharaja Thakore Saheb of Gondal.